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The Life and Family of Lt. Gov. John Caldwell

Private James A. Johnson's Civil War Letters

"Doomed to Their Fate": Kentuckians at Dudley's Defeat, 5 May 1813

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By John M. Trowbridge

Trowbridge is manager of the Society's Kentucky Military History Museum in Frankfort. He is a retired sergeant first class in the U.S. Army. As a military historian, Trowbridge has chronicled the service of numerous important Kentuckians, from medal of honor winners to civil rights activists. His work has been honored by the U.S. Department of Defense, the American Association for State and Local History, and the Historical Confederation of Kentucky. He is the author of Heroes Unsung: Kentucky's Confederate Medal of Honor and Roll of Honor Recipients *and his work has appeared in* The Encyclopedia of Kentucky, Kentucky Women, The Military History of the Bluegrass *and in various Kentucky newspapers. Trowbridge is a g-g-g-g-grandson of Linsfield Bicknell, a private in Capt. Leslie Combs' Company, Detachment of Spies, Kentucky Militia, who was wounded and captured on 5 May 1813 and subsequently died in British captivity.*

During the War of 1812 (1812-1815) more than 25,000 Kentuckians volunteered for service, totaling 40 regiments of volunteer militia, as well as a number of battalions and separate companies. Americans killed in action during the war totaled 1,876. Of this amount, approximately 1,200, about 64 percent, were from Kentucky.

The Commonwealth's military service records for the War of 1812 are woefully incomplete and scattered, making it extremely difficult to get a true and accurate accounting of Kentucky soldiers and the sacrifice made by these men.

Kentucky units played key roles in two battles in the northwestern theater of the war: at River Raisin (Frenchtown, present-day Monroe, Mich.) on 18 and 22-23 January 1813, and Fort Meigs, "Dudley's Defeat," 28 April-9 May 1813. Both of these battles resulted in the massacre of Kentucky prisoners of war at the hands of their Indian captors.

When news of the massacres reached Kentucky, the legislature authorized Gov. Isaac Shelby to take command of militia reinforcements. Four regiments, under lieutenant colonels William E. Boswell, Samuel Caldwell, ____ Cox, and William Dudley, immediately tendered their services.[1] These four units comprised the brigade commanded by Brig. Gen. Green Clay. The regiments commanded by Caldwell and Cox were soon dispatched to reinforce Maj. Gen. William Henry Harrison at Fort Meigs, a post Harrison had established below the rapids of the Maumee River (present day Maumee, Ohio). The units reached Fort Meigs on 12 April. The British, under Maj. Gen. Henry Proctor, and their Indian allies, under Tecumseh, moved against the fort in the later part of April and began what has become

Brig. Gen. Green Clay of Madison County—"one of the richest most powerful men in the state"—was Lt. Col. William Dudley's commander. Cut off from Dudley when his boat drifted to the opposite bank of the Maumee River, Clay was unaware of the capture and massacre of Dudley's men.

known as the first siege of the fort on 28 April.

On 4 May, Clay and the two remaining regiments of his brigade reached Fort Defiance. From here Capt. Leslie Combs with five men made a failed attempt to descend the Maumee River to announce the approach of Clay's command to the garrison at Fort Meigs.

The following is the official report submitted by Clay to Harrison following operations of the 5 May 1813:

Camp at Fort Meigs,
May 9, 1813.

SIR – On the 5th inst. about 8 o'clock A. M. descending the Miami of the Lake, about midway the Rapids, with 1200 of the Kentucky troops in eighteen flat bottomed boats, I was met by capt. Hamilton and a subaltern, who delivered me, as he said, the orders of Major General Harrison, to the following effect.

"You must detach about 800 men from your brigade who will land at a point I will show, about one or one and a half miles above the fort, and I will conduct them to the British batteries on the left bank of the river. They must take possession of the enemy's cannon, spike them, cut down the carriages, and return in their boats."

Observing that the British force at their large batteries was inconsiderable, but their main force was at the old garrison, about one and one half miles below, on the same side of the river. That the Indian forces were chiefly on the right bank of the river around Fort Meigs.

"The balance of the men under your command must land on the right bank opposite the first landing and will fight their way through the Indians to the Fort." Observing that the route was thus to be taken would be shown by a subaltern officer then in company with capt. Hamilton who would land his pirogue at the point, on the right bank at which the boats could land.

The order of descending the river in boats was the same as the order of march on line of battle in solid columns; each officer taking position according to his rank. Col. Dudley the oldest colonel led the van, and in this order the river had been descended.

As soon as capt. Hamilton had delivered these orders, being in the 13th boat from the front, I directed him to proceed immediately to col. Dudley & ordered him to take the men in the 12 front boats, & execute gen. Harrison's orders on the left bank of the river, & post his [capt. Hamilton's] subaltern on the right bank, to conduct myself with the men in the six rear boats to the fort. I ordered the five boats in the rear of me to fall in a line and follow me.

High wind and the rapidity of the current drove four of the rear boats ashore in the attempt to follow on, according to order, where they remained a short time, sufficient how ever to detain them half or three quarters of a mile in the rear.

To land according to order, I kept close along the right bank until opposite to col. Dudley's landing. There I found no guide left to conduct me to the fort, as captain Hamilton had promised. I then made an attempt to cross the river and join col. Dudley but from the rapid current in the falls. I was unable to land on the point with him.

Being nearly half way across the river, and the waves running too high to risk the boats, then driving down the current sideways, veered about and rowed the best way we could to save our boat. My attempt to cross the river to col. Dudley occasioned, I presume, all the boats in the rear of

Commanding a detachment under Dudley, 19-year-old captain Leslie Combs was wounded and captured during the fighting. Later paroled, Combs returned to Kentucky and became a prominent attorney in Lexington and a longtime state legislator.

me and which were then out of hailing distance to cross over and land with colonel Dudley.

Having been defeated in a landing on the left, we then endeavored to effect it on the right even without a guide. But before a landing could be effected we received a brisk fire from the enemy on the shore, which was returned and kept up on both sides, and I was in this unavoidable situation compelled to make to fort Meigs with no other force than about fifty men on board (the other boats being still in the rear) and to receive the enemy's fire until we arrived under protection of the fort.

Colonel Boswell's command (except the men in my boat) having landed to join col. Dudley was (as I have been informed) ordered by capt. Hamilton immediately to re-embark & land on the right hand shore about a mile above the fort and prepare to fight his way into the garrison. The colonel embarked and landed as he conceived at the proper point pursuant to capt. Hamilton's order, and was forming his men in order of battle, when he was met by capt. Shaw & ordered to march into the garrison in open order the safest route.

When my own boat landed we were met by two men, who took charge of the boat as we understood to bring her under the protection of the fort batteries.

Believing our baggage to be thus made safe, we forbid our servants to carry any portion of it, but loaded them with cannon ball, which they bore to the fort. Our baggage was, however taken by the Indians in a very short time after we left the boat.

Upon receiving the orders of capt. Hamilton, I asked if he had brought spikes to spike the enemy's cannon, to which he replied he had plenty.

I am, Sir, respectfully
Your most obedient servant,
GREEN CLAY, Brig. Gen.

His Excellency, Major General
Wm. H. HARRISON.

P. S. Captain Hamilton is delivering the orders of Gen. Harrison observed, that the object of landing and marching a portion of the troops on the right bank was to draw the attention of the Indians, and by thus engaging them, afford an opportunity to the garrison to make a sally and by a circuitous rout, surprise and carry the batteries and cannon of the enemy below the fort on the right bank.

G. CLAY, Brig. Gen. [2]

Maj. Gen. William Henry Harrison watched as Lt. Col. William Dudley captured and spiked the British cannon aimed at Fort Meigs, then—contrary to orders—led his men into an Indian ambush. The future president respected the Kentuckians' "ardor" but not their foolhardiness.

In his report to Harrison, Clay failed to make any mention of the defeat of Dudley's command. It can only be assumed that his failure was due to the fact that he was not present at the battle and the massacre which followed and did not have first hand knowledge as to what had happened. The following is the narrative by Lt. Joseph R. Underwood, of Capt. John C. Morrison's Company, of what occurred with Dudley's command:

The whole number of troops that landed amounted probably to 700 men. We were formed on the shore in three parallel lines, and ordered to march for the battery at right angles with the river.

So far as I understand the plan of attack, one line was to form the line of battle in the rear of the battery parallel with the river; the other two lines to form one above and one below the battery, at right angles to the river. The lines thus formed advanced as silently as possible, the object being to surprise the enemy. Before we reached the battery, however, we were discovered by some straggling Indians, who fired upon us and then retreated. Our men, pleased at seeing them run, and perceiving that we were discovered, no longer deemed silence necessary, and raised a tremendous shout. This was the first intimation that the enemy received of our approach, and it so alarmed them that they abandoned the battery without any resistance, and the guns were successfully spiked. Capt. Morrison's company was formed on the river's bank above the battery. While passing through a hazel thicket toward the river, I saw Col. Dudley for the last time; he railed at me for not keeping my men in better line; I replied that it was impossible, owing to the condition of the ground and the obstacles in the way. We halted near the river bank; some of the enemy had got into our rear and were firing into us, and our company hastened to join the combatants at our front; falling in at the left of the regiment, we were soon in the conflict. The Indians attempted to flank us, and we drove them over a mile back from the river; from behind trees and logs, they poured a most destructive fire into us, and we charged upon them from time to time. Capt. Morrison fell, shot through the temples, the ball cutting the optic nerve and depriving him of sight. After caring for him as well as circumstances would allow, I assumed command of the company.

At length we were ordered to fall back, keeping up a retreating fire, and as soon as this was done, the Indians advanced with savage yells. A temporary halt was twice made, but our ranks were soon in confusion, and a general rout occurred; the retreating army gathered about the battery and attempted to repel the onslaught. About this time, I received a ball in my back and was made a prisoner, and informed that the whole army had surrendered.

On our way to the garrison, we were stripped of the principal part of our clothing and valuables. As we neared the garrison at Ft. Miami, the Indians formed a line to the left of the road, there being a perpendicular bank on the right, near where the road passed. Here we were obliged to run the gauntlet into the fort, the Indians whipping, shooting and tomahawking their prisoners as they passed. By running as closely as possible to the muzzles of their guns, I escaped with the exception of some severe strokes over the back with their ramrods. Nearly forty Americans were killed in passing the line of savages. As I entered the

The Indian leader Tecumseh rode to the rescue of Dudley's Kentuckians as they were being massacred at what came to be known as the "Slaughter Pens." When British Maj. Gen. Henry Proctor, who had witnessed the murder of the unarmed prisoners, told Tecumseh he couldn't control the situation, the enraged Indian leader screamed "You are unfit to command; go and put on petticoats."

ditch surrounding the garrison, the man in front of me was shot and I fell over his dead body; those following stumbled over us, and the passageway was thus blocked for a few moments. After entering the fort, the horrible tragedy was continued. A painted Indian mounted the dilapidated wall and shot one of the prisoners nearest him, and deliberately loading, shot again, the second ball giving two men a death wound; he then laid down his gun, and drawing his tomahawk, leaped among the defenseless prisoners and killed two others. The horror of the moment is indescribable; the excitement among the Indians was increasing, and a wholesale massacre seemed inevitable, as the weak protest of the British officers who were present, was entirely unavailing.[3]

The total number of Kentucky troops massacred at Dudley's Defeat and in what the Kentucky troops gave the appellation of "slaughter pen," might have been far more devastating had it not been for the intervention of the great Indian leader, Tecumseh.

While this bloodthirsty carnage was raging, a thundering voice was heard in the rear, in the Indian tongue, and Tecumseh was seen coming with all the rapidity his horse could carry him. Drawing near to where two Indians were in the act of killing one of the prisoners, he sprang from his horse, caught one by the throat and the other by the breast and threw them to the ground; drawing his tomahawk and scalping knife, he ran in between the Americans and Indians, brandishing them with the fury of a madman, and daring any of the hundreds who surrounded him to attempt to murder another prisoner. They all appeared confused and immediately desisted. His mind appeared rent with passion, and he exclaimed almost with tears in his eyes, "Oh, what will become of my Indians!" He then demanded, in an authoritative tone, where Proctor was, and nervously casting his eyes about and seeing that officer at a short distance, he sternly inquired why he had not put a stop to the inhuman massacre. "Sir," said Proctor, "your Indians cannot be commanded." "Begone!" retorted Tecumseh, in the greatest disdain; "you are unfit to command; go and put on petticoats."[4]

In referring to Dudley's command in his official report on the first siege of Fort Meigs, Gen. Harrison made the following comment:

It rarely occurs that a general has to complain of the excessive ardor of his men, yet such appears always to be the case whenever the Kentucky militia are engaged; it is, indeed, the source of all their misfortunes; Dudley unsuccessfully attempted to restrain their rash ardor; such temerity is scarcely less fatal, although not so disgraceful, as cowardice.[5]

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Maj. Gen. William Henry Harrison

The first siege of Fort Meigs was lifted on 9 May 1813, with the retreat of British-Indian forces, leaving Harrison and the American Army still in possession of the fort. On 11 May a detachment of men were sent across the river from Fort Meigs in search of the bodies of the men killed in the battle of the 5th. They returned with 45 bodies that were laid out before the one of the fort's gates. One of the members of the detachment sent to recover bodies of the men massacred in Fort Miami wrote the following:

My face turned white as snow when I looked down over the fort and saw more than a hundred of my fellow comrades all lying in one mass of blood, so that it was impossible to recognize my most intimate companion.[6]

The next day they were buried with military honors.

All the cannon were fired in slow succession, and their deep reveberations [sic] *rolled echoing in solemn cadence along the valley. The bodies of about forty-five heroes of Dudley's command were recovered and buried on the brow of the hill about fifty yards northeast of the east angle of the fort. Their graves still remain undisturbed, covered with green sod, and a dead walnut tree is the only monument which marks the sacred spot.*[7]

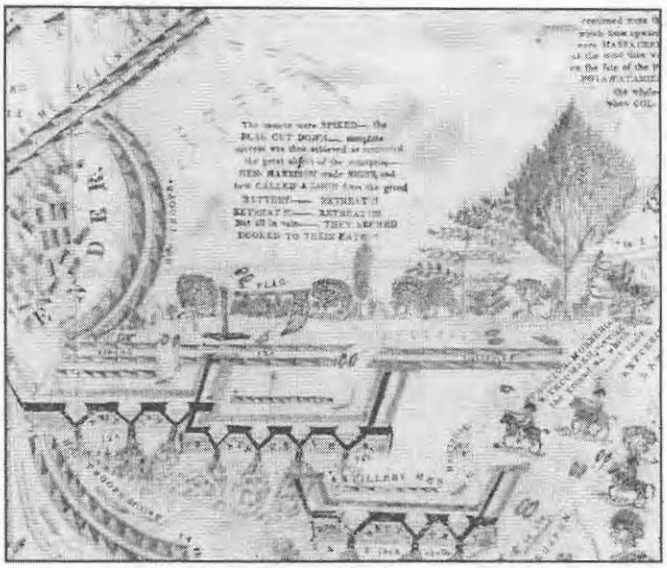
Of the 846 men in Dudley's command, approximately 170 escaped death or capture crossing the Maumee River to the safety of Fort Meigs, the remainder being killed or taken prisoner. Over the next few days prisoners were exchanged or released into the wilderness to make their way back to civilization. The below lists of Kentucky's casualties and prisoners of war for the battles of 5 May 1813, though far from complete and accurate, are derived from available sources. We may never have an accurate listing.

Today the site of "Dudley's Defeat" is home to the Maumee branch of the Toledo-Lucas County Public Library. A historical marker in front of library tells the story of the massacre that occurred there nearly 200 years ago.[8]

DUDLEY'S MASSACRE
Here on May 5, 1813
Colonel Dudley's troops spiked the
British artillery besieging
Fort Meigs; but in the exhilaration of
Victory they were led into ambush
Where over 600 was lost.

The bittersweet victory of the first siege of Fort Meigs and "Dudley's Defeat" are best summed up in the words of Capt. William Sebree of Colonel Boswell's Regiment:

The cannon were SPIKED— the FLAG CUT DOWN— complete success was thus achieved as respected the great object of the enterprise— GEN. HARRISON made SIGNS, and now CALLED A LOUD from the grand BATTERY— RETREAT!!! RETREAT!!!! RETREAT!!!!! But all in vain— THEY SEEMED DOOMED TO THEIR FATE!!!!![9]



After achieving their objective to capture and spike the British guns, Dudley and his men could not be induced to move toward the protection of Fort Meigs. "They seemed," said Capt. William Sebree, "Doomed to their fate."

In trying to understand what occurred at Dudley's Defeat, historian L.F. Johnson said:

The characteristics of the Kentucky soldier were such that he was never amenable to discipline, as were men of less information. As a rule, the Kentucky private soldier was ranked as high in the social scale at home as the men whom he chose to command him in the field. From a social and intellectual standpoint they were equals at home—sometimes the private soldier may have held a higher rank—and it was difficult for the private to realize that it was the duty of his officers to do most of his thinking for him. Then, too, the private reasoned that he had entered the service to fight the enemy, and when an opportunity presented to do so, he did not understand why he should not make the most of it. ...

Dudley's Regiment, Kentucky Volunteer Militia. The regiment was organized and mustered March 29, 1813.

Field and Staff: Lieutenant-Colonel William Dudley; Majors, James Shelby, James Dejarnatt; Ad-

jutant, Paul Allen Prewitt; Quartermaster, William Ellis; Paymaster, Charles Carr; Surgeons, Samuel C. Cloud, William Letcher; Sergeant Major, James Cartwright; Quartermaster Sergeant, William Sampson. 2 men.

1st Company: Captain John D. Thomas, Lieutenant George Pickett, Ensign Matthew Wood. 63 men.

2nd Company: Captain Armstrong Kier, Lieutenant Benjamin Bethurum, Ensign Stephen Brown. 111 men.

3rd Company: Captain James Dyametto, Lieutenant Christopher Irvine, Ensign Joel Ham. 135 men.

4th Company: Captain John Yantis, Lieutenant William Anderson, Ensign James Henderson. 123 men.

5th Company: Captain Archibald Morrison, Lieutenant Micajah McClenny, Ensign John Smith. 181 men.

6th Company: Captain Joseph Clark, Lieutenant Ephraim Dooley, Ensign Nathan Dooley. 125 men.

7th Company: Captain Dudley Farris, Lieutenant John Evans, Ensign Alexander Barnett. 130 men.

8th Company: Captain Ambrose Arthur, Lieutenant Joseph Parsons, Ensign James Ballinger. 116 men.

9th Company: Captain Joel Henry, Lieutenant Isaac Howard, Ensign Benjamin Howard. 77 men.

10th Company: Captain Thomas Lewis, Lieutenant George S. Herndon, Ensign William Sallee. 131 men.

11th Company: Captain John C. Morrison, Lieutenant Jospeh R. Underwood, Ensign Hubbard B. Smith. 93 men.

Total strength of the regiment, 1,297 officers and men.

Additionally, Captain Leslie Comb's Company of "Green Clay's" Spies; organized April 17,1813, consisting of 13 men took part in "Dudley's Defeat."

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Endnotes

[1] Caldwell's First Regiment, Kentucky Mounted Militia, was organized on 18 September 1812. Boswell's Regiment, Kentucky Detached Militia, was organized on 6 March 1813. Dudley's Regiment, Kentucky Volunteer Militia, was organized on 29 March 1813.

[2] *The Kentucky Gazette*, Frankfort, Ky. May 25, 1813, p. 3 col. 6.

[3] Oblinger, *Fort Meigs Monument*, pp. 25-26. This account by Underwood matches Capt. Combs official report to Gen. Green Clay, *Col. Wm. Dudley's Defeat Opposite Fort Meigs, May 5th 1813: Official Report from Captain Leslie Combs to General Green Clay.*

[4] Oblinger, *Fort Meigs Monument*, p. 27. Letter from William G. Ewing to John H. James, Esq., of Urbana, OH.

[5] Also appears in General Orders, Headquarters, Fort Meigs, 9th May, 1813.

[6] Gunckel, *The Early History of the Maumee Valley*, p. 61.

[7] Oblinger, *Fort Meigs Monument*, p. 29. Diary of Capt. Daniel Lewis Cushing, commander of the Grand Battery.

[8] In the mid-1800's the site was the location of the county's first courthouse.

[9] Taken from the map, "Fort Meigs' and its environs by Captain William Sebree, Kentucky Militia.

Kentucky—Prisoner of War (POW) List — Dudley's Defeat — War of 1812*

(Total POW = 183. There are 6 individuals listed as POWs in the Kentucky Adjutant General's Report who were additionally WIA; Benson, Damele, Dougherty, Funk, Hendricks, and Jameson)

Name:	Rank:	Unit of Assignment:	Date of capture/ Remark(s):
Adams, William	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Armstrong, James	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Escaped.
Arnett, Zachariah	PVT	Capt. J. Morrison's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled same day.
Bakett, Joseph	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Barden, William	FIF	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Baylor, Isaac	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Benson, Thomas	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Wounded and escaped.
Berry, James H.	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Bingham, Isaac	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. Not listed as a POW in the Kentucky Adjutant General's Report. Individual was reported as confined in Quebec (Canada) Jail, 13 Dec 1813.[1]
Bradford, Daniel	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled same day.

[1] *The Argus*, Frankfort, Ky., 14 Feb 1814.

Brown, Isaac	PVT	Capt. A. Morrison's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Bunds, George S.	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Burchum, Joseph	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Cartwright, James	SGM	Field & Staff, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Escaped.
Christian, Thomas	PVT	Capt. A. Morrison's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.[2]
Clark, George	PVT	Capt. Yantis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled.
Collins, John	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Escaped.
Colman, John	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Combs, Fielding	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled same day. Fielding Combs was a brother of Leslie Combs. In the Kentucky Adjutant General's report he is listed in both Dyame to's and J. Morrison's companies.[3]
Corn, Hiram	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Corn, James	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Cosby, Nicholas	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Courtney, Barba	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Cox, Joseph	CPL	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Crain, Francis	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Dale, Elijah	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Dale, Jesse	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Dale, John	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Damele, Spencer	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 10 May 1813. Also listed as Darnell.[4] According to his pension individual was WIA at Dudley's Defeat.
David, Henry	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Davis, Lewis	PVT	Capt. Yantis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled.
Davis, Robert	PVT	Capt. A. Morrison's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Escaped, returned home 14 June 1813.
Denton, Henry	PVT	Capt. Yantis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled.
Dougherty, Henry	CPL	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. According to pension records WIA.[5]

[2] Thomas Christian's narrative, cited in Nelson, *Fort Meigs*, p. 77. Clift, *Notes on Kentucky Veterans of the War of 1812*, p. 10.
[3] *Soldiers of the War of 1812*, pp. 193 and 206.
[4] Clift, *Notes On Kentucky Veterans of the War of 1812*, p. 13.
[5] Clift, *Notes On Kentucky Veterans of the War of 1812*, p. 14.
[6] Clift, *Notes On Kentucky Veterans of the War of 1812*, p. 16.

Draw, Peter	PVT	Capt. J. Morrison's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled same day.
Dunlap, Alexander	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled same day. Alexander is listed in the Adjutant General's Report twice, once with Dyametto and with J. Morrison's company. According to obituary, his life was saved at Dudley's Defeat by a British officer who recognized him as a brother Mason.[6] He was also a veteran of the Seminole Indian War and the Mexican War.[7]
Eaton, William	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Elliott, William	SGT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 7 May 1813.
Ferguson, Samuel	CPL	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Fitzwater, Stephen	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Ford, Lemuel	SGT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Funk, Adam	PVT	Capt. A. Morrison's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. According to pension file he was WIA.[8]
Gardner, Francis	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Garrett, Walker	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Gato, William	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
George, William N.	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co. Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Gill, John	CPL	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Gilpin, William	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Green, John	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Hambleton, James	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Hanes, Simeon	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Harrison, Major J.	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Escaped to Ft. Meigs same day.
Hawkins, Weeden	PVT	Capt. Yantis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Hawks, Joshua	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled same day.
Hendricks, George	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813. According to

[7] *Soldiers of the War of 1812*, pp. 193 and 206.
[8] Clift, *Notes On Kentucky Veterans of the War of 1812*, p. 19.
[9] Clift, *Notes On Kentucky Veterans of the War of 1812*, p. 24.

			pension file he was WIA.[9]
Hendricks, Mitchell	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Hendricks, William	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Henry, Joel	CPT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Hensley, Joseph	PVT	Capt. A. Morrison's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Escaped and deserted 10 June 1813.
Hiter, Benjamin	ENS	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Hook, Henry	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled same day.
Hogan, William	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled same day.
Houston, James	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Howard, Isaac	LT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Hudson, Rody	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Hudson, Thomas	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Hughes, Laven	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Hunter, Samuel	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Jack, Andrew	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Jack, Henry	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. Individual's name appears on various POW lists, however, there is no listing of a Henry Jack in the Kentucky Adjutant General's Report, only Andrew Jack.[10]
Jameson, Benoni	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813. Also appears as Jamison. According to pension record he was WIA.[11]
Johnson, William	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Jones, John	PVT	Capt. Sebree's Co., Boswell's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. Not listed as a POW in the Kentucky Adjutant General's Report. Individual was reported as confined in Quebec

[10] Clift, *Notes On Kentucky Veterans of the War of 1812*, p. 26.
[11] Clift, *Notes On Kentucky Veterans of the War of 1812*, p. 27.
[12] *The Argus*, Frankfort, Ky., 14 Feb 1814.

			(Canada) Jail, 13 Dec 1813.[12]
Jones, Leroy	PVT	Capt. Sebree's Co., Boswell's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. Not listed as a POW in the Kentucky Adjutant General's Report. Individual was reported as confined in Quebec (Canada) Jail, 13 Dec 1813.[13]
Jones, Thomas	PVT	Capt. Yantis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled.
Kendal, Samuel	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Kendrick, Michael	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
King, Armstead	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
King, William	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Knew, George W.	SGT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Lair, John	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Latta, John	CPL	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Lawson, David	PVT	Capt. Yantis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled.
Liscomb, Ambrose	PVT	Capt. Yantis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled.
Long, Anthony	PVT	Capt. J. Morrison's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled same day.
Low, Thomas	PVT	Capt. Keir's Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Lowry, Stephen	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Mackey, John	PVT	Capt. Arthur's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. This individual is not listed as a POW on the Kentucky Adjutant General's Report. It does indicate that he was reduced in rank from 4th Corporal to Private. According to Mackey family research John had two other brothers to serve with him in the war, William and Mathias. Additionally the research states that Mathias was KIA at Dudley's Defeat. Neither of these indi-

[13] *The Argus*, Frankfort, Ky., 14 Feb 1814.
[14] *The Argus*, Frankfort, Ky., 14 Feb 1814.

			viduals appear in the Kentucky Adjutant General's Report.
Maddox, James	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Mahan, Francis	PVT	Capt. Sebree's Co., Boswell's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. Not listed as a POW in the Kentucky Adjutant General's Report. Individual was reported as confined in Quebec (Canada) Jail, 13 Dec 1813.[14]
Malone, James	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Man, Clement	PVT	Capt. Yantis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled.
Marsh, William	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Martin, William	PVT	Capt. Yantis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled. There is a PVT Wm. Martin listed with J. Morrison's Co., who was a POW/WIA/Paroled and then DOW.
McClain, James	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. According to McClain family history this would have been James Jr. His father, James Sr. was killed at Dudley's Defeat.[15]
McClinny, Micajah	LT	Capt. A. Morrison's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 14 May 1813. Also appears as McClenny.
McElroy, James	PVT	Capt. Keir's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. Not listed as a POW in the Kentucky Adjutant General's Report. Individual was reported as confined in Quebec (Canada) Jail, 13 Dec 1813.[16]
McGill, James	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
McIntry, James	PVT	Capt. Keir's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
McLain, Robert	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
McMillan, Wm.	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. Not listed as a POW in the Ken-

[15] McClainExchange@mexia.com. Also see James McClain, Sr. (KIA).
[16] *The Argus*, Frankfort, Ky., 14 Feb 1814.
[17] *The Argus*, Frankfort, Ky., 14 Feb 1814.

			tucky Adjutant General's Report. The report states that this individual failed in marching. Individual was reported as confined in Quebec (Canada) Jail, 13 Dec 1813.[17] Name also appears as McMillen.
Medcalf, Alfred	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Melvin, Rodney	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. Not listed as a POW in the Kentucky Adjutant General's Report. Individual was reported as confined in Quebec (Canada) Jail, 13 Dec 1813.[18] Name also appears as Million.
Mitchell, Thomas	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Escaped to Ft. Meigs same day.
Moore, James	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Moore, Thomas	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled same day.
Mosby, John	PVT	Capt. A. Morrison's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Escaped, returned home in June 1813.
New, Peter	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Newel, Littleberry	PVT	Capt. Yantis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled.
Nichols, Joseph	3SG	Capt. A. Morrison's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 14 May 1813.
Oliver, Benjamin	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Overtuns, Garland	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Parish, Price	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled.
Perkins, John	PVT	Capt. Yantis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. Not listed as a POW in the Kentucky Adjutant General's Report. Individual was reported as confined in Quebec (Canada) Jail, 13 Dec 1813.[19]
Pew, Reuben	PVT	Capt. Keir's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled.[20]

[18] *The Argus*, Frankfort, Ky., 14 Feb 1814.
[19] *The Argus*, Frankfort, Ky., 14 Feb 1814.
[20] Pew family genealogy.

Pickett, George	LT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 7 May 1813.
Pierson, Allen	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Pilcher, Shadrack	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Poar, Robert	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Porter, Seth	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Rankins, John	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Right, Jonathan	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Ronstraw, Conrad	PVT	Capt. Yantis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Rowland, James	PVT	Capt. A. Morrison's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Escaped and deserted 10 June 1813.
Runyon, Francis	PVT	Captain Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regiment., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. Names also appears as Ronyan, Ru nyan. Not listed as a POW in the Kentucky Adjutant General's Report. Individual was reported as confined in Quebec (Canada) Jail, 13 Dec 1813.[21]
Sampson, William	QSG	Field & Staff, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled same day.
Scott, James	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Escaped to Fort Meigs.
Searcy, James	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Sheats, Henry	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Shiflet, Hasten	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudely's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled Individual is listed on the Kentucky Adjutant General's Report, how ever not as a POW.[22]
Shinglebower, Henry	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Escaped to Ft. Meigs same day.
Singleton, Daniel	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Singleton, John	PVT	Capt. Yantis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled.
Sisenby Jerry	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Smith, Daniel	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled same day.
Smith, John	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Smith, Thomas	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Steele, William	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Stevenson, Samuel	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Stewart, Gehew	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.

[21] *The Argus*, Frankfort, Ky., 14 Feb 1814.

[22] Hasten Tussey Shifflet Family of KY, MO, TX. Family research indicates that Shiflet was taken POW at Dudley's Defeat, paroled and discharged from the service 7 February 1814. In 1855 he applied for a land bounty for his service in the War of 1812. He was living in Linn Co., Missouri at the time of his death.

Stewart, Henry	CPL	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Stewart, William	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Stout, Daniel M.	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Sublett, Arthur	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Sublett, Siterbury	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Tablock, John	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled same day.
Talbott, Peter	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Tall, John	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Tate, John	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Taylor, Caton	PVT	Capt. Yantis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled.
Taylor, Isaac	PVT	Capt. Sebree's Co., Boswell's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. Not listed as a POW in the Kentucky Adjutant General's Report. Individual was reported as confined in Quebec (Canada) Jail, 13 Dec 1813.[23]
Thomas, John D.	CPT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5May 1813/Paroled 7 May 1813.
True, John F.	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled same day.
Turner, John	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. Not listed as a POW in the Ken tucky Adjutant General's Report. Individual was reported as confined in Quebec (Canada) Jail, 13 Dec 1813.[24]
Tungate, Meredith	PVT	Capt. Yantis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled.
Ulrey, Jacob	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Vance, Isaac	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Escaped to Ft. Meigs same day.
Veach, Asy	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Villers, George	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled same day.
Waldon, Abednego	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Walker, Coleman	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. Not listed as a POW in the Kentucky Adjutant General's Report. Individual was reported as confined in

[23] *The Argus*, Frankfort, Ky., 14 Feb 1814.
[24] *The Argus*, Frankfort, Ky., 14 Feb 1814.

			Quebec (Canada) Jail, 13 Dec 1813.[25]
Walker, David T.	SGT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Wallen, John	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Warden, Robert	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Escaped to Ft. Meigs same day.
Warner, David	PVT	Capt. Yantis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled.
Warren, Joseph	PVT	Capt. Yantis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled.
Waters, Simon	PVT	Capt. Dyametto's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled same day.
Watson, Josiah	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Watts, Bledsoe	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Webster, Henry	PVT	Capt. A. Morrison's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 14 May 1813. Individual is not listed as a POW in the Kentucky Adjutant General's Report.[26]
Wheat, Hanson	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Wilkerson, David	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Wilson, Thaddeus	SGT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Wilson, Thomas	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Wilson, William	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Escaped to Fort Meigs.
Wilson, Wm.	PVT	Capt. Lewis' Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. Not listed as a POW in the Ken tucky Adjutant General's Report. Individual was reported as confined in Quebec (Canada) Jail, 13 Dec 1813.[27]
Wilson, Wm.	PVT	Capt. Sebree's Co., Boswell's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. Not listed as a POW in the Kentucky Adjutant General's Report. Individual was reported as confined in Quebec (Canada) Jail, 13 Dec 1813.[28]
Withington, Thomas	DRM	Capt. A. Morrison's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813. Not listed as a POW in the Ken tucky Adjutant General's Report. Individual was reported as confined in

[25] *The Argus*, Frankfort, Ky., 14 Feb 1814.
[26] Henry Webster family genealogy.
[27] *The Argus*, Frankfort, Ky., 14 Feb 1814.
[28] *The Argus*. Frankfort, Ky., 14 Feb 1814.

Kentuckians at Dudley's Defeat, 5 May 1813, *continued*

			Quebec (Canada) Jail, 13 Dec 1813.[29] Name also appears as Wittington.
Wood, Mathew	ENS	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 7 May 1813.
Wooldridge, Levy	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Escaped to Fort Meigs.
Worrell, James	PVT	Capt. Thomas' Co, Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813/Paroled 11 May 1813.
Yancy, Barket G.	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.
Yancy, George	PVT	Capt. Henry's Co., Dudley's Regt., Ky. Militia	5 May 1813.

*Information compiled from Report of the Adjutant General of the State of Kentucky. Soldiers of the War of 1812.

[29] *The Argus*, Frankfort, Ky., 14 Feb 1814.

Cooper Family Funeral Cards and Obituaries, 1889–1924, *continued*

Continued from page 149

J.M. Fox
John Cooper
Albert Fox
M.B. Fox
John Anderson
Henry Fox

Winchester, Ky., Friday, September 5, 1924.

Adolphus (Dock) Cooper

WINCHESTER, Jan. 20—Funeral services for Adolphus (Dock) Cooper, 86, a retired electrician and farmer, who died Friday at his home on East Washington Street, will be conducted at 10 a.m. Monday at the Edgington Funeral Home by the Rev. Cova Duvall. Burial will be in the Winchester Cemetery. Masonic service will be conducted at 8 p.m. Sunday at the funeral home by members of Right Angle Lodge Nov. 23. The body is at the funeral home.

(Died Friday, Jan. 19, 1962)