

Legislative Document No. 29.

REPORT

OF THE

ADJUTANT GENERAL

STATE OF KENTUCKY,

TO THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF,

FOR THE YEARS 1882-'3.

J. P. NUCKOLS, Adjutant and Inspector General.

JAMES W. BLACKBURN, Jr., Ass't Adj't Gen.

PROPERTY OF THE STATE OF KENTUCKY.

FRANKFORT, KY.:
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1883.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S REPORT, 1882-'3.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, KY., May 1st, 1883. }

To his Excellency, LUKE P. BLACKBURN,
Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

SIR: I have the honor to make and submit the following report:

The State Guard.

The State military establishment, known as the Kentucky State Guard, is organized and composed as follows:

First Regiment:

Four Companies Infantry, one Company Cadets, one Company Dis-	
mounted Cavalry	6 Companies.
Headquarters Louisville.	

Second Regiment:

Infantry	8	"
Headquarters Lexington.		

Fourth Battalion, known as Orump's Battalion:

Infantry	4	"
Headquarters Bowling Green.		

Proctor Knott Guards:

Separate Infantry	1	"
Headquarters Bardstown.		

Total	19	"
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From which must be subtracted the dismounted Cavalry Company and the Cadet Company, known as Companies E and F, of the First Regiment, these having been formed under a special act of the Legislature, approved May 5th, 1880, and being in addition to the quota allowed by the act of April 8th, 1878, known as the State Guard law. Having no organized Cavalry other than that named above, there are two Companies of Infantry less than we are entitled to under the law.

Artillery.

This arm is composed as follows :

Battery A, Louisville Light Artillery	4 guns.
Bullitt Light Artillery, Paducah	2 "
Governor's Light Artillery, Frankfort.	2 "
	—
Total, three Companies	8 "
	=

The full strength of this arm, under the law, would be four batteries of six guns each.

The increase of the State Guard in numbers and discipline has been most satisfactory, and aided thereto, as I have been, by your generous confidence and advice, the task has been far less difficult, and we are rapidly approaching the maximum allowed under the law.

The Infantry is completely armed and accoutred with proper and necessary equipments for service. Some difficulty is experienced in getting the several commands to duly account for and take care of the property issued to them, especially such as blankets and camp and garrison equipment.

Active Service.

Since my last official report, that is to say, from January, 1882, to and including February of the present year, much service has been performed by the State Guard—three separate expeditions having been sent to Eastern Kentucky. A shocking crime, no less than the brutal murder of two young and innocent girls, and a harmless, crippled little boy, was committed in or near Ashland, in Boyd county. Other alleged beastly acts accompanied the murder, and the people, in the immediate vicinity, and for that matter all over the State, were impatient for the summary execution of persons suspected and accused. Under these conditions the Presiding Judge of the Sixteenth Judicial District, Hon. George N. Brown, applied to the Chief Executive for a sufficient military force to maintain the peace, and insure a trial under the forms of law. By special order dated January 6, 1882, the Third Battalion, composed of three Companies of Infantry, was ordered to proceed to Catlettsburg, in Boyd county, and there to report to Judge Brown; but from information dispatched by him it was feared the three persons in arrest would be summarily dealt with, and orders were therefore telegraphed, on 4th January, 1882, to Captain A. C. Respass at Maysville to proceed immediately by steamer to the point indicated. In compliance with the order he left Maysville that night with his

Company—Mason County Guards—by the first passing steamboat, and near Portsmouth, on the Ohio river, met one steamer conveying the prisoners and their guard, hotly pursued by another, with an excited and enraged party of men, alleged to be a mob. Captain Respass took charge of the prisoners, and conducted them to Maysville, where the other Companies of the Battalion were assembled on the 10th of February, and was moved thence, under command of Major John R. Allen, to Catlettsburg, reporting with the prisoners, Neal, Craft, and Ellis, to Judge Brown.

Again, on the 26th October, 1882, Major Allen, with his Battalion, then consisting of four Companies, together with Nuckols Guards—unattached—one Company of the First Regiment, and one section of the Louisville Light Artillery, was ordered into active service, and reported to Judge Brown at Catlettsburg on the 30th of that month. On the 2d day of November, Major Allen, having been directed by an order of the court to have the prisoners conveyed to Lexington for safe-keeping, was waited upon by a committee, or pretended committee, claiming to represent a large armed force, and demanding that the prisoners be turned over and delivered to them. Major Allen replied in terms characteristic of a good soldier; he, of course, refused to comply with their request, and advised the people to refrain from any unlawful act, or attempt to take the prisoners by force and violence, and that he would defend them and the law to the last extremity.

It appears that a large number of persons had assembled, who were highly excited and inflamed, and that they had determined to lynch the prisoners at all hazards. To avoid a conflict if possible, Major Allen prudently embarked his command and the persons in charge on board the steamer *Granite State*, an Ohio river packet, and started from Catlettsburg down the Big Sandy, and thence on the Ohio to Maysville. Not to be foiled of their purpose, however, the *mob*, as it has been called, and I suppose properly, seized an engine and some flat-cars, running upon a railroad track parallel with the river to Ashland. It is said a sort of desultory fire was opened by those on the cars, but as the shots fell short of the boat, and were harmless, it was not responded to. This, however, was but a prelude to the fearful tragedy so soon to follow. On arriving at Ashland, the mob, elated with impunity, and led on by misguided men, seized a ferry-boat lying at the wharf, and rushing aboard, with hostile gestures and demonstrations, they directed its course against the *Granite State*. Major Allen disposed his force judi-

ciously, and awaited the attack. Himself and men were not kept long in suspense, as the assaulting party soon opened fire—at first harmless, but as they approached nearer, their shots began to tell. Seeing a number of men wounded, the Major gave the command to commence firing. The conflict was brief and decisive. The ferry-boat was disabled and became unmanageable from the effects of the State Guard musketry fire. Some men were killed, and a much larger number wounded; and leaving them, the *Granite State*, having never stopped for a moment, proceeded on down the river.

I have no information of the loss sustained by the attacking party. It was no doubt exaggerated at the time. It was an unfortunate occurrence, but unavoidable so far as the State forces were concerned. I have reason to believe the people were misled as to the temper and quality of the State Guard, and were informed that the service was so odious that they would not return the fire, only wishing an excuse to give up their arms, and surrender the prisoners for speedy execution. Be that as it may, the survivors, and those in sympathy with them, were greatly exasperated; but they had themselves, in attempting to visit condign punishment upon alleged felons, committed a great crime, and were taught that the law is and must be supreme over all.

Major Allen's clear and able report of this sad affair will be found as an appendix hereto. Too much praise cannot be accorded him, and the officers and men under his command, for coolness, prudence, and moderation under the trying circumstances. Their good conduct entitled them to the thanks of the Commander-in-Chief, which they received in general orders hereto appended. As a matter of course, there was much complaint from those who had fared so ill at the hands of the State Guard. Amongst other things, it was charged that the troops did too much firing, and inflicted too much loss upon their assailants. It would be difficult to prescribe a rule of this kind, and I think it has never been done. When an assaulting force is repulsed, my experience is that it will be fired upon as long as anything remains in sight, unless it surrenders; and the fact that Major Allen refrained from sinking the ferry-boat with artillery, as he could have done, and that he did not stop the *Granite State* for a moment, but proceeded down the river, shows conclusively that his sole purpose was to get his command and prisoners away, inflicting as little loss as might be.

Again, the trial of these men, Neal and Craft, Ellis having been tried and sentenced to the penitentiary for life, and then hanged by a mob at Ashland in the meantime, was set for the 7th February, 1883, at

Grayson, in Carter county. Judge Brown made formal application for a military force sufficient to restrain and discourage another attempt to take the prisoners from the officers of the law, and execute them. Accordingly, the same officer, having been promoted—Col. John R. Allen—was, on the fifth day of February, ordered to proceed with his, the 2d Regiment Kentucky State Guard, composed of eight Infantry Companies, two Companies of the 1st Regiment, Captain J. B. Veach's Light Artillery Company—two guns—and one section of the Louisville Light Artillery, in company with the sheriff of Carter county having charge of the prisoners, to Grayson. The Infantry numbered 374; Artillery 42; aggregating 416 officers and men.

The command arrived at its destination as ordered, and camped in the town of Grayson in the most wretched weather—ice, sleet, snow, and mud, in something like equal proportions; and although there was no conflict, or any appearance of one, the service was extremely hard and disagreeable, and would have been a severe test on veteran troops.

Everything was done for their comfort and health that could be done by that excellent officer, Captain Thos. F. Murphy, Quarter-Master of the Second Regiment, and the Surgeons in charge, Drs. W. B. Dudley, Ap. Morgan Vance, and Alvin Duvall, jr., lessening, greatly, as I believe, the amount of sickness and death that might have been feared from so great and unusual exposure. I regret to report that from the effects of exposure in this service one young life was brought to a sudden and premature termination—H. H. Crutcher, of Company D, First Regiment, died at the Standiford Hotel, in the city of Louisville, within a few days after his return. He was a young man of good promise, was respected wherever known, and had the love and confidence of his comrades. Privates T. E. Johnson and Theo. Melter, of the same Company, were severely and dangerously ill, and had to be left in hospital, where they were treated and nursed by the Surgeon who remained with them, and detailed nurses, until sufficiently restored to be returned to their homes. A few others were brought home sick, where they were cared for and treated by local physicians. In every such case reported, the soldier was borne upon the pay-rolls until pronounced convalescent. Other special service was rendered by Dr. Dudley, Surgeon of the Second Regiment, but as no official report has reached this office of the medical staff, I am unable to embellish this report by its insertion, which I would like so much to do.

All the hardships and discomforts of this service were borne with unmurmuring fortitude as a general rule, and the few breaches of dis-

cipline that occurred were promptly corrected, and dealt with according to military law. The command was in active service from the 5th to the 24th February. Colonel Allen's official report, together with all orders bearing on the case, will be found in the appendix to this report.

The costs of these several expeditions are as follows:

January 10th, 1882	\$10,483 11
October 30th, 1882	5,003 80
February 5th to 24th, 1883	29,478 93 $\frac{1}{4}$
Total.	<u>\$44,965 84$\frac{1}{4}$</u>

Thus it will be seen that the cost of military aid to the civil authority on account of the murder and mutilation of innocent victims aggregates the above amount, and whilst all good and law-abiding people will deplore the necessity for its use, the State Guard has proven a sound and healthy organization, and that it may be depended upon for real military service with all that the terms imply, if needed for the support and maintenance of the laws.

The owners of the steamer Granite State claim that she was damaged very considerably by the fire of the mob, and I am well satisfied that the amount of damage and loss of business, resulting from direct injury and ill will of her former patrons, was not much exaggerated, if at all. Their claim on that account is \$500, no part of which has been paid, as the Auditor decided, and no doubt correctly, that he had no authority under the law for paying damages.

By special order, Maj. J. W. Blackburn and Capt. Thos. F. Murphy were appointed a Board of Survey to visit the boat, and report the loss and damage sustained on account of use by the State troops. Their report will be found appended hereto, in which the company's claim is sustained. An act of the Legislature will be necessary to authorize a settlement of this claim, which, I think, is demanded by an equitable obligation. The officers of the steamer had no option about taking the troops on board, as it was a military necessity, or at least deemed so by Colonel Allen, who, by taking the boat, hoped to spare the lives of his troops and the misguided people.

The Military Law.

As hereinbefore stated, the active military force is nearly up to the numbers allowed under the law. But to keep up with the progress of the better regulated Commonwealths, this whole matter should be amended and revised, and a *general* system of militia organization pro-

vided for. At present the force is kept up mainly by personal effort, and is not sufficiently distributed in a geographical point of view. For instance, but for the existence of the State Guard the men charged with the infamous crime of violating the persons of the Gibbons girls, and murdering them and their helpless little brother in cold blood, could not have had any sort of trial in a civil court, unless resource had been had to the Federal Army, which would simply be an abrogation of State authority and State autonomy. With a militia force provided for by the law in every Congressional District, composed of young men who *must* do a certain amount of military service, its presence at or near the scene of a trial in court would be rarely, if ever, needed. Unfortunately, there is no fostering care of the militia by the Legislature. Since the enactment of the law, April 8th, 1878, at each assemblage of that honorable body of Representatives an effort has been made to repeal the law outright, or to cover the annual appropriation from such collections as may be made on odds and ends and balances on the war claim, into the Treasury, which would be about equal to a repeal of the law. Nay worse, for it would be wanting in the directness of such an act. So, at the meeting of each session of the Legislature the State Guard has to make a fight for its existence, some member invariably making the race on alleged benefits to accrue from a repeal of the "militia." So long, therefore, as this sentiment prevails to any great extent, there is little hope for legislative aid, countenance, or support.

Ordinance Account with the United States.

Under the law of Congress passed 1808, the State of Kentucky is entitled to \$5,757.42 annually for arming the militia, or was so entitled before the last census and apportionment of Representatives. There will be very little change, as the whole number was increased, and we get one additional member; but I am not yet advised accurately as to the amount hereafter distributable to the State. This fund is issued in ordnance and ordnance stores on the Governor's requisition. There is now due the State, on that account, the sum of \$318.08. The annual appropriation for all the States is \$200,000 under the law passed, as before stated, in 1808. The appropriation then was no doubt amply sufficient to arm the militia of a population little exceeding eight million, but now, when there is near fifty million, it is insufficient for the purpose. A due proportion of \$600,000 would, in my opinion, be an adequate amount.

The State War Claim and the Military Fund.

By authority of an act of the General Assembly, approved March 29th, 1878, the Adjutant General is, "under the directions of the Governor," collector of the war claims due the State from the Federal Government. It will suffice to say that this claim is made up of unpaid accounts arising from the large sums, amounting to \$5,000,000, expended by the State in aiding the Federal Government to carry on the war against the Southern Confederacy. There were originally not less than twenty thousand vouchers altogether, and all of them that were properly receipted, and for purposes within the meaning of the laws of Congress, were paid soon after the termination of the war.

Large sums, however, were expended for purposes not specifically named in the Acts of Congress, although in good faith in aiding to carry on the war, such as fuel, forage, and the transportation of troops and supplies, which were rejected by the accounting officers of the Treasury, and held to be not payable. March 3d, 1881, our Congressmen got an act passed and approved, which removed the difficulty as to the class of claims named above. We were largely indebted to Capt. Phil. Thompson, who, at the time, was a member of the Committee on War Claims.

The following is the text of the act:

"AN ACT to declare the true intent and meaning of 'An act to reimburse the State of Kentucky for moneys expended for the United States in enrolling, subsisting, clothing, supplying, arming, equipping, paying, and transporting militia forces to aid in suppressing the rebellion,' approved June 8th, 1872.

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That in adjusting the claim of the State of Kentucky, the term 'equipment' shall be construed to mean and include the arming of said forces as an essential part of their equipments, and the word 'supplying' shall include forage and fuel, and the transportation shall be embraced as indicated in the title of the act, it being the intention of Congress in the passage of said act to settle and adjust said accounts.

"Approved March 3, 1881."

Before recovery could be had under this act, the Third Auditor required a re-statement of the claims embraced, and by the middle of July, 1881, I had forwarded a book made out in duplicate, explaining the disallowed vouchers for fuel, forage, and transportation, amounting, in the aggregate, to \$85,424.64½.

On this re-statement and explanation, the following collections have been made:

August 16th, 1882	\$36,211 81
March 20th, 1883	29,498 94
I had previously collected under your administration, say August 6, 1880	15,000 00
<hr/>	
Showing total collections made by me as Adjutant General under your administration	\$80,710 75
<hr/>	

By the 35th section of the act of the State Legislature, approved April 8th, 1878, \$10,000 is appropriated annually for organizing, uniforming, &c., the Kentucky State Guard. It will be seen, therefore, by the above figures, that these collections amount to a sum sufficient, under the law, for use of the military fund during your term and that of your successor. A disagreement of opinion existed between the Auditor and myself as to the proper legal meaning of that section of the law appropriating the military fund, that officer inclining to the opinion that the money should be collected each year, and that any balance would be covered into the State Treasury. Upon a reference of the question, by agreement, to the Attorney General, it was held, in substance, that the \$10,000 is *appropriated* annually, even if not collected, and when afterward collected, it relates back in so far as obligations have been incurred by the Governor, ~~not~~ exceeding the annual appropriation, and that collections stand appropriated until exhausted under the law. It would be a great hardship if, say \$50,000 should be collected within one year, \$10,000 appropriated for that particular year, and the balance covered into the Treasury. From a somewhat intimate knowledge of this war claim, I am of the opinion that there will be no more collections. The officer in charge of State war claims is, I believe, entirely impartial, allowing every voucher that is properly allowable. Out of \$85,424.64½, consisting of an almost infinite number and variety of accounts embraced by the act of March 3d, 1881, \$65,710.75 has been allowed and paid, and that was quite as much as I expected. When the act appropriating these collections for use of the State Guard was passed, the prospect for realizing any considerable amount was not flattering; but since a sum has been collected sufficient to organize and aid in uniforming so fine a command, and to keep it up during the next administration, it would be in exceeding bad faith to attempt its capture for use of the Treasury. I only allude to this matter because, at the last session of the Legislature, an act of the kind was prepared and presented.

If the military fund was much larger than it is, if it was a half million, for instance, it would do more harm than good to cover it into the Treasury, because it would produce a deceptive surplus, which would induce alleged economists to reduce the State tax—say one cent. on each one hundred dollars' worth of property—resulting legitimately and inevitably in a deficit and inadequacy of the revenues to meet the current expenses of the State Government, after the exhaustion of this extra and unreliable source of supply. I prefer to speak with plainness of this matter, as the dread of unfriendly legislation has long been a hindrance to the progress and stability of the State Guard.

Records of the War of 1812-'14.

I have so often called attention to the dilapidated condition of the rolls of the war of 1812-'14, in which the State of Kentucky bore so conspicuous a part, that I approach the subject with embarrassment and misgiving. The almost constant use and handling of these rolls to supply persons entitled thereto with copies and transcripts has resulted in their mutilation, so as to render them illegible in many cases. They ought, in my opinion, to be transcribed in such form as to insure their preservation. This could not well be done without the means to pay for additional clerk hire. I think an appropriation of \$500 would be sufficient.

Encampments.

There has been no general encampment of the State Guard since my last report. Only Major Crump's Fourth Battalion was in camp during the year 1882. With characteristic energy and address Major Crump managed, under many difficulties, to get the Companies composing his Battalion in camp at the Mammoth Cave, Edmonson county, on the 15th day of July, 1882, except Company B of that Battalion, known as Monarch Rifles, Owensboro. The officers and men, partaking of his own liberality, paid their transportation and subsistence, subjecting themselves to all the inconveniences and discomforts of camp life.

The encampment was visited by the Governor, accompanied by the Adjutant General and other officers. The Battalion remained in camp from the 15th to the 22d. As before stated, the service was not only voluntary but at their own expense. Major Crump's very interesting report will be found in the appendix. With means so limited, it has been incompetent for you to *order* any portion of the force into camp, although fully realizing the advantage to be gained by the experience, in no other way attainable.

The Yorktown Celebration, October, 1881.

The celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the surrender of Lord Cornwallis, with the forces under his command, to the allied American and French army at Yorktown, Virginia, on 21st October, 1781, was a notable event in the history of our country. Large and liberal appropriations had been made by the Legislatures of many of the older States for sending their militia forces to take part in the great pageant. The preceding General Assembly of this State had not been advised of the action of Congress and the States separately, looking to the anniversary celebration, and the erection of a suitable monument commemorative of the great event; so, when the time arrived, you could only allow the State of Kentucky, so nearly allied to those participating, being, as we might say, the eldest daughter of Virginia, to be unrepresented at all, or else try to conduct a body of State troops thence and back without any funds whatever. The latter course was adopted, and with eminent success, in so far as to make a creditable display of the State Guard. The transportation and subsistence of one Battalion of Infantry, composed of five Companies, was accomplished, by the several railroad companies consenting to perform the service, and wait for their pay until the Legislature should assemble and make the necessary appropriation, and the Battalion advancing the cash for rations and necessary incidental expenses. The display was very creditable to the State, although quite modest and insignificant as compared with those more liberally provided for. By the strictest economy the expense only amounted to \$7,933.03, which was reported to the Legislature, with request by yourself that the amount be allowed—I mean the General Assembly of 1881-'2. The subject was wrestled with by that honorable body long and ably as a weighty matter. At last a sense of duty to their constituents, and the tax-payers of the Commonwealth, prevailed, and the bill was laid upon the "table" in the House of Representatives by a close vote—41 to lay on the table and 40 against. The question was considered, apparently, somewhat in connection with another of some moment, which was the acceptance or rejection of an invitation to visit the Atlanta Exposition. Doubts were entertained by many economical persons as to the propriety and rightfulness of adjourning over for that purpose, with per diem running, and also free transportation. Here, again, devotion to the tax-payer prevailed. It was known, or at least alleged in argument, that a visit by the entire "body" to a "sister Southern State" would induce those sensitive and appreci-

ative people to buy our mules and other commodities more lavishly, which was no doubt a correct view, considering that the people of the two States knew so little of each other; and then the cost was only a small matter, somewhere about \$20,000 for members' pay and other legitimate expense during the fifteen days or more of adjournment for so laudable a purpose. As to the rejected Yorktown expense, it has all been paid off and settled out of the military fund for 1881, which had not been otherwise used, without the aid of one cent from the Treasury. The railroad companies—that is to say, the L. & N., C & O., K. C. & Owensboro Branch—were all very liberal, and I believe would have furnished the transportation gratuitously; but you, as Governor, understood that it would be a pleasure to the Legislature, so soon thereafter to convene, to appropriate the necessary funds, and thus recognize the official action of a coördinate branch of the State Government. The boys, too, would willingly have advanced the funds for their personal expense, without a thought of any future remuneration, but that would have been an imposition of an unfair burden. However, it is all satisfactorily settled, and is only alluded to here as a part of the military history of the times.

Official Duties.

The duties incidental to a proper discharge of the Adjutant General's Office have increased with the growth and development of the State Guard. The Adjutant General is *ex officio* Inspector General and Quarter-Master General—practically Commissary General also. Firmly convinced that a properly organized active militia is a necessary appendage to an independent State, within the meaning of our fundamental law, my interest in the growth and more perfect organization of the State Guard has constantly increased, and my labors to that end have been without intermission. I cannot claim exemption from mistakes and errors; doubtless I have committed many; but have at all times hastened to correct all such as have been called to my attention.

It affords me pleasure, in this connection, to acknowledge my indebtedness to Major James W. Blackburn, Assistant Adjutant General, for his efficient and courteous assistance in all the duties pertaining to the office, his polite and unselfish bearing, which has rendered the association so entirely pleasant and agreeable.

To Captain Robert Allen, Attendant and Keeper of the State Arsenal, I am also indebted for a faithful, prompt, and intelligent discharge of the trust confided to his care.

Moses Butcher, porter to the Adjutant General, Register of the Land Office, and Bureau of Agriculture, is entitled to my thanks for his fidelity to duty. No reasonable grounds of complaint have been lodged against this colored man, and one more faithful could not be found.

Appendices.

Full and complete returns of the State Guard, general orders, and the more important special orders, together with official correspondence between Col. J. B. Castleman and the Governor, relative to orders Nos. 8 and 11, report of Major John R. Allen, report of Major M. H. Crump, report of Captain Murphy as Quarter-Master of Second Regiment, instructions for the State Guard in camp or in the field as to routine duties, inventories of ordnance and ordnance stores, &c., will be found appended to this report.

In conclusion, it affords me pleasure to express to your Excellency my acknowledgments for kindness and encouragement in all my efforts for the advancement of the Kentucky State Guard, and also of my personal esteem and regard.

I have the honor to be,

Very respectfully,

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General.*

APPENDIX A.

SPECIAL ORDERS, 1883.

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY STATE GUARD,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, January 25th, 1883. }

SPECIAL ORDERS, }
No. 5.

I. The several Infantry Companies, composing in part the Third Battalion, K. S. G., commanded by Major John R. Allen, are hereby organized into a Regiment, consisting of two Battalions, of four Companies each, which shall be known and designated as the Second Regiment, K. S. G., as follows:

- 1st Battalion—Company A, McCreary Guards, Frankfort.
Company B, Nuckols Guards, Frankfort.
Company C, Emmet Rifles, Maysville.
Company D, Lexington Guards, Lexington.
- 2d Battalion—Company E, Blackburn Guards, Midway.
Company F, Cerro Gordo Guards, Mt. Sterling.
Company G, McKee Guards, Lawrenceburg.
Company H, Clark County Rifles, Winchester.

II. The several Companies will, on the evening of Tuesday, the 30th inst., assemble at their respective Armories and proceed to the election, by ballot, of a Major for each of said Battalions, Companies only voting for such officer for the Battalion to which they are hereby assigned. The election will be held as provided by law for the election of Company officers, and complete returns thereof immediately made by Company Commanders to the Adjutant General.

III. At the same time the *Company Officers* will vote for a Colonel of said Regiment, the vote to be taken by ballot, and reported immediately by the senior officer present to the Adjutant General.

By order of the Governor:

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General*.

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY STATE GUARD,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, January 31st, 1883. }

SPECIAL ORDERS, }
No. 7.

I. The following elections in the Kentucky State Guard are announced:

Major John R. Allen, Third Battalion, to be Colonel Second Regiment, January 30th, 1883. Original.

Captain J. L. Price, Company A, First Battalion, Second Regiment, to be Major same Battalion, same Regiment, January 30th, 1883. Original.

Captain L. W. McKee, Company G, Second Battalion, Second Regiment, to be Major same Battalion, same Regiment, January 30th, 1883. Original.

Senior First Lieutenant Thomas S. Evans, Louisville Light Artillery, to be Captain same Company, January 25th, 1883, *vice* E. H. Moise, resigned.

Junior First Lieutenant C. B. Bly, Louisville Light Artillery, to be Senior First Lieutenant same Company, January 25th, 1883, *vice* Evans, promoted.

Second Lieutenant W. R. Evans, Louisville Light Artillery, to be Junior First Lieutenant same Company, January 25th, 1883, *vice* Bly, promoted.

First Sergeant J. H. Mansir, Louisville Light Artillery, to be Second Lieutenant same Company, January 25th, 1883, *vice* W. R. Evans, promoted.

First Lieutenant John W. Milam, Company A, First Battalion, Second Regiment, to be Captain same Company, January 31st, 1883, *vice* J. L. Price, promoted.

Second Lieutenant B. H. McEwan, Company A, First Battalion, Second Regiment, to be First Lieutenant same Company, January 31st, 1883, *vice* Milam, promoted.

First Sergeant Frank K. Rodman, Company A, First Battalion, Second Regiment, to be Second Lieutenant same Company, January 31st, 1883, *vice* McEwan, promoted.

2. At the expiration of ninety days the above named officers will be examined as to their qualifications by a Board of Officers; and if found to be properly qualified, will then be commissioned with rank and date from election; said Board to be hereafter appointed.

By order of the Governor:

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General.*

SERVICE IN CARTER COUNTY.

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY STATE GUARD,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, January 31st, 1883. }

SPECIAL ORDERS, }
No. 8. }

1. The Hon. George N. Brown, Judge of the 16th Judicial District, having applied to the Governor for a military force to aid the civil authority in the enforcement of law and the preservation of peace, the following Commands of the Kentucky State Guard are ordered into active service on and after Monday, the 5th day of February, 1883, and will remain on duty until further ordered: Col. John R. Allen's Second Regiment, one Infantry Company of the First Regiment, to be detailed by the Commanding Officer, forty officers and men, and Captain J. B. Veach's Light Artillery Company, known as Governor's Guards: *Provided*, That members of Company B, Second Regiment, known as Nuckols Guards, who have not attained to the military age as prescribed by the Constitution and laws of the United States and of this State, are not hereby ordered. These forces will assemble at Lexington on the evening of the day above-named, reporting to Col. Allen, who will proceed thence, at 6 o'clock, A. M., February 6, 1883, by the Lexington and Big Sandy Railroad and connections, to Grayson, in Carter county. Col. Allen, with the force under his command, will act in conjunction with, and subordinate to, the civil power, that is to say, the Sheriff of Carter county, whilst in transit from Lexington to Grayson, in said county, and, on arriving at that place, he will report to the Hon. Geo. N. Brown, judge as aforesaid, in conformity with law in such cases made and provided.

2. Col. Allen may, if he deems it necessary, mount not exceeding twenty men and one Commissioned Officer, to be detailed and act as mounted infantry. Subsistence will consist of the army ration. The command will move with two days' prepared rations, which will be commuted at the rate allowed to troops of the Regular Army when traveling. Each Company will be allowed one cook, with pay and allowance of enlisted men.

By order of the Governor:

Official:

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General.*

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY STATE GUARD,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, February 1st, 1883. }

SPECIAL ORDERS, }
No. 11. }

1. Special order, No. 8, current series, is modified so as to read *two* Infantry Companies of First Regiment, K. S. G., to be detailed by Commanding Officer, of forty officers and men each.

By order of the Governor:

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General.*

COL. CASTLEMAN TO THE GOVERNOR.

[Telegram.]

LOUISVILLE, KY., February 2d, 1883.

To GOV. BLACKBURN:

I beg leave to ask of your Excellency to have the order for detail of two Companies diminished, if practicable. It will cost many of our young men their business positions. I have now three conflicting orders from the Adjutant General. We will provide whatever number of troops your Excellency calls for, and only ask your usual consideration, because of the business obligations of our members.

(Signed)

JOHN B. CASTLEMAN, *Colonel.*

THE GOVERNOR TO COL. CASTLEMAN.

[Telegram.]

FRANKFORT, February 2d, 1883.

To COL. JOHN B. CASTLEMAN, *Louisville, Ky.:*

No conflict of orders. General Nuckols had left here for Louisville this morning before I found it necessary to have two full Companies from your Legion. I ordered Assistant Adjutant General to telegraph Nuckols and yourself. I will require two full Companies, and a section of Artillery from your command. I shall expect a strict compliance with this order.

(Signed)

LUKE P. BLACKBURN.

SPECIAL ORDERS, 1882.

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY STATE GUARD,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, January 4th, 1883. }

SPECIAL ORDERS, }
No. 1. }

1. Captain A. C. Respass, or the officer in command of the Mason County Guards Maysville, will proceed with his Company, by the first steamer, to Catlettsburg, on the Big Sandy river. On arriving at Catlettsburg, he will report to the Hon. George N. Brown, Judge of the 16th Judicial District, and carry out his orders in maintaining the public peace. Vouchers for transportation, subsistence, and quarters will be paid. It is of the utmost importance that the Company shall proceed to-night, and the entire strength of the Company is desired to go. Captain Respass, or the ranking officer present, must not fail to act promptly in the execution of this order. Advise me at what moment you can leave.

Take twenty rounds of ammunition.

By order of the Governor:

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General.*

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY STATE GUARD,
 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
 FRANKFORT, January 6th, 1882. }

SPECIAL ORDERS, }
 No. 3.

1. The following named Companies of the Third Battalion, K. S. G., are hereby ordered into active service, from and after 6 o'clock, A. M., Thursday, the 10th inst. viz: Lexington Guards and McCreary Guards, each and every officer and man. These Companies will proceed by rail on the day above-named to Maysville, Mason county, where they will be joined by the Mason County Guards, now on active duty at that place. Major John R. Allen, or, in case of his absence, the senior ranking officer present commanding, will report to the Sheriff of Boyd county, and, acting in conjunction with him, and subordinate to his orders in so far as to resist and prevent the unlawful rescue of prisoners, will proceed with him by steamer to Catlettsburg, in Boyd county. On arrival at that place, the Commanding Officer will report to the Hon George N. Brown, Judge of the 16th Judicial District, and carry out his orders in maintaining and enforcing the civil power of the State. The Commanding Officer will appoint one Battalion Adjutant, and one Battalion Quarter-Master, who will act as Commissary, and who will be authorized to contract for, and procure transportation and subsistence for the command. The McCreary Guards are directed to take prepared rations to last them to Maysville. Blankets and overcoats must be taken. A supply of ammunition will be issued to the Quarter-Master.

2. The Commanding Officer is directed to maintain the strictest military discipline, and hold his men well in hand, so as to present his full force against any body of men who may attempt to take prisoners from the officers of the law. Bills for transportation and subsistence will be paid on presentation under section 36 of the Military Law.

By order of the Governor:

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General.*

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY STATE GUARD,
 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
 FRANKFORT, January 9th, 1882. }

SPECIAL ORDERS, }
 No. 4.

1. The ration in kind cannot, with convenience or economy, be issued to the State Guard Troops called into active service by Special Order No. 3. and will therefore be commuted at the actual cost, as provided by section 36 of the Militia Law.

2. The Quarter-Master and Acting Commissary must, in all cases where it can be done, make contracts for subsisting the command at such reasonable rates as he can obtain, subject to the approval of the Commanding Officer. Vouchers for subsistence should be certified by the Acting Commissary, and approved by the Officer in Command. Where a squad or detachment is separated from the Battalion, vouchers for necessary supplies should be certified by the officer in charge of such detail, and approved by the Commanding Officer.

3. The costs of Sheriffs and their guards, or the costs and expenses of any persons whatever, not being soldiers, cannot be included in any proper voucher, and will not be paid.

4. The provisions of paragraphs 2 and 3 will apply to transportation, and all other proper expenses of the troops whilst in active service.

By order of the Governor:

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General.*

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY STATE GUARD,
 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
 FRANKFORT, January 25th, 1883. }

SPECIAL ORDERS, }
 No. 5. }

I. The several Infantry Companies, composing in part the Third Battalion, K. S. G., commanded by Major John R. Allen, are hereby organized into a Regiment, consisting of two Battalions, of four Companies each, which shall be known and designated as the Second Regiment, K. S. G., as follows:

- 1st Battalion—Company A, McCreary Guards, Frankfort.
 Company B, Nuckols Guards, Frankfort.
 Company C, Emmet Rifles, Maysville.
 Company D, Lexington Guards, Lexington.
- 2d Battalion—Company E, Blackburn Guards, Midway.
 Company F, Cerro Gordo Guards, Mt. Sterling.
 Company G, McKee Guards, Lawrenceburg.
 Company H, Clark County Rifles, Winchester.

II. The several Companies will, on the evening of Tuesday, the 30th inst., assemble at their respective Armories and proceed to the election, by ballot, of a Major for each of said Battalions, Companies only voting for such officer for the Battalion to which they are hereby assigned. The election will be held as provided by law for the election of Company officers and complete returns thereof immediately made by Company Commanders to the Adjutant General.

III. At the same time the *Company Officers* will vote for a Colonel of said Regiment, the vote to be taken by ballot, and reported immediately by the senior officer present to the Adjutant General.

By order of the Governor:

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General.*

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY STATE GUARD,
 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
 FRANKFORT, October 26th, 1882. }

SPECIAL ORDERS, }
 No. 52. }

1. On the application of the Hon. George N. Brown, Judge of the 16th Judicial District, the following Commands of the Kentucky State Guard are ordered into active service, from and after six o'clock, A. M., on the 30th instant, and will remain on duty until further ordered: Four Companies of Major John R. Allen's Third Battalion, as follows: Blackburn Guards, McCreary Guards, Lexington Guards, and Emmet Rifles; Nuckols Guards, Captain Joe L. Rodman; one Company of the First Regiment, to be detailed by Colonel J. B. Castleman, and one section of the Louisville Light Artillery. Said forces will assemble at Lexington on the day above-named, and proceed thence, at 9:30, A. M., under command of Major Allen, to Catlettsburg, in Boyd county, by the Lexington and Big Sandy Railway. Major Allen, with the force under his command, will act in conjunction with, and subordinate to, the civil power, viz: the Sheriff of Boyd county, whilst in transit from Lexington to Catlettsburg, and on arriving at Catlettsburg, he will report to the Hon. George N. Brown, conforming to sections 8 and 36 of the act of the General Assembly, approved April 8th, 1878, entitled "An act in relation to the Militia of this Commonwealth, and the organization of the Kentucky State Guard."

2. Captain Thomas F. Murphy is appointed Acting Quarter-Master and Assistant Commissary, and he will proceed to Catlettsburg and arrange for quartering and subsisting the troops. The Command will move with one day's prepared rations, which will be commuted at the rate allowed to troops of the United States Army when traveling.

By order of the Governor:

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General.*

GENERAL AND SPECIAL ORDERS.

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY STATE GUARD,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, January 12th, 1882. }

GENERAL ORDERS, } No. 1.

1. Captain A. C. Respass, commanding Mason County Guards, K. S. G., Maysville, was, without any previous notice, assigned to active duty by a telegram, at 8 o'clock, P. M., of the 4th instant, and directed to proceed to Catlettsburg on the first passing steamer, and there report to the Hon. George N. Brown, Judge of the 16th Judicial District. In two hours thereafter Captain Respass reported his Company as ready, and did leave Maysville that night on the first steamer which passed that place.

2. Such prompt, energetic, and soldierly response to orders is duly appreciated, and is commended to the State Guard for emulation. Captain Respass, the officers and members of his Company, will accept the thanks and compliments of the Commander-in-Chief.

3. This order will be published at dress parade to the Third Battalion now on duty in the field, and the several commands of the Kentucky State Guard as they shall assemble after its reception.

By order of the Governor:

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General.*

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY STATE GUARD,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, January 16th, 1882. }

GENERAL ORDERS, } No. 2.

Rulings by the Adjutant General.

The following is published for the information and guidance of the Kentucky State Guard:

1. As no officer in the Kentucky State Guard, or of the Militia, can be of superior rank to the Governor, all written communications and official correspondences intended for General Headquarters, must be addressed to the Adjutant General. (Army Regulations, par. 646.)

2. This office holds the right to communicate with Company Commanders directly, and will do so when it is necessary to insure certain and speedy transmission of orders and instructions, or either to save unnecessary and unrequited time and labor of the intermediate Commander. Where there is any discretionary authority on the part of the intermediate Commander to modify or amend such orders or instructions, they will be forwarded in the order of rank. (Army Regulations, par. 670.)

By order of the Governor:

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General.*

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY STATE GUARD,
 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
 FRANKFORT, February 16th, 1882. }

GENERAL ORDERS, }
 No. 3. }

I. The Commander-in-Chief desires to express through General Orders his appreciation of the services lately performed by the Kentucky State Guard. The Third Battalion was ordered into active service by Special Orders, at a time when the people of Boyd and the adjacent counties were inflamed and agitated by a crime of unusual and revolting cruelty, and when they were assembling with the avowed purpose of executing, in a violent and lawless manner, the suspected persons. By prompt obedience the hand of passion was stayed, the law enforced by the proper officers, and the accused allowed a fair trial by juries of the vicinage. The duty may have been distasteful and irksome, but it was well performed. The State Guard simply obeyed orders. The Commander in-Chief extends his warm acknowledgments to Major John R. Allen, commanding, and to the officers and soldiers of the Third Battalion for their high military bearing and discipline, and for maintaining in a conspicuous manner the laws and reputation of the State.

By order of the Governor:

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General.*

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY STATE GUARD,
 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
 FRANKFORT, February 25th, 1882. }

GENERAL ORDERS, }
 No. 4. }

I. The new rifle-musket with the *safety-notch*, and the *McKeever* cartridge-box having been adopted, and issued to a portion of the Kentucky State Guard, the following modifications of paragraphs in Upton's Infantry Tactics (based upon General Orders No. 49, series of 1881, War Department, Adjutant General's Office, and a circular letter bearing date of January 27th, 1882, War Department, Adjutant General's Office, United States Army), are published for the information and guidance of all Commands of the Kentucky State Guard, armed and equipped, or which may hereafter be armed and equipped with the rifle-musket with the *safety-notch* and the *McKeever* cartridge-box.

II. In paragraph 72, page 31, one sentence is modified to read: *The piece is habitually carried at the safety-notch.*

III. The second and third motions in paragraph 92, page 41, are modified to read: (Two.) *Place the thumb on the hammer, the fore-finger on the trigger, half-cock the piece, look toward the chamber, open it, remove the cartridge case, if necessary, take a cartridge from the cartridge-box, and hold it near the chamber, between the thumb and first two fingers.* (Three.) *Place the cartridge in the bore, pressing it home with the thumb, close the chamber, cast the eyes to the front, bring the hammer to the safety-notch, carry the right hand to the small of the stock, and raise the muzzle to the height of the chin.*

IV. Paragraph 99, page 43, in the second sentence, is modified to read: *At the command carry, drop the piece to the position of the first motion of load; half-cock, open the chamber, remove the cartridge case, close the chamber, bring the hammer to the safety-notch, grasp the piece with the right hand at the small of the stock, and raise the muzzle to the height of the chin.*

V. Paragraph 101, pages 43-4, in the second sentence, is modified to read: At the command *carry*, place the thumb on the hammer, the fore-finger on the trigger, *pull it, at the same time pressing the hammer downwards to free it from the half-cock notch, thus bringing the hammer to the safety-notch; then grasp the small of the stock with the right hand.*

VI. Paragraph 102, page 44, is modified in part to read: 1. *Open*; 2. CHAMBER. At which the recruits quit the piece with the right hand, *bring the hammer to half-cock, open the chamber, and return the right hand to the small of the stock.* The instructor then examines the pieces. Each recruit closes the chamber, *brings the hammer to the safety-notch, and returns the right hand to the small of the stock as soon as his piece is examined.* If the instructor does not wish to examine the pieces, he commands: 1. *Close*; 2. CHAMBER. At which the chambers are closed, *the hammers restored to the safety-notch, and arms port resumed.*

VII. Paragraph 103, page 44, is modified in part to read: 1. *Draw*; 2. CARTRIDGE. At which the pieces are brought to the first motion of load; *the hammer is brought to half-cock, the chamber is then opened, the cartridge withdrawn and returned to the cartridge-box, after which the chamber is closed, the hammer brought to the safety-notch, the right hand carried to the small of the stock, and the muzzle raised to the height of the chin.*

VIII. Paragraph 106, page 45, is modified to read: To cease firing, the instructor commands: 1. *Cease*; 2. FIRING. At this command the men cease firing, re-load their pieces if unloaded, *bring the hammers to the safety-notch, and afterward bring their pieces to a carry. This rule is general.*

IX. Paragraph 110, page 48, is modified so that the last sentence reads: 1. *Squad*; 2. RISE. At which the men *bring the hammer to the safety-notch, rise, face to the front, and resume the carry.*

X. Paragraph 113 is modified to read: "The recruit being at order arms, bayonet fixed, to cause an inspection of arms, the instructor commands: *Inspection*; 2. ARMS. Commencing on the right, the instructor inspects the pieces in succession. Each recruit, as the instructor approaches him, tosses his piece quickly with the right hand opposite the left eye, catching it with the left hand between the rear-sight and the lower band, the thumb extended along the stock, the barrel to the right, and inclined slightly to the front, the hand at the height of the chin; he then passes his right hand quickly to the dock, placing the thumb on the head of the hammer, the elbow raised as high as the hand, the fingers, closed together, extending in front of the lock. (Two.) The recruit presses the thumb on the hammer, lowering the elbow at the same time, and brings the hammer to the half-cock; then drops the right hand by the side; the instructor takes the piece with the right hand at the small of the stock (the recruit dropping the left hand by the side), inspects and hands it back to the recruit, who receives it with the left hand in the position prescribed in the first motion, passes his right hand, as before, to the hammer, and the fore-finger to the trigger, which he pulls, at the same time pressing the hammer downwards to free it from the half-cock notch, thus bringing the hammer to the safety-notch; the piece is then lowered with the left hand, seized near the middle band with the right, and brought to the position of *order*.

"As the instructor returns the piece, the recruit next on the left throws up his piece to the position of *inspection*, and so on throughout the squad.

"Should the piece be inspected without handling, the recruit brings the hammer to the safety-notch, and resumes the *order* as the inspector passes to the next man, who immediately tosses up his piece."

XI. Paragraph 114, page 50, is modified to read: For the purpose of instruction, all the pieces may be brought to the position of *inspection arms*, by the commands: 1. *Inspection*; 2. *ARMS*, which is executed simultaneously by all the men, in two motions, as previously explained. To return to the *order*, the instructor commands: 1. *Order*; 2. *ARMS*. At the last command the recruits restore the hammer to the safety-notch, and lower the piece as previously explained, the butt about three inches from the ground, the left hand steadying the piece near the right, the fingers extended and joined. (Two.) Same as from the *carry*.

XII. Paragraph 115, page 50, is modified to read: The instructor wishing to inspect boxes, commands: 1. *Open*; 2. *BOXES*. At this command, each recruit steadies the piece at the right shoulder with the left hand, and with the right, opens the cartridge-box, then drops the right hand by the side. Beginning on the right, the instructor inspects the boxes successively. Each recruit, as his box is inspected, raises the right hand, closes the box, and resumes the position of *order arms*.

By order of the Governor:

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General*.

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY STATE GUARD,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, March 8th, 1882. }

GENERAL ORDERS, }
No. 5. }

1. In obedience to the subjoined Executive order, the Inspector General will, at such times and places as he may designate in Special Orders, inspect the several commands of the Kentucky State Guard, their arms, equipments, and armories.

STATE OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE OFFICE, }
FRANKFORT, February 24th, 1882. }

EXECUTIVE ORDERS, }
No. 1. }

The Inspector General is hereby directed to make a minute inspection of the Kentucky State Guard, its arms, accoutrements, equipments, and armories during the current year, with the view to a more complete organization and the preservation of public property. Said inspection will be held at such times as the Inspector General can most conveniently visit the several commands. He will make a report in detail to the Commander-in-Chief.

(Signed)

LUKE P. BLACKBURN, *Governor*.

2. One day's pay will be allowed and paid out of the military fund, the same as for active service, for each officer, non-commissioned officer, and soldier present at the stated inspection, in uniform and inspected. Pay-rolls will be prepared and certified by commanding officers and forwarded to the Adjutant General within twenty days after the inspection, and payment made thereafter so soon as the military fund is collected.

By order of the Governor:

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General*.

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY STATE GUARD,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, March 11th, 1882. }

GENERAL ORDERS, }
No. 6. }

1. To indicate service in the Kentucky State Guard: All non-commissioned officers, soldiers, and musicians, who have served faithfully for one term of enlistment, will wear,

as a mark of distinction upon both sleeves of the uniform coat, below the elbow, a diagonal half-chevron, one half inch wide, extending from seam to seam, the front end, nearest the cuff, and one half inch above the point of the cuff, to be of the same material as the chevrons worn by the non-commissioned officers of the organization.

2. In like manner, an additional half-chevron, above and parallel to the first, for every subsequent term of enlistment and faithful service. Distance between each chevron one fourth of an inch.

3. For each separate term of active service there will be allowed a half-chevron, to be laid on of same material and style as the foregoing, one half inch above the enlistment, chevron, and successively one half inch apart.

By order of the Governor :

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General.*

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY STATE GUARD,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, October 7th, 1882. }

GENERAL ORDERS, }
No. 9.

1. Under authority of section 35 of an act, entitled "An act concerning the Militia of this Commonwealth and the organization of the Kentucky State Guard," approved April 8th, 1878, there will be allowed and paid out of the Military Fund, in aid of uniforming the several Companies heretofore authorized to contract for uniforms, a sum not exceeding eight dollars for each uniform so obtained, to be paid upon the certificate of the commanding officer, or to his order: *Provided*, That the uniform shall conform to the regulations prescribed in General Order No. 9, series of 1881: *And provided further*, That where the purchase-price of such uniform has been in part paid by contribution or gift, then only so much as will pay off the balance will be allowed under this order, *pro rata*.

2. On all property returns, the number and character of uniforms, and the amount paid thereon under this order will be hereafter required.

By order of the Governor :

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General.*

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY STATE GUARD,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, November 4th, 1882. }

GENERAL ORDERS, }
No. 10.

1. The Commander-in-Chief takes great pleasure in acknowledging the services of the State Guard lately on active duty in Boyd county. The Command was called into active service by Special Orders, to aid the civil authority, to the end that persons accused of the gravest crimes known to the law might have a fair and impartial trial in the courts, and was acting under the orders of civil officers. The task imposed upon the commanding officer was of a responsible and delicate nature, requiring prudence, firmness, and soldierly skill. To the Command it was a severe test of the State Guard organization, which has not been attained by any sudden emergency or fitful effort, but is the result of patient, persistent, intelligent preparation. The young State Guardsman, detailed on sentry duty at Catlettsburg, was standing guard at every domicile in the Commonwealth, and whilst repelling with force the attack of an infuriated and misguided mob, he was simply, but emphatically, announcing that the law must and should be main-

tained, and that mobs and masked lynchers, assassins, and so-called midnight regulators must take warning.

The conduct of the commanding officer is fully approved, and that of the entire force is equally deserving of praise. Major John R. Allen and his several staff officers, the officers and soldiers of his Battalion, viz: Captain J. Lampton Price, the officers and soldiers of the McCreary Guards; Captain D. Vertner Johnston, the officers and soldiers of the Lexington Guards; Captain E. W. Fitzgerald, the officers and soldiers of the Emmet Rifles; Captain Thos. F. Hughes, the officers and soldiers of the Blackburn Guards; and the following, temporarily attached: Captain D. F. C. Weller, the officers and soldiers of Company C, First Regiment—detailed for this service from the several Companies composing the Regiment—Captain Jo. L. Rodman, the officers and soldiers of the Nuckols Guards; and First Lieutenant C. B. Bly, with the officers and soldiers of the First Section Louisville Light Artillery, will, for duty well performed, accept the sincere thanks of the Governor, their Commander-in-Chief.

By order of the Governor:

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General.*

APPENDIX B.

MAJOR JOHN R. ALLEN'S OFFICIAL REPORT.

HEADQUARTERS THIRD BATTALION, K. S. G.,
LEXINGTON, KY., November 6th, 1882. }

To GENERAL J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General of Kentucky*:

SIR: I have the honor to submit to you the following report of the action and service of the troops lately under my command at Catlettsburg, Kentucky.

In obedience to Special Orders No. 52, issued from Headquarters October 26th, 1882, the following Companies reported to me for duty on Monday, October 30th, 1882, at 9 o'clock, A. M.:

MCCREARY GUARDS, of Frankfort.

Captain—J. L. Price.

First Lieutenant—J. W. Milam.

Twenty-seven non-commissioned officers and men.

LEXINGTON GUARDS, of Lexington, Kentucky.

Captain—D. V. Johnston.

First Lieutenant—F. W. Wiehl.

Second Lieutenant—J. W. Robinson.

Twenty-nine non-commissioned officers and men.

EMMET RIFLES, of Maysville, Kentucky.

Captain—E. W. Fitzgerald.

First Lieutenant—E. C. Leonard.

Second Lieutenant—M. J. McCarthy.

Twenty-nine non-commissioned officers and men.

COMPANY FROM LOUISVILLE LEGION—ATTACHED, Louisville, Kentucky.

Captain—D. F. C. Weller.

First Lieutenant—Sohan.

Second Lieutenant—Dobbin.

Thirty-six non-commissioned officers and men.

BLACKBURN GUARDS, of Midway.

Captain—T. F. Hughes.

First Lieutenant—R. H. Davis.

Second Lieutenant—Eugene Wallace.

Twenty-five non-commissioned officers and men.

NUCKOLS GUARDS—ATTACHED, Frankfort.

Captain—J. L. Rodman.

First Lieutenant—P. Meek.

Second Lieutenant—J. Phillips.

Twenty-four non-commissioned officers and men.

SECTION LIGHT ARTILLERY—ATTACHED, Louisville.

First Lieutenant—C. B. Bly, commanding.

Fifteen non-commissioned officers and men.

Battalion Adjutant—Lieut. H. P. Kinkead.

Battalion Quarter-Master—Capt. T. F. Murphy.

Battalion Surgeon—Lieut. A. Duvall.

We left Lexington about a quarter of ten o'clock in the forenoon. Nothing of interest or excitement transpired on the trip. The soldiers were remarkably quiet and orderly. The prisoners were placed in one of the center coaches, under a strong guard, which was relieved every two hours. At Ashland a large crowd was gathered; but outside of a few wild threats from individuals, there were no indications of hostility. We reached Catlettsburg late in the afternoon, and marched directly to the quarters which our efficient Quarter-Master, Capt. T. F. Murphy, had provided for us. The McCreary Guards, Louisville Light Artillery, and Emmet Rifles were quartered in the court-house, and a small jury room in the same building furnished us a convenient guard-room, where the prisoners and the guard were placed. The Lexington Guards and Company C, Louisville Legion, occupied quarters in the rooms over the circuit and county clerks' rooms, in a building adjacent to the court-house. The Blackburn Guards and Nuckols Guards were quartered nearly a square below, in a building known as "Judge Brown's building."

Before we had been settled in our quarters, a very distressing and unfortunate accident occurred, which threw a gloom over the whole Battalion. Private Hurley, of the Emmet Rifles, while stooping over at a well in the court-house yard, let a pistol drop from his hip-pocket, which discharged itself, the ball penetrating his left leg between the foot and knee, and causing a painful and serious, though not a fatal, wound. His wound was dressed with skill by Dr. A. Duvall, our Battalion Surgeon, assisted by Capt. Price. The wounded man was soon removed to a comfortable room at the jailer's house, and is, I understand, rapidly improving. In view of this unfortunate accident, an order

was issued forbidding any private afterwards to carry a pistol, which was strictly enforced.

The quarters were immediately placed under the strictest military discipline. That night the men were worn out and fatigued with their long trip, and soon sought the repose which they so much needed. Reveille was beaten by the drummer, and a morning blank shot fired by the cannon, at 6 o'clock, A. M., every morning.

The Companies ate at different boarding-houses about the town, each one being allowed a half hour for meals, and the time for meals being so arranged that only two Companies left the barracks at the same time. Guard mounting every morning at a quarter past 8 o'clock. Dinner roll-calls from 12 o'clock, M., to a quarter of 2 P. M. Supper roll-calls from 6 o'clock, P. M., to 7½ P. M. Tattoo at 9 o'clock, P. M. Taps at 9½ o'clock, P. M. This was the order of exercises during the day.

On Tuesday, the 31st of October, the application for a change of venue was to be decided, and a large crowd gathered in the court-house and about the yards. It was rumored that there was a plot on foot that day for certain persons to attack, and, if possible, kill the prisoners while they were in the court-house. In consequence of this a guard detail, consisting of ten men, accompanied the prisoners into the court-house, and stayed there during the whole of the session. In addition to this precaution, the troops were drawn up in the court-house yard ready for any emergency. Judge Brown decided that the prisoners were entitled to a change of venue, and removed the case to Carter county, amid a good deal of excitement, and ordered us, in connection with the sheriff, to take the prisoners to Lexington, Kentucky. That afternoon the wildest rumors were afloat as to a large mob having been organized in Ashland with the intention of coming to Catlettsburg.

Late in the afternoon I received from an official of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad a telegram from Ashland, informing me that a large crowd had gathered at the place where George Ellis was hung; that they had taken the tools away from the section hands of the road at Ashland, and evidently meant mischief. The guards were then doubled. The Companies which were quartered at other places were all marched into and quartered at the court-house (except the Lexington Guards and Company C, Louisville, who still occupied the county clerk's building). Mounted pickets were sent out under the command of Capt. T.

F. Murphy to notify us of the approach of any body of armed men, and to apprise us of anything unusual which might occur. In the meantime, different reports were brought to us at barracks; one, that a mob of seven hundred men had crossed the river at Ironton, and were on their way to Catlettsburg; another, that the mob at Ashland had torn up the track, but before doing so had stopped and searched a train bound for Lexington, on which the troops and prisoners were expected to be. From all these rumors, I gathered that there was a great deal of excitement at Ashland, and determined, rather than to have a conflict of any kind with the people, to go by boat, instead of by rail, as we had intended, and as our tickets provided for.

The Quarter-Master was instructed to make secret arrangements with the Granite State that night to take us on her down trip to Maysville the next day; to keep this arrangement perfectly quiet, and to spread the rumor as much as possible that we were going by rail. I desired in this way to get out of the county by strategy.

That night we were aroused three or four times by gun-shots and anvils fired in the vicinity of the court-house, which disturbed the sleep of the already jaded and worn-out men, and caused them to spring to their arms and form for action. Beyond this nothing occurred to indicate any trouble.

The next day (Wednesday) our boat was expected to arrive at 12 o'clock, M., sharp; and early in the forenoon the order to prepare was given, and at ten minutes before 12 o'clock the troops, with the prisoners, moved towards the river. Before we started, and on our way, information was given me that a mob of 1,500 men had seized a train at Ashland, and was on its way to Catlettsburg. When we reached the river front the prisoners were marched with the regular guard, and with two Companies, the Blackburn Guards and Nuckols Guards, to assist them, to the wharf-boat. The remainder of the troops were posted on the hill which commands the river front. The gun of the Louisville Light Artillery, commanded by Lieut. Bly, was placed facing the depot at which the mob was expected to arrive, and commanding two squares of the street leading to the river front. The McCreary Guards were posted on each side of the cannon to support the artillery. The Lexington Guards were posted at the corner of another street, at right-angles to the river front, to prevent any flank movement by the mob. The remainder of the troops were placed behind the Alger House, which faces the river, ready to wheel into line around the corner to

take the place of the McCreary Guards in supporting the artillery in case the McCreary's should be disabled. It was then long after 12 o'clock, and the Granite State had not yet arrived, and I began to grow uneasy lest the Captain of the boat had reconsidered his contract of the night before, and determined to withdraw it. If the boat had arrived promptly at 12 o'clock, as her officers expected, perhaps we could have run past Ashland quietly and without difficulty.

We had no sooner taken the position I have described, above, than a train arrived from Ashland, consisting of one locomotive, five or six flat cars, and one or two passenger cars closely packed with a mob. The train crossed the street, and stopped in full view of the McCreary Guards and the artillery. A delegation or committee jumped off the train and came down the street calling for Major Allen. I went forward to meet them in front of the troops. The committee was composed of some twenty-five or thirty men. Their spokesmen were two decent, respectable, sober-looking men, who were not at all intoxicated, but quiet and gentlemanly in their manner. They said they came from Ashland for the purpose of taking Neal and Craft; that they came to take them peaceably, if possible, if not, by force; that a great crime had been committed in their community, and they felt called on, as honorable men, to avenge it; that they had as many as two thousand men; that it was composed not of worthless, drunken persons, but of sober, discreet men, who were otherwise law-abiding and quiet citizens. I refused to give up the prisoners, and said that we were young men who came to Boyd county simply for the purpose of upholding the law, and in obedience to orders, and not to bulldoze or to impose upon their rights; that we did not desire a difficulty with anybody, particularly with Kentuckians, and would not participate in any difficulty unless it was forced upon us; that if any difficulty occurred, or any blood was shed, the responsibility for the results must rest upon them, and not upon us. I then again refused positively to give them the prisoners. The two spokesmen expressed regret that I could not comply with their demands; said they would be ashamed or afraid (I forget which expression) to return to Ashland without the prisoners; shook hands with me, and turned to go.

Some one belonging to the committee (I do not know whether one of the spokesmen or not) then stated that we would be met at Ashland by two thousand or twenty-five hundred men and the steam-boat with four pieces of cannon. This same threat was repeated to me several

other times while we were in position by people whom I didn't know, and I conveyed it to Capt. Price and Lieut. Bly, and we consulted over it. I finally determined to retreat from Catlettsburg, as our boat had in the meantime arrived, and to try to run past Ashland before the mob would have time to reorganize at that place. With this idea, I withdrew all my troops under cover of the cannon into the boat, then dragged the cannon on to the deck of the boat and headed toward Maysville. I made immediately a requisition on the Captain for his boat; instructed him under no circumstances to land at Ashland, and to hug the Ohio shore as much as the channel would allow him to do. Two soldiers were sent to the pilot-house with loaded guns and fixed bayonets to compel the pilot not to land at Ashland. At the same time that our boat left the wharf we heard the train to which the mob had returned, pulling out. The soldiers were disposed about the boat as follows:

The McCreary Guards on the hurricane deck on the side toward Ashland; the Nuckols Guards, owing to youth and inexperience, were placed on the right side of the same deck, so that they would not have to bear the brunt of the fight in case any occurred. The Lexington Guards and Blackburn Guards were posted on the middle or quarter deck on the Ashland side; on the same side, but on the lower deck, stood the Louisville Infantry Company and the Emmet Rifles; on the lower deck, also, near the prow of the boat, was the Louisville Light Artillery, with their cannon pointed toward the Kentucky side of the river. When the Granite State approached Ashland, the train which had pulled out from Catlettsburg at the same time our boat left the wharf, came into sight and ran along the track which skirts the river front at that point, at the same speed as the boat. A number of shots were fired from the train at us, but the range was too long, and the shots fell too short to do any damage. These shots were not responded to by the men, as I ordered them not to fire under any circumstances, unless it became absolutely necessary as a means of self-defense.

As we approached Ashland a ferry-boat, containing, as we believed, from fifty to one hundred men, armed with rifles and shot-guns, left the landing, and started toward us. The appearance of this boat at the place where we had been warned it would appear, seemed to confirm in every particular the threats of the mob at Catlettsburg, and the troops knew, or believed, that trouble was imminent. We also believed that, since the statements of the mob had been so true in every other partic-

ular, the ferry-boat had on it somewhere pieces of artillery (though none could be seen), as they had warned us of this fact. To prepare for this, the gunner of our artillery was directed to constantly cover the ferry-boat with his piece, but not to fire until I gave him the order. Orders were also given to the Captains of different Companies that when the command "fire" was given to direct their fire at the ferry-boat, as I did not anticipate any serious danger to us from any other source.

The ferry-boat steamed up the river, whistled a signal for us to stop, which we did not heed, and commenced sidling toward us. As the ferry-boat left the landing, the sheriff of Boyd county instructed me to use my own judgment about firing, and to commence whenever I thought it necessary. When the ferry-boat reached a point nearly opposite, or a little below the gangway of our boat, a shot was fired from the direction of the ferry-boat toward us, followed immediately by a number of other shots in quick succession, wounding one or two of our men, one of them a drummer standing within a few feet of me.

Believing then that there was no law of God or man to justify me in compelling my men to stand as targets for lawless men to shoot at without returning their fire, and that we had already avoided a difficulty until it almost seemed that we were the law-breakers, and not the mob, I gave the order to fire, and immediately a deadly volley was poured from our boat into the ferry-boat. Several volleys followed in quick succession, and then I gave the order to cease firing, believing the ferry-boat to be completely disabled. It took me several minutes to convey this order from one end of the boat to the other, and from one deck to another. As soon as the order reached the different Captains, they silenced the guns of their soldiers.

I suppose it was five minutes from the time the ferry-boat opened fire on us to the moment when all firing ceased on our boat. If the order to cease firing could have been heard by every Company at the same time, the engagement would not have lasted over three minutes; but owing to the length of the boat, and the fact that the men were posted in the front and rear of all three decks, and the smoke and noise of the guns, it took perhaps two minutes to pass the order over the whole boat.

During the engagement our boat was running straight down the river at her usual speed. We did not round to the ferry or stop to fight; we

simply desired to pass the place as soon as possible, and to get away with our prisoners. A large crowd had foolishly gathered on the bank of the river and on the wharf-boat, when the ferry-boat opened fire on us, immediately in range of our bullets, if any should miss the ferry-boat. We had no means of knowing, and did not know, but that that crowd was composed largely of the mob which came down from Catlettsburg on the train a few minutes before we arrived; but notwithstanding that, not a single Company on board our boat directed its fire at the people on the bank.

A positive order was given by me a few minutes before the engagement that the fire should be directed at the ferry-boat; it was repeated by the Captains to their Companies, and, so far as I know, and as each Captain reports to me, that order was strictly obeyed.

People on the bank were unfortunately within the range of our guns during the conflict with the ferry-boat, and to that fact alone must be attributed the sad results which followed the conflict. When the ferry-boat reached a point opposite the middle of our boat, as the Granite State had so much more length than the ferry-boat, the soldiers in the prow of our boat, as well as those in the rear, were compelled to shoot diagonally at the ferry. Besides this, the soldiers posted on the lower deck of our boat, in shooting at the pilot of the ferry, necessarily elevated their pieces.

In view of these circumstances, with two hundred inexperienced marksmen shooting at the ferry, with our boat running down stream at the rate of eight or ten miles an hour, and the ferry moving up stream, much as it is to be regretted, it is not surprising that a great number of shots directed at the ferry should have missed their mark and carried death into the crowd on the shore, or ricocheted on the water and thus reached them, or that a number of the balls of the soldiers on the lower deck of the Granite State, who were shooting at the pilot of the ferry, should have flown over the pilot-house, and gone into the town on the hill back of the ferry.

I desire, and through me every soldier in the Battalion desires, to express the sincerest regret and deepest grief that any innocent man or woman should have suffered from our action, and to deplore the fatal necessity which compelled us to take such deadly measures; but we feel that the conflict was forced upon us, and that the responsibility for the blood of innocent people which was shed must rest upon the violators of the law, and not upon us.

It was my desire and I earnestly endeavored to inculcate into the mind of each officer and private in my command to so conduct themselves while in Catlettsburg and Boyd county as to impress the citizens of that district with the idea that we did not go there for the purpose of intimidating or bullying them, but simply as a sheriff's posse to aid them in upholding the law. I believe the soldiers faithfully carried out this idea in their conduct and demeanor.

After we passed Ashland, although the soldiers were kept on deck, for fear we might have some difficulty at Ironton and Portsmouth, Ohio, nothing occurred. We reached Maysville about 1:30 o'clock in the night; were quartered in the court-house at that place until 5 o'clock in the morning, when we left by special train for Lexington, reaching that place at about 10 o'clock, A. M. Here, in accordance with the order of Judge Brown, we delivered the prisoners into the custody of the jailer of Fayette county. The Louisville and Frankfort troops left for their homes at 2 P. M.

The following casualties occurred during the conflict at Ashland, to-wit: Private Lewis Scott, of Nuckols Guards, had his left finger shot off, and received a scalp wound in his head; Corporal Duncan Holmes, of Nuckols Guards, received a wound in the cheek under left eye; Sergeant Harry Graham, of McCreary Guards, was shot clear through helmet, but without hurting him; Surgeon Alvin Duvall shot through his overcoat; Drummer Charles Norman received a shot which passed through his left hand, breaking one of his drum-sticks; one private of Emmet Rifles shot in the head; one of Louisville Legion shot in his breast-plate, the ball glancing and striking another one on the leg—none fatally wounded.

In conclusion, I desire in this official manner to report to you that no more quiet, orderly, or better behaved set of soldiers were ever gathered into one Battalion. That not a single case of drunkenness occurred on the whole trip, and but one of neglect of duty, which was promptly punished.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

JOHN R. ALLEN,
Major Commanding.

MAJOR M. H. CRUMP'S REPORT.

HEADQUARTERS FOURTH BATTALION, K. S. G., }
 BOWLING GREEN, KY., July 25th, 1882. }

BRIGADIER GENERAL J. P. NUCKOLS, *Frankfort, Kentucky* :

GENERAL: I have the honor to transmit the following report of the *voluntary* encampment of the Fourth Battalion, K. S. G., at Camp "Henry Watterson," Mammoth Cave, Kentucky :

The tour began Saturday, July 15th. Three Companies—Company "A," Bowling Green, Company "C," Russellville, and Company "D," Hopkinsville—reported at Glasgow Junction at 7 A. M., and began the march of 8½ miles to the camp. For the first three miles the road was rough, sun hot, and the men suffered some from thirst, springs being difficult of access. At 12 o'clock the troops reached the Cave, and entered the camp at once, the tents being up. I had gone to the Cave on the Wednesday previous, laid out the camp ground and erected the tents, and here I must take occasion to thank Mr. Klett, the gentlemanly manager of the Cave, for the great assistance rendered by himself personally and his assistants. I found upon my arrival a splendid arbor, sufficiently commodious to seat all the men, under which there were tables and seats; and near by arrangements for cooking, and wood furnished for the purpose. All of this Mr. Klett had done at his own expense. A large flag pole was erected just in front of the Governor's marquee; a handsome bed of flowers was also added complimentary to the Governor.

Dress parade was held on Saturday evening, after which guard was mounted, which was continued daily; until all the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men had served one time.

The 16th and 17th were bright and fair; 18th and 19th heavy rain; 20th, 21st, and 22d fair.

Some interruption, as to the established routine, was occasioned by the delay of blankets and cooking utensils, which arrived on Wednesday morning; otherwise regular camp discipline was observed.

I take occasion to thank both officers and men for the cheerful manner in which the somewhat arduous duties were performed, especially the members of Company "D," who were compelled to sleep upon the ground, with the scantest covering, for several nights.

I have never seen better discipline and better behavior from any set of men. Officers were generally well posted in their duties, all of which they cheerfully performed.

Schneider's Band from Louisville arrived on Monday, the 17th, and

remained till Saturday, 22d. I wish to express thanks for the uniform courtesy and accommodation shown by them during their stay.

Battalion reports, morning, show the following:

Monday, July 17, 1882, total 107 officers and enlisted men.

Tuesday, July 18, 1882, total 118 officers and enlisted men.

Wednesday, July 19, 1882, total 120 officers and enlisted men.

Thursday, July 20, 1882, total 120 officers and enlisted men.

Friday, July 21, 1882, total 120 officers and enlisted men.

Saturday, July 22, 1882, total 119 officers and enlisted men.

On Thursday, 20th, an inspection and review was had, witnessed by the Governor and yourself; reports of which were furnished you by each Captain.

The health of the camp could not have been better; nothing in the way of sickness, except the most trifling cases.

The commissariat was well supplied. Too much praise cannot be given Quarter-Master Sergeants Dulaney, Company "A," Perry, Company "C," and Ellis, Company "D," for their exertions in abundantly supplying the men with all the country produce. As soon as the bills are sent in I shall forward you a statement of the actual cost per day, per man, for subsistence.

In addition to the assistance already mentioned, Mr. Klett tendered the soldiers the privilege of the Cave and the ball-room, both of which they eagerly accepted.

Drills.

A regular schedule for Battalion drill had been prepared and sent to the Captains of each Company; but upon assembling it was determined that the Companies were not sufficiently well instructed in the school of the Company for Battalion drill, and this was due to the fact that Company "D" had only received their guns three days before the encampment. The Companies made marked improvement during their stay, and could we have remained a week longer the whole of Battalion drill could have been gone through with.

In conclusion, I will say that, as a voluntary encampment for instruction, it was a success. The men, one and all, were delighted, and only regretted the brevity of their stay.

I have the honor to be,

Very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

M. H. CRUMP,

Major Commanding Fourth Battalion, K. S. G.

CAPT. T. F. MURPHY'S REPORT.

FRANKFORT, KY., April 11th, 1883.

GENERAL J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General*:

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report of my service as Quarter-Master Second Regiment, K. S. G.: Being placed on active duty by Special Order, No. 6, January 30th, 1883, with directions to proceed to Grayson, Carter county, and arrange for quartering and subsisting Second Regiment and detachment of First Regiment. Arriving at Grayson on the evening of the 30th, I proceeded on the following day to select and survey a camp for the command, which was accomplished with the kind assistance of the citizens of Grayson, who offered us every facility at their command.

The location selected was on a piece of rolling ground, containing about twenty acres, which, in ordinary weather, would have been comfortable and healthy for the troops; but owing to the unusually wet weather that followed, our camp soon bore the appearance of a vast mud hole, which necessitated the purchase of a large supply of lumber for flooring the tents, building kitchens, and guard-house.

Each Company was furnished with a kitchen thirty by fourteen feet, made of boards, and situated sixty feet from the tent line.

Subsistence.

Not knowing how long our services would be required at Grayson, I did not feel authorized to provide more than four days' rations, which was purchased at Lexington, and shipped on the same train that conveyed the troops to Grayson.

As soon as I ascertained that our force would remain some weeks at Grayson, we ordered eight days' rations from Lexington, which was promptly shipped, but the heavy rains destroyed the line of railroad between Grayson and E. K. Junction before our supplies could reach us; and the river (Little Sandy) being so high for a week that I could not reach our supplies at Leon Station, I was compelled to rely entirely for the time on Grayson for subsistence, which the merchants furnished at the usual prices. We were for a short time entirely without some parts of the army ration, but did not suffer any serious inconvenience.

The total cost of provisions purchased for issue to troops on requisition was \$2,144.60; deduct from this amount \$150.03, the amount realized for supplies on hand when orders were received to move from

Grayson, shows the cost of rations issued during the eighteen days to have been \$1,994.57 for the command numbering four hundred and seventy men, or 23 3-5 cents per day for each man. This amount does not include supplies purchased and issued to hospital.

Owing to the severity of the weather, our hospital was usually crowded with sick and convalescent soldiers, which, of necessity, made the hospital department a costly feature of the campaign. The cost of provisions purchased for use of hospital amounted to \$474.45.

The cost of drugs and medicines for hospital amounted to \$294.83. As the State was entirely without surgical instruments, the Governor ordered the purchase of one set of operating instruments, and one medical case for field services, which was made at a cost of one hundred and fifty (\$150) dollars.

The amount above named does not include drugs provided by Dr. A. M. Vance, of First Regiment, before leaving Louisville.

Fuel.

I found wood and coal to be items of some magnitude, owing to the miserable condition of the roads—more than a scarcity of either wood or coal. On the 31st of January I arranged for the delivery of twenty-five cords of wood, at \$3 per cord; but after the heavy rains of the following weeks we were compelled to pay the same parties \$4, which forced our bill for fuel up to \$1,039.70.

By order of Col. John R. Allen, forty-four horses were hired at Mt. Sterling for the purpose of mounting some of the infantry, and moving the artillery. The horses were fed at Grayson first by a livery man of that place at a cost of one dollar (\$1) per day, but concluding the cost would be lessened by purchasing forage, we rented a stable of suitable size, convenient to camp, where the horses were fed and groomed by the men detailed to use them, and the forage issued by a corporal detailed for that duty. The horses were well cared for, and returned to their owners at Mt. Sterling in good condition, and without any accident.

The cost of forage purchased and issued for horses amounted to \$206.30; hire of horses, \$956.85.

Transportation.

As I did not provide for transportation of detachment from First Regiment from Louisville, I am unable to state the cost.

On return of the command, it was necessary to travel by Eastern Kentucky Railway to Riverton, and by steamer to Maysville, as it was

impossible to haul the artillery and baggage over the mountain roads to the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad. It would have been necessary to have hauled the artillery and baggage over the mountains a distance of seven miles; some streams between Grayson and the railroad could not have been crossed without bridging, which would have made this route much more expensive than the one accepted. Transportation from Grayson to Riverton, 23 miles, \$390. We arranged with the Ironton and Pomeroy Packet Company for a steamer to transport the command with its baggage, &c., from Riverton to Maysville, Ky., for 2½ cents per mile for each man, with tents, baggage, &c., included, making a total cost of transportation from Riverton to Maysville of \$815.

At Maysville I secured special train from that point to Lexington at the usual cost of transportation, 3 cents per mile for each man, and the customary rates for freight was paid for camp equipage, making a total cost of transportation from Maysville to Lexington of \$825. While at Maysville I arranged by telegraph with L. & N. Railroad Co. for transportation over their line from Lexington to the different destinations of the companies on the line of L. & N. Railroad, including detachment from First Regiment at Louisville.

Capt. Lillard's company, of Lawrenceburg, was furnished transportation from Frankfort to Tyrone by steamer, thence to Lawrenceburg by wagon.

Respectfully submitted,

THOMAS F. MURPHY,

Captain and Quarter-Master Second Regiment, K. S. G.

APPENDIX C.

STATE OF KENTUCKY,
OFFICE OF ADJUTANT GENERAL,
FRANKFORT, July 1st, 1880 }

The following instructions for the various persons therein named having been compiled by a board of officers, are hereby adopted and prescribed for the Kentucky State Guard when in Camps of Instruction, or on active duty in the field.

J. P. NUCKOLS, *Adjutant General.*

Daily Routine in Camp.

1. Reveille, 6 A. M.
2. Surgeon's call, 6:30 A. M.
3. Breakfast call, 7 A. M.
4. Troop or Guard Mounting, 8 A. M.
5. Company or other drill, 9 A. M.
6. Dinner roll-call, 1 P. M.
7. Battalion drill, 4 P. M.
8. Dress Parade and Retreat at sunset.
9. Supper immediately after Retreat.
10. Tattoo, 9:30 P. M.
11. Taps, 10 P. M.
12. Battalion Inspection and Inspection of Tents, 9 A. M. (Sunday).
13. Church call, 10:30 A. M. (Sunday).

Roll-calls.

1. There shall be at least three roll-calls, viz: at Reveille, Retreat, and Tattoo. They will be made on the Company Parades by the First Sergeants, superintended by the commissioned officers. The Captain will report the absentees without leave to the Officer of the Day.

2. Immediately after Reveille the tents and the space immediately around them will be put in order by the men of the Companies, superintended by the chiefs of squads, and the guard tent by the prisoners or by the guard.

Morning Reports.

Morning reports of Companies for preceding day, signed by the Captains and First Sergeants, will be handed to the Adjutant before 8 A. M., and will be consolidated by the Adjutant within the next hour for the information of the commanding officer.

Signals.

Drummers' call shall be beaten by the drums of the camp guard five (5) minutes before the time of beating the stated calls, when the drummers will assemble before the colors of their respective Battalions; and as soon as the beat begins on the *right*, it will be immediately taken up along the line.

Permits.

1. No officer or enlisted man will be allowed to absent himself from camp between Tattoo and Reveille without special permission.
2. All applications for permits will be in writing, and must be made through the commanding officer of the Company, and approved by the Battalion commander. Every permit will be returned to the Officer of the Guard, and the applicant will report to said officer on leaving and returning to camp.

Sick.

SURGEON'S CALL.

1. At the *surgeon's call*, the sick of each Company in camp shall be conducted to the hospital by a non-commissioned officer of the Company, detailed for that purpose at the previous evening parade. The medical officer will, every morning, thirty minutes after Reveille, meet and examine the sick brought to the hospital, retaining all whom he may consider unable to attend to any duty, and sending all others to quarters, excused only from such duty as he may judge them unable to perform.
2. The sick-marcher will see that the names of the sick are correctly registered on the Company book.
3. The Officer of the Day will keep a sick-list, on which will be placed the name of any man who is taken sick at any time other than that specified above.

Meals.

At the hours appointed for breakfast, dinner, and supper, the Companies will be formed on the Battalion-parade grounds by the First

Sergeants, and will be then marched to and from the mess-hall by the senior officer present.

Military Courtesy.

Courtesy among military men is indispensable to discipline; respect to superiors will not be confined to obedience on duty, but will be extended on all occasions. Especial attention of officers and enlisted men is directed to paragraphs 787-807, Upton's Infantry Tactics, and they will be strictly observed on all occasions.

Instructions for, and Duties of, the Officer of the Day.

I. The Officer of the Day is subject only to the orders of the commanding officer; he is responsible for the good order of the camp; he receives his orders and instructions direct from the commanding officer, and transmits them to his subordinates; all the guards of the command are under his general direction.!

II. The Officer of the Day will attend all roll-calls, and, on receiving the names of the absent enlisted men, will at once cause them to be found, if within the limits of the camp. Should an absent soldier not be promptly found, a report of the fact will forthwith be made to the Post Adjutant or commanding officer in person, with a view to further search beyond the limits of the camp. When found, the absentee will be confined to await the decision of the commanding officer in his case.

III. It is the duty of an intermediate commander thoroughly to investigate the subject-matter of any paper transmitted through him for the action of superior authority, and to state the facts elicited by such investigation and his opinion of the case. The Officer of the Day will remember this rule, and rigidly observe it in transmitting the report of the guard.

IV. The Officer of the Day inspects the Company, band, and hospital messes, and sinks.

V. The Officer of the Day gives the countersign to the Commander of the Guard before retreat, and sends out patrols to various parts of the command and its immediate vicinity, for the arrest of absentees and the preservation of good order.

VI. In the transfer of prisoners at guard mounting, each will be called out by name, and be made to march ten paces to the front. The calling of the names will be with sufficient deliberation to cause complete identification of the prisoners by the Officer of the Day, who is hereby directed to give his personal attention to the execution of this order.

Instructions for, and Duties of, the Commander of the Guard.

I. The Commander of the Guard should satisfy himself that the property belonging to the guard-tent is all on hand, that the prisoners borne on the guard report are all present, and that all special orders are reported to him.

II. He should be familiar with all the details of the sentinel's duties, in order that he may know that the instruction of the men is properly attended to. He should ascertain, by personal inspection of all the reliefs, before they are posted and afterward, that the men are familiar with their duties, both as to sentinels on post and over prisoners.

III. His attention should be directed particularly to seeing that the non-commissioned officers of the guard do their duty properly; that the Corporals visit their reliefs frequently, and instruct the sentinels; that the sentinels walk their post diligently; and he should visit them frequently during the day and night, and ascertain, by personal examination, whether they know their duties.

IV. He should enforce cleanliness and order in the guard, and a proper military deportment; and not allow any games or other pursuits that would detract from the proper dignity of the guard.

V. He is required, at Retreat, to have the roll of the guard called, and to inspect arms to see that they are in perfect order.

VI. The Commander of the Guard is charged with the order and cleanliness of the guard-tent and its surroundings.

VII. The Commander of the Guard is responsible that all calls are beaten or sounded by the musicians of the guard, and at the proper times; that the flags are hoisted and lowered at the proper hour, and that they are kept free and in perfect order.

VIII. The Officer of the Guard will habitually remain at his post. When he leaves it to inspect or instruct sentinels, or other like duty, his absence will be limited substantially to such duty; when absent for his meals or on account of any manifest necessity, the absence will be abridged to a proper limit.

IX. The Commander of the Guard is responsible that his guard is paraded for all general officers, civilians entitled to the compliment (Reg., Par. 244), foreign officers visiting the post, large bodies of troops, the commanding officer at the post, and the Officer of the Day.

X. When general officers, or persons entitled to salute, pass in rear of the guard, the officer is only to make his men stand at a "carry arms," and not face his guard about, or beat his drum.

XI. When general officers, or persons entitled to a salute, pass guards while in the act of relieving, both guards are to salute, receiving the word of command from the senior officer of the whole.

XII. All guards are to be under arms when armed parties approach their posts; and to parties commanded by commissioned officers, they are to present arms, drums beating a march and officers saluting.

XIII. The guard will not be turned out for the Officer of the Day, commanding officer, or other officer entitled to the compliment, unless he be advancing in the direction of the guard-house.

XIV. The Commander of the Guard will send a patrol around the camp at taps, to see that all unauthorized lights are extinguished, soldiers and camp followers in their quarters.

XV. He will, when notified of absentees from any duty, order a patrol to search for them, and when found, have them brought before the Officer of the Day for his orders in the case.

XVI. In general, he should be thoroughly conversant with all orders published for the information of his subordinates, and see that they are properly performed.

XVII. All passes, except for non-commissioned staff, will be sent to the Officer of the Guard for delivery; the time of actual delivery will be noted on the back of the pass, and will be signed by the Officer of the Guard. On receiving his pass, the soldier must leave immediately, or return it to the Officer of the Guard. The Officer of the Guard must deliver the pass in person, and instruct the soldier to report to the Commander of the Guard at the guard-tent immediately on returning to camp. The time of actual return will be noted on the pass, and will be signed by the Officer of the Guard to whom the report is made. All passes taken up or not delivered will be transmitted with the report of the guard.

XVIII *Countersign* or watchword is given to such persons as are entitled to pass during the night, and to officers, non-commissioned officers, and sentinels of the guard. *Parole* is imparted to such officers as have a right to visit the guards, and to make the Grand Rounds, and to officers commanding guards.

XIX. Sentinels will be relieved every two (2) hours, unless the state of the weather renders it necessary that it should be done at shorter or longer intervals.

Regulations for the Camp Guard.

I. In dismissing the guard, the analogy to the form prescribed for dismissing a company should be followed.

II. The guard should stand at Parade Rest during Retreat, the same as prescribed for companies.

III. The inspection of the guard at Retreat should take place immediately after the guard falls in.

IV. At Retreat the sergeant of the guard shall call the roll, and report in the same manner as the First Sergeant of a company.

V. At other roll-calls, when the guard is paraded, the sergeant of the guard will turn over the guard to the officer of the guard, with the salute and report, "Sir, the guard is present."

VI. Whenever the guard falls in, the men will fall in, faced to the right; the sergeant of the guard will then face them to the left, and the officer of the guard then takes command.

VII. When the sentinels receive the countersign they shall be required to reply, "The countersign is right," and to come to a carry, except in such cases when the regulations lay down specific form of answer, in which case the specific form shall be strictly followed.

VIII. Whenever a sentinel, in reply to a challenge, shall receive an answer that indicates a party of more than one person, he shall be taught to reply: "Halt (so and so), advance one with the countersign," or "Halt (so and so), dismount one and advance with the countersign," except in cases where the answer indicates some regular military party, when he will use the words "commanding officer," instead of the word "one;" this rule not to apply where the answer be "Relief," "Patrol," or "Grand Rounds."

IX. Sentinels on posts, in satisfying themselves of the identity of approaching parties, before the countersign takes effect, should ask, "Who comes there?"

X. The officer of the guard will, at all times, report the state of his guard to officers entitled to inspect the guard, whenever they visit the guard.

XI. Sentinels over prisoners will always salute officers in the manner prescribed in the regulations, except that they will always face toward the prisoners they may be guarding.

XII. Sentinels over buildings or public property where smoking is forbidden, will caution persons to observe the same, and, if necessary, will call the corporal of the guard to assist in the enforcement of the order.

XIII. In dismissing the old guard, after the completion of its tour, bayonets will not be unfixed.

XIV. To advance the Officer of the Day at night, when the guard is turned out, the Officer of the Guard will say: Advance, Officer of the Day."

Instructions for, and Duties of, Sergeants of the Guard.

I. The Sergeant of the Guard has general supervision of the Corporals and members of the guard; sees that the reliefs are turned out at the proper time; that the corporals obey promptly the calls of the sentinels; that they comprehend the orders, and are capable of instructing the sentinels.

II. The Sergeant carries the keys of the prison rooms; should verify the list of prisoners when he marches on guard, and see that they are properly secured when not at work; should give the sentinels over prisoners full and explicit orders, and see that they execute them.

III. He sees that the sentences of the prisoners are executed, and that the prisoners are supplied with food; that the sentinels in charge of prisoners, before going on post, day or night, verify the number under their charge, and that those going out to work fully identify the individual persons in their charge; and in general has immediate charge of the prisoners.

IV. He divides the guard into three reliefs, numbering each relief; prepares the guard report for the Commander of the Guard, keeping a full account of all events of interest and importance.

V. Keeps order in the guard-tent, allowing no games or other practices that detract from the dignity of the guard; sees that the members of the guard are in uniform; that they do not remove any part of their equipments; and, in general, allows no violation of orders or regulations on the part of those under him.

VI. Makes frequent inspections of the sentinels to see that they comprehend their orders, and promptly discharge their duties.

VII. He will see that the guard is awakened, and prepared to turn out at a moment's warning, on all occasions when required.

VIII. He should be thoroughly conversant with the duties of the Corporals and privates of the guard; and upon his unceasing vigilance depends, in a great degree, the manner in which the duties of the guard are discharged.

Instructions for, and Duties of, Corporals of the Guard.

I. This is the most important of all the duties of the Corporal. He should be perfectly familiar with all that pertains to a sentinel, and be able to instruct the members of the guard in their duties.

II. Each Corporal parades his own relief, posts it, and instructs the sentinels in their duty. He answers the call of the sentinels of his relief, for "Corporal of the Guard," promptly.

III. The Corporal should visit his relief thoroughly, the first tour by day-light, and see that the sentinels know their day orders well; and again the first tour by night, to see that they know and perform their night duties properly. And they should be visited at other times, also, until they know and perform their duties well, for the Corporal will be held responsible by the Commander of the Guard that the sentinels are properly instructed.

IV. The privates of the guard should make their application to be absent from the guard through the Corporal of their relief, who is required to see that they return punctually, and are not absent longer than is necessary. The Corporal is held strictly responsible that he reports to the Commander of the Guard all neglect of duty or disobedience of orders or instructions by members of the guard.

V. He sees that his relief unload their pieces, and that they keep them in their proper places when in the guard-room.

VI. When his relief is on post, he must hold himself constantly on the alert, prepared to answer all calls the instant they are made; during this time he must be in reach of his musket, and engaged in no practice that will distract his attention from his duties.

General Instructions for Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Privates of the Guard.

I. Lights, tobacco, reading-matter, and all articles of luxury, will be strictly excluded from the prison-rooms. The prison-rooms will be thoroughly examined each day, and all prisoners, before being locked up, will be closely searched for articles not allowed.

II. All Sergeants, Corporals, and privates of the guard are *strictly prohibited* from allowing prisoners to enter company quarters without express permission from the Officer of the Day or the commander of the guard; neither will they allow them to loiter while going to or from, or while at work. When prisoners are marching in charge of a sentinel, they shall be marched in close order.

III. The members of the guard will not leave the guard tent without permission from the commander of the guard, and he will arrange for them to go to their meals by reliefs.

IV. The meals of the prisoners will be served at the guard-tent, at the hours directed by the commanding officer.

V. Habitually no person will be received at the guard for confinement unless the offense for which the confinement is made, be at the same time stated. The charge: conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, is not sufficiently descriptive, and will not be deemed satisfactory without further specifications.

VI. The musician of the guard on duty at the guard-tent will be at the flag-staff and sound all first signals. One of the musicians in the company quarters will be called by the musician of the guard in time to repeat the first signal for reveille in front of the company quarters.

VII. The signal for "fire" will be the continuous beating of the assembly.

VIII. Charges against enlisted men will be forwarded to the commanding officer direct; and in case of privates in confinement, notice of the receipt and character of the charges will be given the Commander of the Guard without delay.

Instructions for, and Duties of, Sentinels.

I. When a soldier is placed upon post, he becomes a sentinel. His duties are of two distinct characters—those which belong to all sentinels on all posts, and those peculiar to the post on which he is placed. The former are called "General Orders" and the latter "Special Orders."

II. When called upon by the commanding officer, the Officer of the Day, or by the officer or non-commissioned officer of the guard to give his orders, he does so as follows, *e. g.*:

GENERAL ORDERS FOR POST No. 1.

My "GENERAL ORDERS" are: I am required to take charge of this post and all public property in view; to salute all officers passing, according to rank; to give the alarm in case of fire, the approach of an enemy, or any disturbance whatsoever. In either case, if the danger be great, discharge my piece before calling out; to report all violations of the Articles of War, Regulations of the Army, or Camp Orders; to walk my post in a soldierly manner, carrying my piece at a right shoulder or support; to repeat all calls; at night, to challenge all persons approaching my post, and to allow no one to pass without the countersign, or until he has been examined by an officer or non-commissioned officer of the guard.

[The Sentinel should know what is meant by the above, and be able to explain it in detail.]

My "Special Orders" are: [here give them as received] *e. g.*:

SPECIAL ORDERS FOR POST No. 1.

My post extends from ——— to ———. I have charge of (giving number) prisoners. Allow none of them to escape. If any of them attempt it, cry "Halt!" once; and if they do not halt instantly, shoot them. Report all unusual or suspicious noises; allow no one to hold conversation with, or pass articles to, or receive anything from, the prisoners, except in the presence, and with the consent of, an officer or non-commissioned officer of the guard.

Allow no lights in the prison-rooms. Turn out the guard between reveille and retreat, for the commanding officer, the Officer of the Day, bodies of armed men, and all others entitled to the compliment.

SPECIAL ORDERS FOR POST IN REAR OF GUARD HOUSE.

My post extends from ——— to ———. I have charge of (giving number) prisoners. Allow none of them to escape. If any attempt it, cry "Halt!" once; and if they do not halt instantly, shoot them.

Report all unusual or suspicious noises. Allow no one to hold conversation with, pass articles to, or receive anything from the prisoners, except in the presence, and with the consent of, an officer or non-commissioned officer of the guard.

Allow no lights in the prison-rooms.

SPECIAL ORDERS FOR POST OVER QUARTER-MASTER STORE-HOUSE
AND HAY-YARD.

My post extends from ——— to ———. I allow no one to enter this building, nor to remove any property therefrom, except upon the order of the commanding officer, Officer of the Day, or Quarter-Master, and then only in the presence of an officer or non-commissioned officer of the guard.

I see that no animals run loose in the hay-yard. I allow no smoking, loafing, or any other practice that would be liable to set fire to the buildings or hay.

SPECIAL ORDERS FOR POST OVER COMMISSARY BUILDING.

My post extends from ——— to ———. I allow no one to enter this building, or remove any property from the vicinity of my post, except upon the order of the commanding officer, Officer of the Day, or Commissary Officer, and then only in the presence of an officer or non-commissioned officer of the guard. I allow no smoking, loafing,

or any other practice that would be liable to set fire to this or any of the buildings in the vicinity of my post.

III. All sentinels will call the attention of the guard to any persons who may be loitering about the post at night.

IV. Sentinels will *present arms* to general and field officers, to the Officer of the Day, and to the commanding officer. They salute all other officers with the Sergeant's salute.

V. Sentinels will challenge all persons approaching their posts after twilight, and pass no one without the countersign.

VI. When the sentinel challenges, he will bring his piece to *charge bayonets*.

VII. No sentinel shall quit his post or hold conversation not necessary to the proper discharge of his duties.

VIII. Sentinels will repeat all calls from posts more distant from the main body of the guard than their own posts.

IX. All persons, of whatever rank in the service, are required to observe respect towards sentinels.

CHALLENGE.	ANSWER.	REPLY OF SENTRY No. 1.
<p>Who comes there? Who comes there? Who comes there? Who comes there? Who comes there? Who comes there? Who comes there? Who comes there?</p>	<p>Friend, with countersign. Friends, Relief. Patrol. Grand Rounds. Officer of the Day. Commanding Officer. Officer of the Post. Mounted Detachment.</p>	<p>Halt! Friend! Corporal of the Guard, Friend with the countersign. Halt! Friends! Corporal of the Guard, Friends. Halt! Relief! Corporal of the Guard, Relief. Halt! Patrol! Corporal of the Guard, Patrol. Halt! Grand Rounds! Turn out the Guard, Grand Rounds. Halt! Officer of the Day! Corporal of the Guard, Officer of the Day. Halt! Commanding Officer! Corporal of the Guard, Commanding Officer. Halt! Officer of the Post! Corporal of the Guard, Officer of the Post. Halt! Mounted Detachment! Dismount. Corporal of Guard, Mounted Detachment.</p>
<p>Advance, friend, with the countersign. Halt! friends! Advance one, with the countersign. Halt! Relief! Advance, Corporal, with the countersign. Halt! Patrol! Advance, Corporal (or Sergeant), with the countersign. Halt! Grand Rounds! Advance, Sergeant, with the countersign. Advance, Officer of the Day, with the countersign. Advance, Commanding Officer, with the countersign. Advance, Officer of the Post, with the countersign. Halt! Mounted Detachment! Dismount! Advance, Commanding Officer, with countersign.</p>	<p>REPLY OF SENTINELS ON OTHER POSTS.</p>	<p>RESPONSE OF OTHER SENTINELS UPON RECEIPT OF THE RIGHT COUNTERSIGN.</p> <p>The countersign is right. The countersign is right. Advance, friends. The countersign is right. Advance, Relief. The countersign is right. Advance, Patrol. Advance Rounds. The countersign is right. The countersign is right. The countersign is right. Countersign is right. Advance Mounted Det'chm't.</p>
<p>Fire. Disorder. Disturbance. Approach of an enemy. Receipt of wrong countersign.</p>	<p>IN CASE OF—</p> <p>Fire. Number— The Guard. Number— The Guard. Number— The Guard. Number— Corporal of the Guard. Number—</p>	<p>A SENTINEL WILL CRY—</p>

APPENDIX D.

FRANKFORT, KY., April 19, 1883.

GEN. J. P. NUCKOLS, *Frankfort, Ky.*:

SIR: In conformity to requirements of Special Orders No. 55, C. S., dated November 13, 1882, by which we were appointed a Board of Survey to ascertain and report the damage, if any, incurred by the steamer Granite State on account of transporting the Kentucky State Guard on 2d day of November, 1882, from Catlettsburg to Maysville, we have the honor herewith to report:

After a sedulous inquiry into the amount of freight and number of passengers taken by this steamer between the above named points for Cincinnati, and other places south of Maysville, and ascertaining, as correctly as possible, the loss sustained *on this trip* in consequence of not being permitted to land at any point between Catlettsburg and Maysville, we think \$500 a fair and just compensation, and not more than sufficient to recompense the Granite State for losses then sustained. We must plead, as an apology for the delay in the submission of this report, a precognition on our part of the utter inadequacy of the provisions of our military laws to liquidate claims of this character, and knowing a special act of the Legislature necessary appropriating funds for this purpose.

We have the honor to be, very respectfully,

JAMES W. BLACKBURN, JR.,

THOS. F. MURPHY,

Board of Survey.

APPENDIX E.

ROSTER OF THE KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

Name.	Rank.	Date of commission.	Station.
John B. Castleman	Colonel	May 21, 1881	Louisville.
John R. Allen	"	January 30, 1883	Lexington.
W. O. Harris	Major	May 21, 1881	Louisville.
John H. Leathers	"	May 23, 1881	Louisville.
M. H. Crump	"	May 15, 1882	Bowling Green.
J. Lampton Price	"	January 30, 1883	Frankfort.
Lewis W. McKee	"	January 30, 1883	Lawrenceburg.
Geo K Speed	Captain	June 14, 1879	Louisville.
Eugene Brown	"	May 25, 1880	Louisville.
J. M. Wright	"	June 14, 1880	Louisville.
J. F. Bullitt, jr.	"	July 15, 1880	Louisville.
D. F. C. Weller	"	June 9, 1881	Louisville.
B. A. Adams	"	July 8, 1881	Louisville.
J. L. Rodman, jr.	"	January 20, 1882	Frankfort.
E. W. Fitzgerald	"	February 27, 1882	Maysville.
D. Vertner Johnson	"	March 6, 1882	Lexington.
Theo. F. Hughes	"	April 22, 1882	Midway.
Jo. C. Barclay	"	May 16, 1882	Russellville.
Howard R. French	"	May 29, 1882	Mt. Sterling.
R. W. Covington	"	June 5, 1882	Bowling Green.
Austin Berry	"	June 6, 1882	Owensboro.
Jack Lewis	"	July 31, 1882	Glasgow.
W. E. Smith	"	August 9, 1882	Hopkinsville.
Rhey Boyd	"	October 5, 1882	Paducah.
J. D. Wickliffe	"	October 5, 1882	Bardstown.
L. H. Jones	"	November 25, 1882	Winchester.
Jack B. Veach	"	November 29, 1882	Frankfort.
Thomas S. Evans	"	January 25, 1883	Louisville.
John W. Milam	"	January 31, 1883	Frankfort.
C. M. Lillard, jr.	"	January 31, 1883	Lawrenceburg.
G. H. Alexander	First Lieutenant	July 10, 1880	Louisville.
F. F. Weihl	"	July 4, 1881	Lexington.
C. B. Bly	"	September 21, 1881	Louisville.
W. L. Jackson, jr.	"	February 21, 1882	Louisville.
E. C. Leonard	"	February 27, 1882	Maysville.
G. W. Garretson	"	March 16, 1882	Russellville.
H. C. Grinstead	"	March 30, 1882	Louisville.
H. P. Potter	"	June 5, 1882	Bowling Green.
Thos. Dickinson	"	July 31, 1882	Glasgow.
John R. Green	"	August 3, 1882	Hopkinsville.
J. M. Sehon	"	August 8, 1882	Louisville.
J. F. Hall	"	October 5, 1882	Bardstown.
C. O. Wilcox	"	October 15, 1882	Paducah.
Frank M. Graham	"	November 20, 1882	Frankfort.
E. T. Grass	"	November 25, 1882	Winchester.
Ed. Ormsby	"	December 4, 1882	Louisville.
C. F. Kelly	"	December 5, 1882	Owensboro.
John F. Dobbin	"	December 7, 1882	Louisville.
W. K. Evans	"	January 25, 1883	Louisville.
B. H. McEwan	"	January 30, 1883	Frankfort.
J. A. Wash	"	January 30, 1883	Lawrenceburg.
John M. Rodman	"	April 2, 1883	Frankfort.

ROSTER OF THE KENTUCKY STATE GUARD—Continued.

Name.	Rank.	Date of commission.	Station.
P. T. Allen	Second Lieutenant .	January 10, 1880 . .	Louisville.
W. J. Hunt	" "	February 21, 1882 .	Louisville.
H. M. Roberts	" "	March 16, 1882 . . .	Russellville.
W. O. Bailey	" "	March 30, 1882 . . .	Louisville.
Eugene Wallace	" "	April 30, 1882 . . .	Midway.
H. M. Woodford	" "	May 27, 1882	Mt. Sterling.
Lee Ellis	" "	August 3, 1882 . . .	Hopkinsville.
J. P. Kelley	" "	August 8, 1882 . . .	Louisville.
J. B. Rogers	" "	October 5, 1882 . . .	Bardstown.
W. H. Steele	" "	October 15, 1882 . .	Paducah.
W. M. Bliss	" "	October 15, 1882 . .	Paducah.
N. H. Porter	" "	November 1, 1882 . .	Bowling Green.
Fred. Broadhurst	" "	November 25, 1882 .	Winchester.
W. W. Beeler	" "	December 4, 1882 . .	Louisville.
W. B. Amendt	" "	December 5, 1882 . .	Owensboro.
J. H. Mansir	" "	January 25, 1883 . .	Louisville.
Frank K. Rodman	" "	January 30, 1883 . .	Frankfort.
E. B. Hanks	" "	January 30, 1883 . .	Lawrenceburg.
W. H. Headley	" "	February 5, 1883 . .	Lexington.
Wm. Cockrill	" "	March 17, 1883 . . .	Glasgow.
R. Gordon	" "	April 2, 1883	Frankfort.

APPENDIX F.

ROLL OF THE STATE GUARD.

FIRST REGIMENT OF INFANTRY—FIELD AND STAFF.

Name.	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment.	Expiration of term.
John B. Castleman . . .	Colonel . . .			
W. O. Harris . . .	Major . . .			
John H. Leathers . . .	" . . .			
A. D. Mullikin . . .	Adjutant . . .			
A. M. Cunningham . . .	Quarter-Mast.			
Ap Morgan Vance . . .	Surgeon . . .			
T. U. Dudley . . .	Chaplain . . .			
Tyler Barnett . . .	Sergeant-maj.			
David W. Gray . . .	Drum-major . . .			

NOTE.—The First Regiment, K. S. G., comprising four Companies of Infantry, one of Cadets, and one troop of Cavalry, is reported here from quarterly returns of December 31, 1882, said reports being the latest received from that command. The strength of the command can therefore only be approximated.

COMPANY A, FIRST REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

G. K. Speed (re-enl'd)	Captain . . .	Louisville . . .	June 26, 1879	June 26, 1882.
Edw. Ormsby . . .	1st Lieutenant	" . . .	Feb. 6, 1882	Feb. 6, 1885.
W. W. Beeler . . .	2d Lieutenant	" . . .	March 6, 1882	Mar. 6, 1885.
O. B. Grant . . .	Sergeant . . .	" . . .	Jan. 10, 1880.	July 10, 1883.
R. C. Judge . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Jan. 23, 1882.	Jan. 23, 1885.
J. B. Smith . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Jan. 23, 1882.	Jan. 23, 1885.
C. S. Bibb . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Feb. 6, 1882.	Feb. 6, 1885.
J. E. McGrath . . .	Corporal . . .	" . . .	Jan. 11, 1879.	Jan. 11, 1882.
E. A. Fusch . . .	" . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Roll incomplete.
C. A. Smith . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Feb. 26, 1882.	Feb. 26, 1885.
Thomas Joyce . . .	" . . .	" . . .	July 10, 1880.	July 10, 1883.
Anderson, W. B. . . .	Private . . .	" . . .	July 17, 1882.	July 17, 1885.
Barret, John . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Mar. 8, 1882.	Mar. 8, 1885.
Barret, W. G. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	April 24, 1882	April 24, 1885.
Bassett, J. H. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Nov. 20, 1882.	Nov. 20, 1885.
Caldwell, Ed. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Roll incomplete.
Crawford, B. C. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Mar. 8, 1882.	Mar. 8, 1885.
Crawford, N. G. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Nov. 6, 1880.	Nov. 6, 1883.
Carpenter, Samuel . . .	" . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Roll incomplete.
Dennis, J. A. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Dec. 4, 1882.	Dec. 4, 1885.
Forman, J. L. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Dec. 4, 1882.	Dec. 4, 1885.
Gregory, J. P. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Nov. 20, 1882.	Nov. 20, 1885.
Joyes, C. C. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Mar. 5, 1881.	Mar. 5, 1884.
Kennedy, J. W. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Mar. 20, 1882.	Mar. 20, 1885.
Price, R. C. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Mar. 1, 1880.	Mar. 1, 1883.
Read, F. S. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Feb. 13, 1882.	Feb. 13, 1885.
Sentney, H. E. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Jan. 23, 1882.	Jan. 23, 1885.
Shippen, E. S. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	April 24, 1882	April 24, 1885.
Sehon, J. L. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Nov. 20, 1882.	Nov. 20, 1885.

COMPANY A, FIRST REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD--Continued.

Name.	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment.	Expiration of term.
Sehon, T. N.	Private	Louisville	Dec. 4, 1882.	Dec. 4, 1885.
Scherer, H.	"	"	Nov. 27, 1882.	Nov. 27, 1885.
Taggart, J.	"	"	Nov. 20, 1882.	Nov. 20, 1885.
Walton, J. P.	"	"	July 18, 1882.	July 18, 1885.
Warder, W. M.	"	"	June 12, 1880.	June 12, 1883.
Young, W. W.	"	"	July 10, 1882.	July 10, 1885.

Commissioned Officers, 3; Non-commissioned Officers, 8; Privates, 24; Total, 35.

COMPANY B, FIRST REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

B. A. Adams	Captain	Louisville		Roll incomplete.
W. L. Jackson	1st Lieutenant	"		"
W. J. Hunt	2d Lieutenant	"	Feb. 7, 1882.	Feb. 7, 1885.
J. S. Beeler	Sergeant	"	Feb. 7, 1882.	Feb. 7, 1885.
G. R. Caspari	"	"	Feb. 7, 1882.	Feb. 7, 1885.
C. W. Adams	"	"	Feb. 7, 1882.	Feb. 7, 1885.
Grant Green	"	"	Feb. 7, 1882.	Feb. 7, 1885.
M. B. Belknap	Corporal	"	Feb. 7, 1882.	Feb. 7, 1885.
D. W. Gray	"	"	Feb. 7, 1882.	Feb. 7, 1885.
S. R. McDowell	"	"	Feb. 7, 1882.	Feb. 7, 1885.
J. N. Walwork	"	"	Feb. 7, 1882.	Feb. 7, 1885.
Atherton, P. L.	Private	"	April 29, 1882.	April 29, 1885.
Barnes, C.	"	"		Roll incomplete.
Bigelow, Ed.	"	"		"
Bentgenback, —	"	"		"
Casey, E. N.	"	"	Feb. 14, 1882.	Feb. 14, 1885.
Catler, R. B.	"	"	April 22, 1882.	April 22, 1885.
Doherty, C. J.	"	"	Feb. 14, 1882.	Feb. 14, 1885.
Ellis, E. C.	"	"	Dec., 1882.	Dec., 1885.
Faulkner, J. K.	"	"	May 13, 1882.	May 13, 1885.
Gray, J. A.	"	"		Roll incomplete.
Gray, J. B.	"	"	April 2, 1881.	April 2, 1884.
Hinchey, P.	"	"		Roll incomplete.
Kamp, P.	"	"		"
Lee G. D.	"	"		"
Landram, C. E.	"	"	April 29, 1882.	April 29, 1885.
Lyons, W. C.	"	"		Roll incomplete.
McDonald, W. P.	"	"	Dec. 4, 1880.	Dec. 4, 1883.
McQuire, F. R.	"	"	April 10, 1882.	April 10, 1885.
McAtee, Alexis	"	"	April 29, 1882.	April 29, 1885.
Macaulay, J. T.	"	"	Feb. 12, 1881.	Feb. 12, 1884.
Martin, E. B.	"	"	April 18, 1882.	April 18, 1885.
Mackey, M. J.	"	"	May 22, 1882.	May 22, 1885.
Madden, —	"	"	June 15, 1882.	June 15, 1885.
Pardon, Frank	"	"		Roll incomplete.
Phillips, G. S.	"	"	May 6, 1882.	May 6, 1885.
Simmons, K. L.	"	"		Roll incomplete.

Commissioned Officers 3; Non-commissioned Officers, 8; Privates, 26; Total, 37.

COMPANY C, FIRST REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

D. F. C. Weller	Captain	Louisville		Roll incomplete.
James F. Dobbin	1st Lieutenant	"		"
H. T. Warder	Sergeant	"		"
W. P. Davis	Corporal	"	July 9, 1880.	July 9, 1883.

COMPANY C, FIRST REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD—Continued.

Name.	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment.	Expiration of term
Alsop, H. W.	Private	Louisville	Mar. 2, 1882 .	May 2, 1885.
Anderson, H.	"	"	"	Roll incomplete
Bettison, P. R.	"	"	"	"
Bettison, D. C.	"	"	"	"
Boentraeger, J. M.	"	"	"	"
Blum, W. F., jr.	"	"	"	"
Brown, A. A.	"	"	"	"
Copeland, S. T.	"	"	Mar. 17, 1881	Mar. 17, 1884.
Cross, T. C.	"	"	Mar. 16, 1882	Mar. 16, 1885.
Cunningham, R. M.	"	"	Feb. 20, 1882	Feb. 20, 1885.
Coldeway, G. C.	"	"	"	Roll incomplete
Cochrane, W. A.	"	"	"	"
Coleman, H. R.	"	"	"	"
Dyer, Alex.	"	"	"	"
Diamond, W.	"	"	Mar. 16, 1882	Mar. 16, 1885.
Fink, E. T.	"	"	"	Roll incomplete
Fenton, R. D.	"	"	"	"
Garrity, W. J.	"	"	"	"
Haupt, F. C.	"	"	"	"
Hegenwald, J. O.	"	"	"	"
Haus, Geo. H.	"	"	"	"
King, W. B.	"	"	Mar. 16, 1882	Mar. 16, 1885.
Leutz, Bruce	"	"	Aug. 11, 1881	Aug. 11, 1884.
Lackland, G. H.	"	"	"	Roll incomplete
McComb, J. C.	"	"	April 15, 1880	April 15, 1883.
McDonald, J. J.	"	"	"	Roll incomplete
McGown, G. M.	"	"	Mar. 30, 1882	Mar. 30, 1885
Melter, T. A.	"	"	"	Roll incomplete
Murray, D. S.	"	"	"	"
Moore S.	"	"	"	"
Moore, A. F.	"	"	"	"
Mitchell, J. W.	"	"	"	"
Marsh, Jas. H.	"	"	"	"
Morgan, Geo. T.	"	"	"	"
Pfingst, F. L.	"	"	Feb. 23, 1882.	Feb. 23, 1885.
Schlenck, E. A.	"	"	"	Roll incomplete
Starling, E. A.	"	"	April 6, 1882.	April 6, 1885.
Sweeney, Thos.	"	"	"	Roll incomplete
Schoning, A.	"	"	"	"
Taylor, J. D.	"	"	Mar. 23, 1882	Mar. 23, 1885.
Weiland, Robert.	"	"	"	Roll incomplete
Wischmeyer, J.	"	"	"	"
Williams, J.	"	"	"	"

Commissioned Officers, 3; Non-commissioned Officers, 2; Privates, 43; Total, 48.

COMPANY D, FIRST REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

E. Brown (re-enlisted)	Captain	Louisville	Oct. 8, 1878 .	Oct. 8, 1881.
J. M. Sohan	1st Lieutenant	"	Feb. 9, 1882 .	Feb. 9, 1885.
J. R. Keely	2d Lieutenant	"	Mar. 21, 1882	Mar. 21, 1885.
J. W. Bain	Sergeant	"	Sept. 6, 1880 .	Sept. 6, 1883.
W. B. Rowland	"	"	Sept. 6, 1880 .	Sept. 6, 1883.
John Rothgerber	"	"	April 20, 1880	April 20, 1883.
M. J. Ryan	"	"	April 20, 1880	April 20, 1883.
J. H. Murphy	Corporal	"	Mar. 14, 1882	Mar. 14, 1885.
C. E. Walker	"	"	Sept. 6, 1880 .	Sept. 6, 1883.
John Kahlut	"	"	Feb. 19, 1881.	Feb. 19, 1884.
W. L. Wright	"	"	Sept. 6, 1880 .	Sept. 6, 1883.

COMPANY D, FIRST REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD—Continued.

Name.	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment.	Expiration of term.
Adkinson, E. R. . . .	Private . . .	Louisville . . .	May 16, 1882.	May 16, 1885.
Byrne, A. B. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Roll incomplete
Clements, H. C. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	March 8, 1882	Mar. 8, 1885.
Coleman, S. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Feb. 23, 1882	Feb. 23, 1885.
Coopenber, F. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Roll incomplete
Crutcher, H. H. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	May 30, 1882.	May 30, 1885.
Chamber, M. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	May 17, 1882.	May 17, 1885.
DeGollar, H. S. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Sept. 6, 1880.	Sept. 6, 1883.
Flynn, Jas. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	May 6, 1882 . . .	May 6, 1885.
Ficks, J. L. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Jan. 25, 1882.	Jan. 25, 1885.
Griffith, P. W. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	April 4, 1882.	April 4, 1885.
Gray, R. C. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	May 17, 1882.	May 17, 1885.
Hyde, H. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Mar. 30, 1882.	Mar. 30, 1885.
Hunt, J. R. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	July 19, 1882.	July 19, 1885.
Hathaway, H. A. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	May 13, 1882.	May 13, 1885.
Johnson, T. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Roll incomplete
Lippold, C. G. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	May 23, 1882.	May 23, 1885.
Lewis R. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Mar. 28, 1880.	Mar. 28, 1883.
Macfarlan, J. R. N. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Mar. 21, 1882.	Mar. 21, 1885.
McCloaty, C. C. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Mar. 14, 1882.	Mar. 14, 1885.
Morningstar, R. E. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Feb. 8, 1882 . . .	Feb. 8, 1885.
Meffert, J. M. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Jan. 19, 1882.	Jan. 19, 1885.
Mead, E. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Roll incomplete
Ocherlong, W. G. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Mar. 14, 1882.	Mar. 14, 1885.
Paslick, H. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Mar. 28, 1882.	Mar. 28, 1885.
Spotts, J. W. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Jan. 9, 1883 . . .	Jan. 9, 1886.
Spaulding, H. C. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Mar. 21, 1882.	Mar. 21, 1885.
Shaeffer, Geo. N. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	May 30, 1882.	May 30, 1885.
Snow, K. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Roll incomplete
Thompson, R. L. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Mar. 13, 1882.	Mar. 13, 1885.
Travis, C. D. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	May 16, 1882.	May 16, 1885.
Walker, L. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Mar. 6, 1882 . . .	Mar. 6, 1885.
Warner, W. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Mar. 6, 1882 . . .	Feb. 20, 1885.
White, A. L. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Feb. 20, 1882.	Roll incomplete
Wilkes, B. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Mar. 14, 1882.	Mar. 14, 1885.
Wilkes, H. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	May 20, 1882.	May 20, 1885.

Commissioned officers, 3; Non-commissioned officers, 8; Privates 37; Total, 48.

COMPANY E, FIRST REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD

J. F. Bullitt, jr. (re-e'd)	Captain . . .	Louisville . . .	July 10, 1880.	July 10, 1883.
G. H. Alexander . . .	1st Lieutenant	" . . .	July 10, 1880.	July 10, 1883.
P. T. Allen . . .	ad Lieutenant	" . . .	May 1, 1878 . . .	May 1, 1881.
J. B. Bullitt . . .	Sergeant . . .	" . . .	July 13, 1880.	July 13, 1883.
W. H. McKinley . . .	" . . .	" . . .	July 13, 1880.	July 13, 1883.
A. F. Callahan . . .	" . . .	" . . .	July 13, 1880.	July 13, 1883.
T. Ballard . . .	" . . .	" . . .	July 13, 1880.	July 13, 1883.
W. C. Churchill . . .	" . . .	" . . .	July 13, 1880.	July 13, 1883.
M. H. Dulaney . . .	Corporal . . .	" . . .	July 13, 1880.	July 13, 1883.
H. Bruce . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Mar. 26, 1881.	Mar. 26, 1884.
S. B. Kirby . . .	" . . .	" . . .	June 1, 1880 . . .	June 1, 1883.
Brannin, E. S. . . .	Private . . .	" . . .	June 8, 1881 . . .	June 8, 1884.
Barrett, L. T. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Sept. 12, 1881.	Sept. 12, 1884.
Bullitt, E. R. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	July 13, 1880.	July 13, 1883.
Bullitt, J. C. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	July 13, 1880.	July 13, 1883.
Callahan, W. C. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	July 13, 1880.	July 13, 1883.
Conrad, C. F. . . .	" . . .	" . . .	Sept. 23, 1881.	Sept. 23, 1884.

COMPANY E, FIRST REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD—Continued.

Name.	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment.	Expiration of term.
Emmet, G.	Private	Louisville	July 15, 1880.	July 15, 1883.
Ford, J.	"	"	July 13, 1880.	July 13, 1883.
Franke, Geo.	"	"	Mar. 26, 1881.	Mar. 26, 1884.
Hamilton, C. M.	"	"	Mar. 26, 1881.	Mar. 26, 1884.
Holland, S. W.	"	"	June 18, 1881.	June 18, 1884.
Jennings, Ed.	"	"	Mar. 26, 1881.	Mar. 26, 1884.
Jeungst, J.	"	"	Mar. 26, 1881.	Mar. 26, 1884.
Kinney, A.	"	"	July 13, 1880.	July 13, 1883.
McCarthy.	"	"	June 18, 1881.	June 18, 1884.
Monohan, E. S.	"	"	July 13, 1880.	July 13, 1883.
Satterwhite, T.	"	"	Sept. 1, 1879.	Sept. 1, 1882.
Semple, G. C.	"	"	Sept. 23, 1881.	Sept. 23, 1883.
Slavee, C. W.	"	"	June 18, 1881.	June 18, 1884.
Snead, W. R.	"	"	July 13, 1880.	July 13, 1883.
Tilden, L. A.	"	"	Mar. 26, 1881.	Mar. 26, 1884.
Trigg, J. A.	"	"	July 13, 1880.	July 13, 1883.
Wilson, J. W.	"	"	July 13, 1880.	July 13, 1883.
Winchester, Wm. N.	"	"	July 13, 1880.	July 13, 1883.

Commissioned Officers, 3; Non-commissioned Officers, 7; Privates, 24; Total, 34.

*COMPANY F, FIRST REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

J. M. Wright	Captain	Louisville . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
H. C. Grinstead	1st Lieutenant . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
W. O. Bailey	2d Lieutenant . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
J. M. Wintersmith	Sergeant . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Geo. W. Wicks . . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
A. V. Griswold . . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
W. W. Morris . . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Chas. C. Grant . . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
W. W. Grinstead	Corporal . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
C. E. Hager . . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
E. H. Harrison . . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
H. G. West . . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Burnett, R. J.	Private . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Davidson, J. C. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Eaches, E. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Edmunds, Wm. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Gordon, F. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Gray, H. W. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Griswold, G. M. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Hamilton, C. L. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Knott, E. G. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Lewers, G. S. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Mason, Wm. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Meriwether, F. T. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Mershon, J. H. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Messick, Wm. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Moses, C. L. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
McComb, D. J. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
McGoodwin, H. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
McGoodwin, M. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Miller, W. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Nilson, C. L. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Ramsey, John . . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Smith, G. W. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Sherley, Z. M. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Warder, J. W. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .

COMPANY F, FIRST REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD—Continued.

Name.	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment.	Expiration of term.
Walker, A. S.	Private	Louisville . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Weaver, W. S. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
West, M. O. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Wintersmith, C. B. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .

* Roll incomplete. All quarterly returns imperfect.

Commissioned Officers, 3; Non-commissioned Officers, 9; Privates, 28; Total 40.

SECOND REGIMENT OF INFANTRY—FIELD AND STAFF.

John R. Allen	Colonel . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
B. W. Dudley	Maj. and Surg.	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
T. F. Murphy	Quarter-Mast.	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
H. P. Kinkead	1st Lieut & Ad.	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
J. S. Evans	Serg. Major . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .

COMPANY A, SECOND REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

J. W. Milam	Captain	Frankfort	May 13, 1881.	May 13, 1884.
B. H. McEwan	1st Lieutenant	"	June 20, 1880.	June 20, 1883.
F. K. Rodman	2d Lieutenant	"	May 26, 1881.	May 26, 1884.
S. A. Trumbo	Sergeant	"	Oct. 28, 1882.	Oct. 28, 1885.
C. Bridgeford	"	"	May 26, 1881.	May 26, 1884.
Lee Buckley	"	"	May 10, 1881.	May 10, 1884.
Will. Gordon	"	"	May 16, 1881.	May 16, 1884.
Jno. Hutchison	Corporal	"	June 28, 1880.	June 28, 1883.
D. A. Lynch	"	"	May 10, 1881.	May 10, 1884.
Jno. Murphy	"	"	May 17, 1881.	May 17, 1884.
Ames, C.	Private	"	Dec. 1, 1882.	Dec. 1, 1885.
Crittenden, R.	"	"	Feb. 3, 1883.	Feb. 3, 1886.
Evans, H. A.	"	"	Sept. 27, 1882.	Sept. 27, 1885.
Haly, J. B.	"	"	June 28, 1880.	June 28, 1883.
Harrod, D.	"	"	Oct. 11, 1882.	Oct. 11, 1885.
Hubble, —	"	"	May 17, 1881.	May 17, 1884.
McEwan, H.	"	"	Sept. 27, 1882.	Sept. 27, 1885.
McKee, Chas.	"	"	June 24, 1882.	June 24, 1885.
Sawyer, Henry	"	"	July 1, 1880.	July 1, 1883.
Smith Geo.	"	"	Dec. 1, 1882.	Dec. 1, 1885.
Stephens, Robt.	"	"	May 17, 1881.	May 17, 1884.
Tremere, T. B. (re-ed)	"	"	April 4, 1879.	April 4, 1882.
Walcutt, D. B.	"	"	June 20, 1882.	June 20, 1885.
Wright, Wm.	"	"	Sept. 27, 1882.	Sept. 27, 1885.
Taylor, Chas.	"	"	May 17, 1881.	May 17, 1884.

Commissioned Officers, 3; Non-commissioned Officers, 7; Privates, 15; Total, 25.

COMPANY B, SECOND REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

J. L. Rodman, jr.	Captain	Frankfort	Jan. 20, 1882.	Jan. 20, 1885.
J. M. Rodman	1st Lieutenant	"	Jan. 20, 1882.	Jan. 20, 1885.
Robert Gordon	2d Lieutenant	"	Jan. 20, 1882.	Jan. 20, 1885.
Wm. Parker	Sergeant	"	Jan. 20, 1882.	Jan. 20, 1885.
W. Griffin	"	"	Jan. 20, 1882.	Jan. 20, 1885.
W. Heffner	"	"	Jan. 20, 1882.	Jan. 20, 1885.

COMPANY B, SECOND REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD—Continued.

Name.	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment.	Expiration of term
D. Holmes	Sergeant	Frankfort	Jan. 20, 1882.	Jan. 20, 1885.
Ed. Stanton	Corporal	"	Jan. 20, 1882.	Jan. 20, 1885.
E. Steves	"	"	Jan. 20, 1882.	Jan. 20, 1885.
T. O'Conner	"	"	Jan. 20, 1882.	Jan. 20, 1885.
F. Gordon	"	"	Jan. 20, 1882.	Jan. 20, 1885.
Arnold, F.	Private	"	Feb. 13, 1882.	Feb. 13, 1885.
Buttmer, M.	"	"	Jan. 20, 1882.	Jan. 20, 1885.
Boston, J.	"	"	Nov. 13, 1882.	Nov. 13, 1885.
Callahan, J.	"	"	Nov. 13, 1882.	Nov. 13, 1885.
Craig, W.	"	"	Mar. 19, 1882.	Mar. 19, 1885.
Dalton, J.	"	"	Jan. 20, 1882.	Jan. 20, 1885.
Daily, W.	"	"	Mar. 19, 1882.	Mar. 19, 1885.
Duke, G.	"	"	July 12, 1882.	July 12, 1885.
Egbert, F.	"	"	Mar. 19, 1882.	Mar. 19, 1885.
Finnell, P.	"	"	Mar. 19, 1882.	Mar. 19, 1885.
Grant, John	"	"	Jan. 20, 1882.	Jan. 20, 1885.
Graham, W.	"	"	Nov. 13, 1882.	Nov. 13, 1885.
Graham, C.	"	"	Nov. 13, 1882.	Nov. 13, 1885.
Grale, J.	"	"	Mar. 19, 1882.	Mar. 19, 1885.
Haly, J.	"	"	Feb. 23, 1882.	Feb. 23, 1885.
Haly, T.	"	"	Mar. 19, 1882.	Mar. 19, 1885.
Hulett, L.	"	"	Nov. 13, 1882.	Nov. 13, 1885.
Hall, W.	"	"	Mar. 19, 1882.	Mar. 19, 1885.
Lewis, V.	"	"	Jan. 28, 1882.	Jan. 28, 1885.
Lynch, John	"	"	Jan. 21, 1882.	Jan. 21, 1885.
Miller, B.	"	"	April 28, 1882.	April 28, 1885.
McManama, V.	"	"	April 14, 1882.	April 14, 1885.
McEwing, H.	"	"	Feb. 14, 1882.	Feb. 14, 1885.
McQuilling, F.	"	"	Mar. 16, 1882.	Mar. 16, 1885.
Phythian, M.	"	"	Jan. 20, 1882.	Jan. 20, 1885.
Railey, W.	"	"	Feb. 13, 1882.	Feb. 13, 1885.
Richardson, S.	"	"	Nov. 13, 1882.	Nov 1
Shucks, J.	"	"	Nov. 13, 1882.	Nov. 13, 1885.
Sower, W.	"	"	Mar. 19, 1882.	Mar. 19, 1885.
Scott, L.	"	"	Mar. 6, 1882.	Mar. 6, 1885.
Taylor, F.	"	"	Jan. 28, 1882.	Jan. 28, 1885.
Theobald, T.	"	"	Jan. 28, 1882.	Jan. 28, 1885.
Went, Ed.	"	"	Mar. 20, 1882.	Mar. 20, 1885.
Wright, W.	"	"	Nov. 13, 1882.	Nov. 13, 1885.
Whitehouse, G.	"	"	Mar. 19, 1882.	Mar. 19, 1885.

Commissioned Officers, 3; Non-commissioned Officers, 8; Privates, 35; Total, 46.

* COMPANY C, SECOND REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

E. W. Fitzgerald	Captain	Maysville . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
E. C. Leonard	1st Lieutenant . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
M. J. McCarthy	Sergeant . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Tim Moran . . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
John Archdeacon . . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
M. J. Swift . . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Charles P. Cook	Corporal . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
John McNamara . . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
John Lynch . . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
John Sullivan	"	"	Feb. 2, 1883.	Feb. 2, 1886.
Baughner, Charles	Private . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Berry, Basil . . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Butler, Wm. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
Breen, Thos F. . . . .	" . . . . .	" . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .

COMPANY C, SECOND REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD—Continued.

Name	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment	Expiration of term.
Ballenger, K. C.	Private	Maysville		
Crum, Jas. L.	"	"		
Coffey, Jno.	"	"		
Fisher, Jno.	"	"		
Green, Robert.	"	"		
Green, John A.	"	"		
Gilmore, Stanley.	"	"		
Hanley, John T.	"	"		
Maher, Thomas F.	"	"		
Melter, Wetson	"	"		
Means, Frank	"	"		
Miller, Frank	"	"		
Porter, Stanley.	"	"		
Rice, Daniel.	"	"		
Roser, Isaac.	"	"		
Ray, John T.	"	"		
Stockton, L. B.	"	"		
Watson, N. H.	"	"		
Butler, John.	"	"		
G. W. Tudor	Musician	"		
G. T. Tudor.	"	"		

Commissioned Officers, 2; Non-commissioned Officers 8; Privates, 25; Total, 35.

* Quarterly returns incomplete.

COMPANY D, SECOND REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

D. V. Johnson (re-e'd)	Captain	Lexington	Oct. 16, 1879.	Oct. 16, 1882.
F. F. Wiehl (re-en'd)	1st Lieutenant	"	Oct. 16, 1879.	Oct. 16, 1882.
W. H. Headley.	2d Lieutenant	"	May, 1880.	May, 1883.
J. C. B. Leach (re-e'd)	Sergeant.	"	Oct. 16, 1879.	Oct. 16, 1882.
Geo. L. Robertson.	"	"	1881.	1884.
G. B. Hale, jr.	"	"	Jan. 9, 1882.	Jan. 9, 1885.
W. H. Scarsee.	"	"	1881.	1884.
A. G. Morgan, jr.	"	"	1880.	1883.
J. P. Fyffe.	Corporal.	"	Nov. 20, 1882.	Nov. 20, 1885.
A. D. Craig.	"	"	1881.	1884.
A. Fleming.	"	"	Nov. 20, 1882.	Nov. 20, 1885.
H. D. Horne	"	"	1879.	1882.
Bowman, W.	Private	"	Mar., 1882.	March, 1885.
Coffman, W. V.	"	"	1882.	1885.
Gears, F.	"	"	Feb. 6, 1883.	Feb. 6, 1886.
George, J. D.	"	"	Oct. 28, 1882.	Oct. 28, 1885.
Hobson, J. B.	"	"	Jan., 1883.	Jan., 1886.
Hutsell, E.	"	"	Jan., 1883.	Jan., 1886.
Jackson, J. T.	"	"	Jan., 1883.	Jan., 1886.
Kemp, L. V. A.	"	"	1880.	1883.
Kidd, J. E.	"	"	Oct. 28, 1882.	Oct. 28, 1885.
Kephart, J. H.	"	"	Jan., 1883.	Jan., 1886.
Lockhart, G.	"	"	Jan., 1883.	Jan., 1886.
Moore, E. L.	"	"	1882.	1885.
Muir, W.	"	"	Oct. 28, 1882.	Oct. 28, 1885.
Sayre, E. D., jr.	"	"	Oct. 27, 1882.	Oct. 27, 1885.
Scandland, W.	"	"	Oct. 28, 1882.	Oct. 28, 1885.
Schultze, C. E.	"	"	Oct. 28, 1882.	Oct. 28, 1885.
Skillman, T. T.	"	"	1881.	1884.
Smith, W.	"	"	Oct. 28, 1882.	Oct. 28, 1885.
Thomason, E.	"	"	Nov. 30, 1882.	Nov. 20, 1885.

COMPANY D, SECOND REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD—Continued.

Name.	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment.	Expiration of term.
Thomason, W. . . .	Private	Lexington	Oct. 28, 1882.	Oct. 28, 1885.
Weeks, J. C. . . .	"	"	Oct. 28, 1882.	Oct. 28, 1885.
Williams, G. W. . . .	"	"	Feb., 1882 . . .	Feb., 1885.
Wilkerson, J. (re-en'd)	"	"	Oct. 16, 1879 . .	Oct. 16, 1882.
Gates, Geo.	"	"	Oct. 28, 1882 . .	Oct. 28, 1885.
Haggard	"	"	March, 1883 . . .	March, 1886.
Norman, C.	"	"	Jan. 9, 1882 . . .	Jan. 9, 1885.
Saunders, W. W. B. .	"	"	1881	1884.

Commissioned Officers, 3; Non-commissioned Officers, 9; Privates, 27; Total, 39.

COMPANY E, SECOND REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

T. F. Hughes. . . .	Captain	Midway	April 15, 1882	April 15, 1885.
E. Wallace	2d Lieutenant	"	"	"
W. F. Montague . . .	Sergeant	"	"	"
Wm Hammon.	"	"	"	"
Lee Thompson	"	"	"	"
J. R. Williams	"	"	"	"
Ike Worsham	Corporal	"	"	"
Geo Locket.	"	"	"	"
Chas. Bohmer.	"	"	"	"
G. Wiggs	"	"	"	"
Allen, W. D.	Private	"	"	"
Alford, J. N.	"	"	"	"
Combs, R. K.	"	"	"	"
Cogar, A. G.	"	"	"	"
Branham, S. M.	"	"	"	"
Davis, J. W.	"	"	"	"
Davis John.	"	"	"	"
Gaines, Jas.	"	"	"	"
Head, James	"	"	"	"
Hall, B.	"	"	Oct. 25, 1882.	Oct. 25, 1885.
Hampton, Jim.	"	"	Oct. 25, 1882.	Oct. 25, 1885.
Hughes, Geo. Wood . .	"	"	Jan. 3, 1883 . . .	Jan. 3, 1886.
Lee, John.	"	"	Oct. 26, 1882 . .	Oct. 26, 1885.
McAlister, J.	"	"	June, 1882	June, 1885.
Nave, Lew	"	"	April 10, 1882 . .	April 10, 1885.
Risque, Wm.	"	"	January, 1883 . . .	January, 1886.
Sheets, Frank	"	"	April 10, 1882 . .	April 10, 1885.
Sacra, Wm.	"	"	"	"
Sherlock, F.	"	"	"	"
Sherlock, Tom.	"	"	"	"
Sullivan, C. F.	"	"	"	"
Tompson, W. D.	"	"	"	"
Tompson, Lute	"	"	"	"
Thomason, D.	"	"	"	"
Worsham, Jim.	"	"	"	"
Williams, Geo.	"	"	"	"

Commissioned Officers, 2; Non-commissioned Officers, 8; Privates, 26; Total, 36.

COMPANY F, SECOND REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

H. R. French.	Captain	Mt. Sterling	May 29, 1882.	May 29, 1885.
L. B. Cockrell	1st Lieutenant	"	"	"
H. M. Woodford	2d Lieutenant	"	"	"
C. A. Leonard	Sergeant	"	"	"

COMPANY G, SECOND REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD—Continued.

Name.	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment.	Expiration of term.
M. Mackie	Sergeant	Mt. Sterling	May 29, 1882.	May 29, 1885.
J. W. Barnes	"	"	"	"
J. C. Wood	"	"	"	"
A. Gilligan	Corporal	"	"	"
J. F. King	"	"	"	"
G. O. Lane	"	"	"	"
W. R. Cockrell	"	"	"	"
Bassett, F. W.	Private	"	Dec. 7, 1882.	Dec. 7, 1885.
Bassett, J. E.	"	"	May 29, 1882.	May 29, 1885.
Brawner, J. L.	"	"	Mar. 15, 1883.	Mar. 15, 1886.
Breen, C. F.	"	"	May 29, 1882.	May 29, 1885.
Brown, J. L.	"	"	"	"
Burton, J. F.	"	"	"	"
Cheatham, W. F.	"	"	Mar. 15, 1883.	Mar. 15, 1886.
Clay, J. W.	"	"	May 29, 1882.	May 29, 1885.
Cockrill, J. W.	"	"	"	"
Cockrill, M. O.	"	"	"	"
Cockrill, R. L.	"	"	"	"
Carr, H. C. C.	"	"	Mar. 15, 1883.	Mar. 15, 1886.
Dickerson, L. B.	"	"	May 29, 1882.	May 29, 1885.
Eastin, T. D.	"	"	"	"
Eskridge, E. C.	"	"	"	"
Flora, A. D.	"	"	"	"
Gatewood, W. H.	"	"	"	"
Gilkey, C.	"	"	Mar. 15, 1883.	Mar. 15, 1886.
Glover, C. G.	"	"	April 2, 1883.	April 2, 1886.
Hazelrigg, W. A.	"	"	Mar. 22, 1883.	Mar. 22, 1886.
Hood, J. L.	"	"	May 29, 1882.	May 29, 1885.
Leach, H. C.	"	"	"	"
Leach, J. E.	"	"	"	"
Lockridge, A. G.	"	"	"	"
Looney, A. B.	"	"	"	"
McGilaway, J. W.	"	"	"	"
McKee, H. C.	"	"	"	"
McMahan, S. H.	"	"	"	"
Moffett, R.	"	"	"	"
Orcar, R. B.	"	"	"	"
Parrish, H. C.	"	"	"	"
Punch, P.	"	"	"	"
Rogers, R.	"	"	"	"
Samuels, B. F.	"	"	"	"
Stoner, G. W.	"	"	"	"
Stuart, D. T.	"	"	"	"
Turner, J. R.	"	"	"	"
White, J. W.	"	"	"	"
Wood, L. T.	"	"	"	"
Wyatt, F. M.	"	"	"	"
Wyatt, J. D.	"	"	"	"
Wyatt, L. B.	"	"	"	"

Commissioned Officers, 3; Non-commissioned Officers, 8; Privates, 42; Total, 53.

COMPANY G, SECOND REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

C. M. Lillard	Captain	Lawrenceburg	Nov., 1882.	Nov., 1885.
J. W. Wash	1st Lieutenant	"	"	"
E. B. Hanks	2d Lieutenant	"	"	"
C. F. Hall	Sergeant	"	"	"
A. B. James	"	"	"	"

COMPANY G, SECOND REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD—Continued.

Name.	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment.	Expiration of term.
M. G. Morris	Sergeant.	Lawrenceburg	Nov., 1882.	Nov., 1885.
J. A. McBrayer	"	"	"	"
G. G. Carl	Corporal.	"	"	"
Ed. Mountjoy	"	"	"	"
J. L. Ripy	"	"	"	"
W. J. Hanks	"	"	"	"
Arthur, T. M.	Private	"	"	"
Birdwhistle, J. F.	"	"	"	"
Bond, P.	"	"	"	"
Bourne, W. D.	"	"	"	"
Boothe, Ed.	"	"	"	"
Buckley, M. B.	"	"	"	"
Crossfield, T. M.	"	"	"	"
Crossfield, C.	"	"	"	"
Crossfield, W. H.	"	"	"	"
Dunigan, D. A.	"	"	"	"
Duncan, W. M.	"	"	"	"
Derr, J. R.	"	"	"	"
Edmonson, C. W.	"	"	"	"
Edmonson, G. A.	"	"	"	"
Farley, P. H.	"	"	"	"
Feland, F. R.	"	"	"	"
Gaines, W. H.	"	"	"	"
Goss, T. H.	"	"	"	"
Hedges, W. H.	"	"	"	"
Hanks, D. F.	"	"	"	"
Joseph, O.	"	"	"	"
Kavanaugh, C. W.	"	"	"	"
Kavanaugh, D. W.	"	"	"	"
Kinkston, L.	"	"	"	"
Landram, W.	"	"	"	"
Lillard, E. W.	"	"	"	"
Martin, R. S.	"	"	"	"
McKee, Robert	"	"	"	"
Mizner, J. L.	"	"	"	"
Morton, J. P.	"	"	"	"
Mosely, G. P.	"	"	"	"
Mountjoy, H. V.	"	"	"	"
Mullens, H. L.	"	"	"	"
Mullens, W. S.	"	"	"	"
Nelson, W. A.	"	"	"	"
Parrent, H.	"	"	"	"
Permic, S. M.	"	"	"	"
Portwood, G. A.	"	"	"	"
Rice, B. F.	"	"	"	"
Scarce, Robert	"	"	"	"
Stevens, G. D.	"	"	"	"
Taylor, Joseph	"	"	"	"
Taylor, L. B.	"	"	"	"
Turks, L.	"	"	"	"
Walker, J. W.	"	"	"	"
Walker, J. B.	"	"	"	"
Wash, J. W.	"	"	"	"
Wetson, J. M.	"	"	"	"
Searcy, C.	"	"	"	"

Commissioned Officers, 3; Non-commissioned Officers, 8; Privates, 49; Total, 60.

COMPANY H, SECOND REGIMENT, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

Name.	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment.	Expiration of term.
L. H. Jones	Captain	Winchester	Nov. 25, 1882	Nov. 25, 1885.
E. T. Grosz	1st Lieutenant	"	"	"
F. Broadhurst	2d Lieutenant	"	"	"
J. T. Clinkenbeard	Sergeant	"	"	"
J. P. Gay, jr.	"	"	"	"
J. Matt. Moore	"	"	"	"
B. F. Allan	"	"	"	"
C. E. Martin	Corporal	"	"	"
J. W. Scobee	"	"	"	"
Charles H. Rees	"	"	"	"
Adams, J. J.	Private	"	"	"
Burton, W. H.	"	"	"	"
Baber, Frank	"	"	January, 1883.	January, 1886.
Berry, Wm.	"	"	Nov. 25, 1882	Nov. 25, 1885.
Curry, Obe	"	"	"	"
Clinkenbeard, H. T.	"	"	"	"
Ecton, Lisle	"	"	"	"
Ecton, John	"	"	"	"
Gordon, J. W.	"	"	"	"
Jonson, J. E.	"	"	Dec. 4, 1882	Dec. 4, 1885.
Jorden, Joe	"	"	January, 1883	January, 1886.
McCourt, John	"	"	Nov. 25, 1882	Nov. 25, 1885.
Moran, M. R.	"	"	"	"
Moore, Thos.	"	"	"	"
Robinson, W. S.	"	"	Dec. 1883	Dec., 1886.
Stubblefield, B. B.	"	"	Nov. 25, 1882	Nov. 25, 1885.
White, J. L. V.	"	"	"	"
White, W.	"	"	"	"

Commissioned Officers, 3; Non-commissioned Officers, 7; Privates, 18; Total, 28.

FOURTH BATTALION, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD—FIELD AND STAFF.

M. H. Crump	Major . . . . .	. . . . .	Oct. 5, 1879 . . . . .	. . . . .
1st Lieut. J. W. Potter	Quarter-Mast.	. . . . .	Oct. 5, 1879 . . . . .	. . . . .
1st Lt. G. V. Triplett	Adjutant . . . . .	. . . . .	Oct. 15, 1880 . . . . .	. . . . .
1st Lieut. J. C. Carson	Surgeon . . . . .	. . . . .	Oct. 5, 1879 . . . . .	. . . . .
J. L. Caldwell	Chaplain . . . . .	. . . . .	Nov., 1879 . . . . .	. . . . .
R. M. Warden	Sergeant-maj..	. . . . .	March, 1882 . . . . .	. . . . .
John F. Ellis	Q. M. Sergeant	. . . . .	June, 1882 . . . . .	. . . . .

COMPANY A, FOURTH BATTALION, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

R. W. Covington (re'd)	Captain	Bowling Green	Oct. 8, 1879	Oct. 8, 1882
H. P. Potter (re-en'l'd)	1st Lieutenant	"	"	"
N. A. Porter (re-en'l'd)	2d Lieutenant	"	"	"
S. M. Mattock (re-en'd)	Sergeant	"	"	"
W. J. Pötter (re-en'l'd)	"	"	"	"
F. C. Coleman (re-e'd)	"	"	January, 1880	January, 1883
R. F. Dulaney (re-e'd)	"	"	"	"
E. T. Barr	Corporal	"	October, 1880	October, 1883
W. Q. Burnam (re-e'd)	"	"	October, 1879	October, 1882
T. B. Wright (re-en'l'd)	"	"	"	"
J. M. Rawlings	"	"	Dec., 1880	Dec., 1883
Adams, E. H.	Private	"	August, 1882	August, 1885

COMPANY A, FOURTH BATTALION, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD—Continued.

Name.	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment.	Expiration of term.
Baker, J. L. (re-enl'd)	Private . . .	Bowling Green.	Oct., 1879. .	Oct., 1882.
Brister, F. A.	"	"	March, 1881 .	March, 1884.
Botts, H. C.	"	"	August, 1882.	August, 1885.
Burgo, J. O.	"	"	Oct., 1881 . .	Oct., 1884.
Barry, J. G. (re-enl'd)	"	"	Jan., 1880. .	Jan., 1883.
Clark, G. W. (re-enl'd)	"	"	Oct., 1879. .	Oct., 1882.
Clark, N.	"	"	Dec., 1880. .	Dec., 1883.
Clark, W. S.	"	"	August, 1882.	August, 1885.
Cox, W. T.	"	"	March, 1881 .	March, 1884.
Coombs, C. M.	"	"	Sept., 1881 .	Sep., 1884.
Coombs, S. W.	"	"	August, 1882.	August, 1885.
Dale, Geo.	"	"	Dec., 1882. .	Dec., 1885.
Daugherty, J. H. . . .	"	"	Dec., 1880 .	Dec., 1883.
Duncan, S. B.	"	"	Dec., 1880. .	Dec., 1883.
Dodd, J. A.	"	"	August, 1882.	August, 1885.
Garvin, W. V.	"	"	Dec., 1880. .	Dec., 1883.
Gerard, J. D. (re-enl'd)	"	"	Oct., 1879. .	Oct., 1882.
Holeman, J. M. (re-e'd)	"	"	Oct., 1879. .	Oct., 1882.
Hockersmith, R. E. . .	"	"	Dec., 1880. .	Dec., 1883.
Hines, H. B.	"	"	Dec., 1880. .	Dec., 1883.
Kirby, J. B.	"	"	Dec., 1882. .	Dec., 1885.
McLare, J. S.	"	"	March, 1882.	March, 1885.
Murphy, W. L.	"	"	August, 1882.	August, 1885.
Newlon, Chas. L. . . .	"	"	Dec., 1882. .	Dec., 1885.
Nugent, Jas.	"	"	Sept., 1881 .	Sept., 1884.
Potter, L. D.	"	"	August, 1882.	August, 1885.
Ragland, J. D.	"	"	Dec., 1880. .	Dec., 1883.
Rawlings, F. C.	"	"	Dec., 1880. .	Dec., 1883.
Rawlings, R. M.	"	"	Dec., 1880. .	Dec., 1883.
Rigsby, W. C.	"	"	Sept., 1881 .	Sept., 1884.
Stovall, H. F.	"	"	Dec., 1880. .	Dec., 1883.
Smith, T. J.	"	"	August, 1882.	August, 1885.
Valenti, F. J. (re-enl'd)	"	"	Oct., 1879. .	Oct., 1882.
Watt, E. H.	"	"	August, 1882.	August, 1885.
Winans, H. E.	"	"	Dec., 1880. .	Dec., 1883.
Winkleman, J. M. . . .	"	"	Dec., 1880. .	Dec., 1883.

Commissioned Officers, 3; Non-commissioned Officers, 8; Privates, 37; Total, 48.

COMPANY B, FOURTH BATTALION, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

Austin Berry (re-enl'd)	Captain . . .	Owensboro. . .	Oct. 16, 1880.	Oct. 16, 1883.
C. F. Kelly.	1st Lieutenant	"	May 2, 1881 .	May 2, 1884.
W. B. Armendt	2d Lieutenant	"	Oct. 16, 1880.	Oct. 16, 1883.
J. S. Whitehead. . . .	Sergeant. . .	"	Mar. 25, 1881.	Mar. 25, 1884.
J. C. Chism.	"	"	Oct. 16, 1880.	Oct. 16, 1883.
N. O. Ford.	"	"	"	"
F. T. Gunther	"	"	"	"
Ed. Troutman.	Corporal . . .	"	"	"
J. W. Bishop	"	"	"	"
G. W. Gentry	"	"	"	"
E. J. Haley	"	"	"	"
Allan, J. F.	Private	"	"	"
Baer, L. D.	"	"	"	"
Brown, L. A.	"	"	"	"
Binion, W. A.	"	"	Sept. 17, 1881.	Sept. 17, 1884.
Cottrell, Orear.	"	"	Oct. 16, 1880.	Oct. 16, 1883.
Carter, Kev. H.	"	"	Dec. 1, 1882 .	Dec. 1, 1885.

COMPANY B, FOURTH BATTALION, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD—Continued.

Name.	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment.	Expiration of term.
Ford, A. Y.	Private	Owensboro.	Oct. 16, 1880.	Oct. 16, 1883.
Gipe, Fred.	"	"	"	"
Gray, John L.	"	"	Sept. 23, 1881.	Sept. 23, 1884.
Graves, D. U.	"	"	Oct. 16, 1880.	Oct. 16, 1883.
Haney, Chas.	"	"	"	"
Hickman, J. H.	"	"	"	"
Hill, J. J.	"	"	"	"
Haynes, R. E.	"	"	"	"
Miller, H. A.	"	"	"	"
Milne, George	"	"	"	"
Murphy, John	"	"	"	"
Maddox, J. W.	"	"	Mar. 25, 1881.	Mar. 25, 1884.
Maddox, J. L.	"	"	Sept. 29, 1881.	Sept. 29, 1884.
Rudd, W. M.	"	"	Oct. 16, 1880.	Oct. 16, 1883.
Small, J. Y.	"	"	"	"
Wilhoite, J. W.	"	"	"	"
Wile, Ben.	"	"	"	"
Williams, H. A.	"	"	"	"
Whitehead, J. M.	"	"	Mar. 30, 1883.	Mar. 30, 1886.
Yewell, Martin	"	"	Dec. 22, 1882.	Dec. 22, 1885.
Zinsy, J. G.	"	"	Oct. 16, 1880.	Oct. 16, 1883.

Commissioned Officers, 3; Non-commissioned Officers, 8; Privates 27; Total, 38.

COMPANY C, FOURTH BATTALION, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

J. C. Barclay	Captain	Russellville	Mar. 16, 1882.	Mar. 16, 1885.
G. W. Garritson	1st Lieutenant	"	"	"
H. M. Roberts.	2d Lieutenant	"	"	"
M. N. Garritson	Sergeant.	"	Mar. 20, 1882.	Mar. 20, 1885.
D. C. Caldwell	"	"	"	"
C. H. Harrison	"	"	"	"
A. Perry.	"	"	"	"
R. M. Warden.	"	"	"	"
S. Richards	Corporal.	"	"	"
S. G. Long	"	"	"	"
J. E. Rizer	"	"	"	"
Chas. Rhea	"	"	"	"
Ashby, H. C.	Private	"	Mar. 16, 1882.	Mar. 16, 1885.
Bowden, M. B.	"	"	"	"
Brown, J. A.	"	"	"	"
Bibb, J. W.	"	"	"	"
Bartin, Robert	"	"	"	"
Browder, R. F.	"	"	"	"
Caldwell, H. B.	"	"	"	"
Clark, Wm.	"	"	"	"
Dunn, W. W.	"	"	"	"
Evans, J. W.	"	"	"	"
Garritson, E. O.	"	"	"	"
Hardy, R. M.	"	"	"	"
Hill, T. M.	"	"	"	"
Harrison, J. T.	"	"	"	"
Hail, E. A.	"	"	"	"
Hightower, R. A.	"	"	"	"
Lewis, R. D.	"	"	"	"
Morton, M. B.	"	"	"	"
Meador, R. L.	"	"	"	"
Massey, H.	"	"	"	"
Porter, E. H.	"	"	"	"

COMPANY C, FOURTH BATTALION, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD—Continued.

Name.	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment.	Expiration of term.
Perry, E. B.	Private	Russellville, . .	Mar. 16, 1882.	Mar. 16, 1885.
Kene, W. H.	"	"	"	"
Roberts, J. P.	"	"	"	"
Settle, G. A.	"	"	"	"
Sadler, J. R.	"	"	"	"
Sadler, C. R.	"	"	"	"
Stevenson, V. S.	"	"	"	"
Stanley, J. S.	"	"	"	"
Valentine, H. J.	"	"	"	"
Wills, E. B.	"	"	"	"
White, Ed.	"	"	"	"
Rhen, A. G., jr.	"	"	"	"
Pence, Bob.	"	"	"	"
Raghy, Theo.	"	"	"	"
Clark, E. C.	"	"	"	"
Caldwell, D. S.	"	"	"	"
Dunavan, H. R.	"	"	"	"
Ellis, T. M.	"	"	"	"
Linden, S. W.	"	"	"	"
McCulloch, J. W.	"	"	"	"
Price, T. A.	"	"	"	"
Tully, C. H.	"	"	"	"
Welter, C. B.	"	"	"	"
Grubbs, D.	"	"	Mar. 16, 1883.	Mar. 16, 1886.
Dempay, H.	"	"	"	"
Inman, Wm.	"	"	"	"
Cale, J. L.	"	"	"	"
Caldwell, John.	"	"	"	"
Gray, P. R.	"	"	"	"
Bryan, Fred.	"	"	"	"
Simpson, T.	"	"	"	"

Commissioned Officers, 3; Non-commissioned Officers, 9; Privates, 52; Total, 64.

COMPANY D, FOURTH BATTALION, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

W. E. Smith.	Captain	Hopkinsville . .	June 20, 1882.	June 20, 1885.
John R. Green.	1st Lieutenant	"	"	"
Lee Ellis	2d Lieutenant	"	"	"
C. E. Trice	Sergeant	"	"	"
W. S. Feland	"	"	"	"
W. F. Buckner.	"	"	"	"
Clark, H. W.	"	"	"	"
P. H. Ryan	Corporal	"	"	"
C. B. Fuqua.	"	"	"	"
E. R. Cook	"	"	"	"
Buckner, J. C.	"	"	June 27, 1882.	June 27, 1885.
Abernathy, H. H.	Private	"	June 20, 1882.	June 20, 1885.
Barbee, D.	"	"	Aug. 17, 1882.	Aug. 17, 1885.
Burbridge, T. B.	"	"	June 20, 1882.	June 20, 1885.
Burbridge, C. T.	"	"	"	"
Campbell, E. T.	"	"	"	"
Campbell, J. E.	"	"	"	"
Campbell, G. N.	"	"	June 27, 1882.	June 27, 1885.
Clarke, F. H.	"	"	June 20, 1882.	June 20, 1885.
Cooper, W. T.	"	"	"	"
Cooper, J. W.	"	"	"	"
Dagg, H.	"	"	June 27, 1882.	June 27, 1885.
Ellis, J. G.	"	"	June 27, 1882.	June 27, 1885.

COMPANY D, FOURTH BATTALION, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD—Continued.

Name.	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment.	Expiration of term.
Elb, M. L.	Private	Hopkinsville	June 20, 1882.	June 20, 1885.
Feland, John	"	"	"	"
Gary, G. E.	"	"	"	"
Garity, J. F.	"	"	"	"
Gibson, G.	"	"	June 27, 1882.	June 27, 1885.
Henderson, F. F.	"	"	June 27, 1882.	June 27, 1885.
Henry, J.	"	"	June 27, 1882.	June 27, 1885.
Hopper, B.	"	"	June 20, 1882.	June 20, 1885.
Hopper, W. L.	"	"	"	"
Hundly, E. F.	"	"	June 16, 1882.	June 16, 1885.
Hooser, J. M.	"	"	Mar. 21, 1883.	Mar. 21, 1886.
Lacy, C. M.	"	"	June 20, 1882.	June 20, 1885.
McKee, L. H.	"	"	"	"
McCarroll, F. C.	"	"	"	"
Medley, G. E.	"	"	"	"
Merritt, D. H.	"	"	"	"
McDaniel, C. G.	"	"	"	"
Petree, T. N.	"	"	"	"
Phelps, H. A.	"	"	"	"
Richards, J. B.	"	"	"	"
Rust, J. O.	"	"	"	"
Roper, H. R.	"	"	Jan. 16, 1883.	Jan. 16, 1886.
Waller, B.	"	"	June 20, 1882.	June 20, 1885.
West, J. B.	"	"	"	"
Woolridge, F. B.	"	"	"	"
Wade, James	"	"	Feb. 6, 1883.	Feb. 6, 1886.

Commissioned Officers, 3; Non-commissioned Officers, 8; Privates, 38; Total, 49.

COMPANY E, FOURTH BATTALION, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD.

John Lewis	Captain	Glasgow	July 31, 1882.	July 31, 1885.
Thos. Dickinson	1st Lieutenant	"	"	"
W. M. Cockrill	2d Lieutenant	"	"	"
F. M. Tice	Sergeant	"	"	"
D. D. Patelle	"	"	"	"
H. C. King	"	"	"	"
C. A. Shobe	"	"	"	"
A. J. D. Foster	Corporal	"	Aug. 29, 1882.	Aug. 29, 1885.
B. L. Wilson	"	"	July 31, 1882.	July 31, 1885.
W. P. Bybee	"	"	"	"
W. A. Mansfield	"	"	"	"
Ashby, D. M., jr.	Private	"	"	"
Ashby, T.	"	"	"	"
Bales, B. B.	"	"	"	"
Bales, S. L.	"	"	"	"
Bybee, W. E.	"	"	"	"
Buford, G. W.	"	"	"	"
Caldwell, Robert	"	"	"	"
Depp, James	"	"	"	"
Ellis, B. G.	"	"	"	"
Ellison, E. T.	"	"	"	"
Grudy, A. G.	"	"	"	"
Hatcher, Wm.	"	"	"	"
Hatcher, J.	"	"	"	"
Harbison, Jas.	"	"	"	"
Hagan, J. N.	"	"	Aug. 29, 1882.	Aug. 29, 1885.
Hill, Harry	"	"	July 31, 1882.	July 31, 1885.
Leech, Jo. S.	"	"	"	"

COMPANY E, FOURTH BATTALION, KENTUCKY STATE GUARD—Continued.

Name.	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment.	Expiration of term.
McQuown, W. A.	Private	Glasgow	July 31, 1882.	July 31, 1885 .
Pedigo, H.	"	"	"	"
Pall, Wm. D.	"	"	"	"
Russell, J. R.	"	"	"	"
Smith, Ed. V.	"	"	"	"
Smith, H. C.	"	"	"	"
Sanders, Robt.	"	"	"	"
Shobe, H. D.	"	"	"	"
Stout, E. T.	"	"	Aug. 29, 1882.	Aug. 29, 1885.
Taylor, W. E.	"	"	"	"
Williams, E. L.	"	"	"	"
Wilson, T. M.	"	"	July 31, 1882 .	July 31, 1885 .

Commissioned Officers, 3; Non-commissioned Officers, 8; Privates, 29; Total, 40.

LOUISVILLE LIGHT ARTILLERY.

T. S. Evans	Captain	Louisville	Jan. 20, 1875.	Jan. 20, 1884.
C. B. Bly	1st Lieutenant	"	Aug. 27, 1877.	Aug. 27, 1883.
W. K. Evans	1st Lieutenant	"	Sept. 21, 1881.	Sept. 21, 1884.
J. H. Mansir	2d Lieutenant	"	Nov. 7, 1877.	Nov. 7, 1883.
C. F. Huhlein,	Sergeant	"	June 5, 1878 .	June 5, 1884 .
G. S. Bowman	"	"	Aug. 27, 1877.	Aug. 27, 1883.
A. E. Mayers	"	"	April 3, 1878 .	April 3, 1884 .
N. P. Avery	"	"	Nov. 13, 1878.	Nov. 13, 1884.
A. F. German	"	"	Mar. 5, 1879 .	Mar. 5, 1885 .
A. V. Oldham	"	"	May 26, 1878.	May 26, 1884.
Mark Galvin	Corporal	"	July 3, 1880 .	July 3, 1883 .
T. B. Moore	"	"	Dec. 11, 1881.	Dec. 11, 1884.
C. H. Jenkins	"	"	Oct. 4, 1882 .	Oct. 4, 1885 .
C. A. Bentgenback	"	"	Mar. 29, 1882.	Mar. 29, 1885.
Alexander, W. W.	Private	"	July 17, 1880 .	July 17, 1883 .
Anderson, A. P.	"	"	July 15, 1880 .	July 15, 1883 .
Anderson, H. W.	"	"	July 10, 1880 .	July 10, 1883 .
Brent, J. L.	"	"	April 5, 1881.	April 5, 1884.
Blatz, J.	"	"	June 23, 1880 .	June 23, 1883 .
Babey, J.	"	"	Nov. 8, 1882 .	Nov. 8, 1885 .
Brannon, B. A.	"	"	Nov. 22, 1882 .	Nov. 22, 1885 .
Cowar, Edw.	"	"	Jan. 17, 1883 .	Jan. 17, 1886 .
Dobson, W. P.	"	"	Aug. 30, 1879 .	Aug. 30, 1885 .
Dick, A. P.	"	"	Oct. 28, 1882 .	Oct. 28, 1885 .
Duke, A.	"	"	Oct. 28, 1882 .	Oct. 28, 1885 .
Elrod, W. L.	"	"	April 26, 1882 .	April 26, 1885 .
Elrod, C. H.	"	"	May 3, 1882 .	May 3, 1885 .
Fowler, D. Y.	"	"	June 29, 1880 .	June 29, 1883 .
Griffith, G. W.	"	"	Mar. 26, 1879 .	Mar. 26, 1885 .
Garrett, J. L.	"	"	July 7, 1880 .	July 7, 1883 .
Gosley, L. B.	"	"	July 14, 1880 .	July 14, 1883 .
Heffernan, J. W.	"	"	May 5, 1880 .	May 5, 1883 .
Harney, S. T.	"	"	April 26, 1882 .	April 26, 1885 .
Hollingsworth, J.	"	"	Mar. 5, 1879 .	Mar. 5, 1885 .
Haddox, J. O.	"	"	May 5, 1880 .	May 5, 1883 .
Harris, W. D.	"	"	Oct. 25, 1882 .	Oct. 25, 1885 .
Hall, O. V.	"	"	Jan. 10, 1883 .	Jan. 10, 1886 .
Kirby, J. D.	"	"	June 12, 1880 .	June 12, 1883 .
Lynch, G. S.	"	"	April 26, 1882 .	April 26, 1885 .
Mathus, H. L.	"	"	July 14, 1880 .	July 14, 1883 .
Morton, John	"	"	Sept. 27, 1882 .	Sept. 27, 1885 .
Maxwell, Jas.	"	"	Aug. 23, 1882 .	Aug. 23, 1885 .

LOUISVILLE LIGHT ARTILLERY—Continued.

Name.	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment.	Expiration of term.
McGlenn, E. C.	Private	Louisville	July 7, 1880.	July 7, 1883.
McCleery, J. W.	"	"	April 27, 1880	April 27, 1886.
McCullough, A. C.	"	"	July 3, 1880.	July 3, 1883.
Norris, C. M.	"	"	Feb. 19, 1881.	Feb. 19, 1884.
Maxwell, E. N.	"	"	Aug. 23, 1882.	Aug. 23, 1885.
Palmer, G. G.	"	"	April 24, 1878	April 24, 1884.
Paul, James.	"	"	Sept. 27, 1882.	Sept. 27, 1885.
Rankin, R. C.	"	"	Oct. 28, 1882.	Oct. 28, 1885.
Skeely, Thos.	"	"	April 26, 1882.	April 26, 1885.
Seitz, N. J.	"	"	May 3, 1882.	May 3, 1885.
Sweeney, J. J.	"	"	June 23, 1880.	June 23, 1883.
Struby, H., jr.	"	"	"	"
Smyser, L. B.	"	"	June 29, 1880.	June 29, 1883.
Schardine, B. F.	"	"	Nov. 1, 1882.	Nov. 1, 1885.
Turner, C. F.	"	"	Oct. 18, 1882.	Oct. 18, 1885.
Vanarsdale, J. H.	"	"	Aug. 27, 1877.	Aug. 27, 1883.
Weaver, B. C.	"	"	July 3, 1880.	July 3, 1883.
Wortham, C. L.	"	"	Nov. 8, 1882.	Nov. 8, 1885.

Commissioned Officers, 4; Non-commissioned Officers, 10; Privates, 46; Total, 60.

BULLITT LIGHT ARTILLERY.

Rhey Boyd	Captain	Paducah	Oct. 15, 1882.	Oct. 15, 1885.
C. O. Wilcox	1st Lieutenant	"	"	"
W. M. Bliss	2d Lieutenant	"	"	"
W. H. Steele	"	"	"	"
A. M. Hardy	Sergeant	"	"	"
M. W. Johnson	"	"	"	"
Chas. Halloran	"	"	"	"
Chas. Weille	"	"	"	"
Rev. Geo. Rogers	Chaplain	"	"	"
N. B. Jackson	Corporal	"	Oct. 15, 1882.	Oct. 15, 1885.
Linn Orme	"	"	"	"
W. R. Melton	"	"	"	"
Given Fowler	"	"	"	"
C. J. Pierce	Surgeon	"	"	"
S. H. Singleton	Color-bearer	"	"	"
Halloran, F. M.	Private	"	"	"
Wallace, G. C.	"	"	"	"
Wheeler, C. K.	"	"	"	"
Husbands, C.	"	"	"	"
Van Culin, D. L.	"	"	"	"
Yeiser, P. D.	"	"	"	"
McConnell, J. B.	"	"	"	"
Dallam, I. S.	"	"	"	"
Wahl, J. L.	"	"	"	"
Perkins, W. S.	"	"	"	"
Steele, Norton	"	"	"	"
Van Culin, J. H.	"	"	"	"
Nix, W. M.	"	"	"	"
Weil, H. L.	"	"	"	"
Prestwood, H. M.	"	"	"	"
Rheinhardt, W. F.	"	"	"	"
Hillman, A. J.	"	"	"	"
Bishop, J. T.	"	"	"	"
Jagness, J. C.	"	"	"	"
Wood, Joseph	"	"	"	"
Spillman, C. W.	"	"	"	"

BULLITT LIGHT ARTILLERY—Continued.

Name.	Rank.	Location.	Date of enlistment.	Expiration of term.
Warren, C. D.	Private	Paducah	Oct. 15, 1882.	Oct. 15, 1885.
Morgan, J. H.	"	"	"	"
Rivers, Geo. L.	"	"	"	"
Howell, W. R.	"	"	"	"
Maher, Ed.	"	"	"	"
Thomas, P.	"	"	"	"
Collissi, R. C.	"	"	"	"
Winchester, F.	"	"	"	"

Commissioned Officers, 4; Non-commissioned Officers, 8; Privates, 29; Total, 44.

NOTE.—Taken from quarterly returns of Oct. 31st, 1882. Quarterly due March 31st has not been received.

GOVERNOR'S LIGHT ARTILLERY.

J. B. Veach	Captain	Frankfort	Nov. 29, 1882.	Nov. 29, 1885.
Frank Graham	1st Lieutenant	"	Nov. 29, 1882.	Nov. 29, 1885.
J. S. Evans	Sergeant	"	Jan. 21, 1883.	Jan. 21, 1886.
H. Gray	"	"	Nov. 29, 1882.	Nov. 29, 1885.
J. P. Williams	"	"	"	"
C. E. Noonan	"	"	"	"
Clarence Egbert	"	"	"	"
Butler, J.	Private	"	"	"
Callahan, Ed.	"	"	"	"
Crutcher, Ed.	"	"	"	"
Flynn, C.	"	"	April 4, 1883.	April 4, 1886.
Gayle, H.	"	"	Nov. 29, 1882.	Nov. 29, 1885.
Graham, S.	"	"	Jan. 23, 1883.	Jan. 23, 1886.
Jillson, R.	"	"	Nov. 29, 1883.	Nov. 29, 1886.
Joyce, Thomas A.	"	"	Nov. 29, 1883.	Nov. 29, 1886.
Merchant, H.	"	"	Jan. 23, 1883.	Jan. 23, 1886.
Stevens, C.	"	"	Jan. 23, 1883.	Jan. 23, 1886.
Stevens, E.	"	"	Jan. 23, 1883.	Jan. 23, 1886.
Stevens, H.	"	"	Mar. 24, 1883.	Mar. 24, 1886.
Stevens, J.	"	"	Nov. 29, 1882.	Nov. 29, 1885.
Stevens, L.	"	"	Mar. 4, 1883.	Mar. 4, 1886.
Stevens, M.	"	"	Nov. 29, 1882.	Nov. 29, 1885.
Whitehouse, J.	"	"	Nov. 29, 1882.	Nov. 29, 1885.
Williams, L.	"	"	Nov. 29, 1882.	Nov. 29, 1885.
Wade, R.	"	"	Dec. 20, 1882.	Dec. 20, 1885.
Noel, J.	"	"	Mar. 24, 1883.	Mar. 24, 1886.

Commissioned Officers, 2; Non-commissioned Officers, 5; Privates, 19; Total, 26.

ARMS AND AMMUNITION, ORDINANCE AND QUARTER-MASTER'S STORES IN THE STATE ARSENAL AND MAGAZINE.

- 1,000 breech-loading Springfield rifles, calibre 50.
- 215 breech-loading Springfield rifles, calibre 45.
- 156 Ballard rifles, calibre 46.
- 78 Spencer carbines, calibre 50.
- 56 muzzle-loading muskets, calibre 56.
- 10,000 metallic cartridges, calibre 50.
- 20,000 metallic cartridges, calibre 45.
- 2,000 metallic blank cartridges, calibre 50.
 - 70 blank cartridges for 3-inch cannon.
 - 14 6-pound percussion shells.
 - 662 spherical case shot for 3-inch cannon.
 - 80 3-inch canister (fixed).
 - 220 3-inch percussion shells.
 - 100 3-inch case shot.
 - 110 fuse shell (old).
 - 10 12-pound fixed shells.
 - 50 24-pound siege gun shells.
 - 152 12-pound canister.
 - 94 12-pound spherical shells.
 - 84 6-pound conical fuse shells.
 - 90 rounds solid shot.
 - 90 3-inch shell (new).
- 850 sets infantry accoutrements, new style.
- 1,398 sets infantry accoutrements, old style.
 - 7 officers' swords, nickel plated.
- 250 artillery sabres.
- 150 cavalry sabres.
 - 10 non-commissioned officers' swords.
- 114 tents, with flies, poles, and pins.
 - 1 marquee.
- 60 blankets.
- 7 camp-stools.
- 2 tarpaulins.
- 1 black-smith's forge, anvil, and vise.
- 1 hand-saw.
- 4 sets artillery harness (old).
- 1 brace and bits.
- 1 hatchet.
- 5 monkey-wrenches
- 2 stoves.
- 4 spades.
- 2 shovels
- 2 hoes.

- 20 shell-wrenches.
- 1 grindstone.
- 1 army platform scales.
- 1 foot rule.
- 1 pair hand-scales.
- 3 pair trucks.
- 1 pair compasses.
- 41 cavalry sabres, belts, and plates.
- 250 cavalry blankets.
- 400 sets infantry accoutrements, complete.
- 12 cavalry saddles.
- 40 overcoats.
- 2 sponge buckets.
- 4 gunners' gimlets.
- 18 lanyards.
- 2 pendulum hauser for 6-inch gun.
- 1 pendulum hauser seat for 6-inch gun.
- 2 pendulum pouches.
- 4 prolongs.
- 10 priming wires.
- 10 sponge and rammer, 3-inch gun.
- 10 sponge and rammer, 6-inch gun.
- 2 sponge covers, 3-inch gun.
- 4 sponge covers, 6-inch gun.
- 6 thumb-stalls.
- 6 tow hooks.
- 4 tube pouches.
- 2 vent covers.
- 4 vent pouches.